

Ford seek end to strike with new pay offer

By Tim Jones

- The Ford strike could be called off after pressure on British management from the parent company in America
- Pressure on union leaders to settle was also intense, and a new offer is likely to be presented today
- Union leaders at Land-Rover sanctioned strike action from Sunday after rejecting a pay deal
- Pay talks at Vauxhall in Luton were thrown into confusion when unions voted different ways on an offer

The damaging strike by 32,500 workers at Ford could be called off later this week after pressure from the parent company in Detroit for British management to back down from plans to impose a three-year pay deal.

As Ford appeared to be heading for a settlement, union leaders at Land-Rover decided to sanction strike action from next Sunday after the rejection of a two-year, 14 per cent pay deal. Mr Tony Gilroy, the company's managing director, said the decision was "the saddest day of my industrial career".

At Ford, a senior union official said that executives in the US were prepared to allow the Dagenham-based management team to take on the workforce in its attempt to impose Japanese-style work practices, but became "horrified" as the dispute threatened its entire European operation at an estimated cost in lost production of £40m a day.

Pressure on union leaders to settle is also intense, with the Transport and General Workers' Union and the Amalgamated Engineering Union committed to paying £400,000 and £140,000 in strike pay respectively.

The company is today expected to offer a two-year pay deal worth 7 per cent this year and 2.5 per cent plus inflation linking next year. Crucially, union leaders believe Ford will modify its plans for a radical change in work practices by dropping its insistence that skilled craftsmen should undertake unskilled work on the assembly line.

Ford management, however, will continue to maintain that a two-year pay deal cannot be conceded without a commitment from the unions that demarcation lines must be breached by the introduction of more flexible working practices.

The initiative for the Ford breakthrough came after secret talks between Mr John Hougham, Ford personnel director, Mr Ron Todd of the TGWU, and Mr Bill Jordan, president of the AEU. After the initial contact, Mr Mick Murphy, chairman of the Ford National Joint Negotiating Committee, and Mr Jimmy Airlie of the AEU became involved.

Addressing shop stewards in Liverpool at the weekend, Mr Airlie said: "I have no crystal ball to work out how long the strike will last but unless the company has a quick rethink and comes to its senses then Ford's prominence and reputation in Europe and at home will deteriorate quickly".

He added: "The strike has made it clear to management that the length of its proposed contract agreement and the efficiency levels attached to it were totally unacceptable".

Production stoppages at all Ford plants in Britain has been costing the company more than £20 million a day, but that figure has doubled because of the effects on the European operation.

At Genk, in Belgium, 9,700 workers have been laid off at the Sierra and Transit plant; in West Germany, workers at Duren, Saarlouis and Cologne

faced similar problems; and plants in Portugal and Spain were faced with serious shortages of UK-supplied components.

At today's talks, the union side will also seek guarantees from the company that its will maintain the "headcount" and will drop plans to reduce the workforce by 3,000.

Agreement to hold today's talks were announced after a meeting in London of the Ford National Joint Negotiating Committee.

After the decision by union officials at Land-Rover, the company called for a second vote among the workforce to be held. A spokesman for the company said they believed that when they voted to reject the offer, the workers believed they were merely acting to strengthen the hand of negotiators.

Mr Gilroy has said the offer was "fair and final" and that strike action would not lead to more money being offered. Although the company has considerably improved its trading position, unlike Ford, it is not in a strong position to withstand a damaging and prolonged loss of production.

On a turn-over of about £200 million for the first half of the current financial year, its pre-tax trading profit was

£7 million. Mr Gilroy warned the strike would jeopardise all the company had fought to achieve over the last five years.

At Vauxhall's plant in Luton, pay talks have been thrown into confusion after members of the transport union voted by 951 to 936 to reject a two-year deal worth between 11 per cent and 14 per cent while members of the AEU voted six-to-four in favour.

Mr Mick Longley, AEU convenor at the plant, said: "There will now have to be a lot of hard work from both the union and management side to get this sorted out".

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The new boy arrives early



Prince Edward complete with tea bags arriving for work (Photograph: Denzil McNeelance).

Theatre is Prince's cup of tea

By Alan Hamilton

Prince Edward arrived for his first day as a West End theatrical production assistant yesterday clutching a box of tea bags, a clear sign that he understands the most vital duty of those who start at the bottom of any profession.

The Queen's youngest son, who is aged 23, was 10 minutes early at the Palace Theatre in Cambridge Circus, the headquarters of Mr Andrew Lloyd Webber's Really Useful Company, which has given the Prince his much-desired break at a salary reported to be £10,000 a year.

Prince Edward retains his Civil List allowance of £20,000 a year.

Staff have been asked to treat him like any other employee, but few theatrical hopefuls arrive in an official limousine, have a rose presented by an admirer in the crowd in front of a jostling battery of cameras, and have a personal detective in permanent attendance. Nor do they have the building searched by police with sniffer dogs.

Prince Edward is not expected to take to the stage in any of the immensely successful Lloyd Webber productions. Instead, he will have an unglamorous role backstage, handling organization, paperwork — and tea.

Howe goes into attack over size of Soviet forces

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, took the offensive on arms control yesterday, castigating the Kremlin for a lack of *glasnost* about the size of its conventional forces and spelling out Britain's refusal to include its nuclear arsenal in current negotiations on cutting strategic missiles.

During more than five hours of talks with Mr Edward Shevardnadze, his Soviet counterpart, and in a hard-hitting speech, Sir Geoffrey also demanded that the Soviet Union work towards establishing a new representative

government in Kabul if and when its 115,000 troops leave Afghanistan.

Sir Geoffrey, who will today press home personally Mrs Thatcher's invitation to Mr Gorbachev to visit London later this year, also staunchly defended the right of Nato countries to modernize their nuclear forces in the face of what Whitehall detects as a Kremlin propaganda campaign to halt this.

Referring to the British deterrent, Sir Geoffrey spelled out the Government's determination to hold Mr Gorbachev

to his word, given in Iceland in 1986, and refuse to be sucked in to the negotiations between Moscow and Washington on cutting strategic nuclear arsenals by half.

Sir Geoffrey said: "No one should mistake this for passionate attachment to nuclear weapons for their own sake. Nuclear weapons are a means to an end, and that end is peace... that is why we attach so much importance to our deterrent."

Turning to conventional weapons, Sir Geoffrey lambasted the Soviet side for blocking progress at the Mutual Balance Force Reduction (MBFR) talks in Vienna, which have now dragged on for more than 15 years, by refusing to acknowledge Moscow's "massive superiority" in conventional arms.

"This has blocked the way to progress in the MBFR. It has a huge impact on how Western public opinion views the Soviet Union. We publish our defence figures every year. You do not publish yours. Why not?"

Despite Sir Geoffrey's criticisms, officials cited the atmosphere of the visit as a sign of further consolidation of improvements in Anglo-Soviet relations.

Israelis celebrate mine attack on PLO ferry

From Ian Murray, Jerusalem

Israel is clearly pleased that a hole has been blown in the car ferry Sol Phryne in Limassol harbour, Cyprus, putting out of action the 6,115-ton ship in which 130 deported Palestinians, together with journalists and observers, were to have sailed for Israel under the aegis of the PLO.

But officials skirted around questions of direct Israeli involvement in the incident.

"It's certainly something that people felt needed doing," a senior official said yesterday. "It's war we're involved in, it's not playing about."

Ship crippled, page 9

Waldheim tells Austria he has no need to quit

From Richard Bassett, Vienna

President Waldheim of Austria told the nation last night that he refused to resign over the controversial report on his wartime activities, and suggested that he might sue those who had "defamed" him.

In a five-minute broadcast Dr Waldheim said that he would not contemplate any "premature departure from office".

"You, my dear Austrians, have elected me with a convincing majority for a period of six years. Thus it is no longer a question just of my personality but a question of democracy."

"It is a fundamental principle of a democracy that an election result cannot be subsequently corrected."

Suggesting that he would take legal steps against those who had "defamed" him, Dr Waldheim insisted that he would "act decisively" against those who had claimed to have proof that he was a war criminal.

Sources close to the president said last night that legal action against the West German magazine *Der Spiegel* for publishing a telegram purporting to link Dr Waldheim to the deportation of civilians would be announced soon.

In a thinly-veiled reference to the threat by Chancellor Franz Vranitzky that he would resign if the Waldheim controversy did not calm down, Dr Waldheim warned that such talk threatened Austrian stability.

"I appeal to all, especially those with political responsibilities, not to pour oil on troubled waters. They should place their state before their party," Dr Waldheim said.

In a display of controlled but convincing emotion Dr Waldheim vigorously criticized those who had accused him in the past. "My accusers have not stopped at anything. They have manipulated, lied and faked. They have called me a murderer, a war criminal and a liar. Without mercy I have been interrogated from day to day about events which occurred more than 40 years ago."

Appealing to the Austrian post-war tradition of consensus, Dr Waldheim said: "It is for me to place what unites us above that which divides us. I shall continue to seek peace with those who are offended and those who have pursued me with hatred in their hearts."

But the president emphasized: "A head of state cannot and should not weaken in the face of calumny, hate-filled demonstrations and unreasonable condemnation. Such a weakening would only weaken our state."

Despite his reiteration of what has now become his standard defence against those who have accused him, Dr Waldheim none the less conceded certain points about the way he had handled his past.

For the first time he said

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INSIDE

Lessons for life

● Who was the first man on the moon? What is a byte? For a major series on educational reform, starting today, *The Times* compiled 100 questions and put them to school leavers. The results make intriguing reading Page 12

IN PART 2

Bell eighth

Martin Bell skied the race of his life to gain eighth place in the Winter Olympics downhill. Pirmin Zurbriggen, Swiss favourite, snatched the gold medal from Peter Mueller, with Franck Piccard, of France, third. Page 44

Share inquiry

The Stock Exchange is investigating a sharp rise in the share price of Strylo Shoes, a long-standing takeover target. Page 23

Gas purchase

British Gas is paying £300 million for control of a New Zealand state-owned oil and gas company. Page 23

Horse power

An investigation by *The Times* into the bodies which control horse racing, the Levy Board and the Jockey club is published today. Page 40

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New hope for 600,000 jobless

By Robin Oakley, Political Editor

Ministers believe that the number of unemployed in Britain can be reduced dramatically by a training scheme to be unveiled to MPs today by Mr Norman Fowler, Secretary of State for Employment.

A survey conducted for the Department of Employment, the results of which will be released with the White Paper on training to be published today shows that there are 700,000 job vacancies in any one month in Britain, compared with only 250,000 available through Jobcentres.

Ministers believe that by tailoring training more effectively to employers' needs

through the new £1.5 billion schemes, they can help as many as 600,000 people a year back to work.

Unemployment is running at around 2.6 million, having come down from 600,000 over the past 18 months. Some of the biggest falls have been in the North-west, the West Midlands and Wales.

Ministers are particularly heartened that the new survey shows that vacancies are spread around the country and not concentrated in London and the South East.

Along with the new training scheme the Government plans to run two big advertising

campaigns in national newspapers to help the unemployed back to work.

One set of advertisements will be designed to set out to unemployed people the benefits which they can continue to collect when in work, such as Family Income Supplement, soon to become the Family Credit system. Too many unemployed people believe that they will lose all their benefits on taking up a job and are reluctant to do so.

The second campaign, a more radical departure from past practice, will be to advertise to employers on behalf of the unemployed. Ministers

Continued on page 22, col 1

Bush beats about for answer to wimp factor

From Frank Johnson, Merrimack, New Hampshire

The US presidential drama is now focused on the fate of Vice-President George Bush.

It was not always so. For months, it looked as if he were going to win easily. But by yesterday, he had about him the air of gentlemanly panic which has marked his campaigning since the opinion polls began to turn against him eight days ago. That was when New Hampshire learned that, in the Iowa caucuses, he had been beaten — not just by Iowa's neighbour, the Kansas senator, Mr Robert Dole — but by the Rev Pat Robertson.

The generally accepted view here is that it is all to do with the idea that Mr Bush is a "wimp" — a word of

indeterminate meaning in US politics. What it seems to mean is that a man is not tough enough. What, on inspection, it really means is that he is not disagreeable enough — disagreeable, that is, not to voters, but to conventional targets such as Washington civil servants, foreign terrorists, or rivals.

So the well brought-up Mr Bush has spent these last few days jumping on and off snow ploughs wearing a variety of lorry drivers' caps and — worse — eating the calorie-rich cuisine in a variety of lorry drivers' restaurants.

Yesterday morning, one day after a poll in *The Boston Globe* put Senator Dole slightly in the lead for the first time, Mr Bush found that the *Boston Herald* had done the same. Mr Dole led Mr Bush by one point — 32 per

cent to 31 per cent. The three conservatives, Mr Robertson, Representative Jack Kemp, and the former Governor of Delaware, Mr Pete du Pont, were bunched together, each at 8 to 9 per cent. Eight days ago, in the same poll, Mr Bush was nine points ahead of Mr Dole.

Their contest was last night so close that it was impossible to tell who would win.

It was being said that the Vice-President had been harmed by his lack of "vision". One could see why this might harm him against the preacher, Mr Robertson. If the Republican nomination comes down to a contest at seeing visions, Mr Robertson will presumably be a hard man to beat. But Mr Dole is hardly a visionary.

Perhaps it is Mr Bush's prosaic

reaction to his lack of vision which has caused the problem. Just as he — and most other American politicians — would talk about "the deficit thing" or "the IMF thing", so Mr Bush mechanically refers to "the vision thing" as if visions were topics like any other on which a politician should have a position.

Presumably, his campaign strategist told him he had a problem with the vision thing. But there was no need for him to go around in public mentioning that "the vision thing" was something he must overcome. After a while, Mr Bush came to resemble a character in Edgar Allan Poe — or at least the works of the best-selling horror writer, Stephen King — writers whose grim tales are often set in New

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NEWS ROUNDUP

Police move on mortgage inquiry

A special team of police officers has been set up in Bristol to investigate further alleged mortgage frauds in the West of England.

Solicitors and estate agents are being questioned about the sale of at least 40 expensive country properties. The cases are said to stretch from Devon to Gloucester. The alleged swindles are said to be "unrelated" and many professional people are being investigated.

The new inquiry follows an alleged £3 million mortgage fraud centred on Bristol said to involve cheaper houses.

A number of solicitors and estate agents were arrested in dawn raids last October and bailed on charges of conspiring to defraud a building society or other financial institutions.

Yesterday 44 men and women were remanded in their absence by Bristol magistrates until April 19.

Vote on hanging

MPs will have the opportunity this spring to vote on the restoration of capital punishment for murder.

Mr Roger Gale, Conservative MP for North Thanet, said he and other MPs would be tabling an amendment to the Criminal Justice Bill giving the courts the right to impose capital punishment for all kinds of murder, leaving the jury to recommend and the judge to determine what sentence should be passed.

This will be the first time the new Parliament has voted on the issue.

Witness killed

A prostitute who was due to give evidence at an attempted murder trial has been found stabbed to death.

The body of Lynette White, aged 20, was found on Sunday in a Cardiff flat.

She had been due to give evidence at Cardiff Crown Court in the case of Francine Maria Cordle, aged 23, of Bute Street, Cardiff, who denies attempting to murder a prostitute.

After hearing of Miss White's death yesterday, Judge Roch discharged the jury and ordered a retrial.

Broadcast on benefits

Advice and information about changes in the social security benefits system will be broadcast by BBC Radio 1 at the end of this month.

The campaign *Who Benefits?* will explain changes in the benefits system which come into effect on April 1. A phone-in service will also be provided.

Mr Johnny Beertling, controller of Radio 1, said a large part of the station's young audience would be affected by the replacement of supplementary benefit with a new form of income support.

Cathedral appeal

Worcester Cathedral yesterday launched a restoration appeal for £10 million. Much of the medieval structure is held together with twine, it has been disclosed.

When it was last restored more than 100 years ago money ran out and some of the decaying stone work was merely rendered and held in place with twine tied to screws.

An initial £4 million is sought, which will be invested to generate the balance required to restore the masonry over 15 years. The 19th tower is otherwise in danger of collapsing.

Award over Aids bias

A homosexual who claimed he was dismissed because fellow workers were afraid of catching Aids, has won his legal fight against wrongful dismissal.

Mr Michael Buck, aged 45, a former cinema projectionist, of Willow Grove, Harrogate, accepted £2,000 damages in an out-of-court settlement.

He said after his appeal in London was formally allowed on undisclosed settlement terms, that he had not wanted his job back at the Letchworth Palace cinema in Hertfordshire, where he had worked for 17 years before he was dismissed in November 1986. He moved to Yorkshire and was still looking for work.

Engineers make new robot arm

By Robert Matthews
Technology Correspondent

Humans may soon be relieved of the task of looking after the world's bridges, after a breakthrough by British robot engineers.

Slingsby Engineering of Kirkcubright, North Yorkshire, claimed yesterday to have built a robot arm which has greater dexterity than the human arm.

Capable of moving in nine different ways, two more than the human arm, the automated limb is set to revolutionize the use of robots in industry.

Mr Andrew Taylor, chief robotics engineer, said that the breakthrough came during work for an American oil exploration company. The firm wanted a robot arm capable of "extreme dexterity", enabling it to work in confined spaces, inspecting and cleaning drilling equipment at sea.

The design team gave the arm two more wrists than its human counterpart, enabling it to double back on itself. Code-named the TA-33, it has a reach of 5 ft 9 in, and can manoeuvre a load of more than five stones deep underwater.

Set up on one side of a bridge, the robot could inspect, clean and paint all areas in all weathers, Mr Taylor said. Its operation would be controlled by engineers using a miniaturized version of the arm, the movement of which is mimicked by the arm on-site.

By David Smith
Economics Correspondent

Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, could embark on an indefinite programme of tax reductions if he launches a sustained attack on tax relief and tax-free perks in the March 15 Budget.

Tax relief on pensions costs the Exchequer an annual £10 billion, while mortgage interest relief amounts to £4.75 billion and lost revenue from company cars to £1.1 billion. Scrapping these would provide Mr Lawson with incentive to cut the basic rate of income tax in stages by 10p in the pound, or to replace higher tax rates with a single rate of 20p in the pound.

However, this is unlikely. A move against tax relief which has en-

Alarm over rise in paramilitary kneecappings

By John Cooney

Kneecapping, a punishment long practised by the Irish Republican Army, is rising dramatically in Northern Ireland.

Security authorities in Belfast are alarmed at the increase in what are termed "punishment shootings" and that "Loyalist" paramilitaries seem to be adopting the tactic. There were 124 kneecappings last year, compared to 74 in 1986.

The IRA has used kneecapping since the 1920s to demonstrate that it can "police" local communities.

Crimes deemed to warrant kneecapping range from burglary to mugging. Victims of kneecapping are often frightened to talk of their ordeal. They fear a second visit, and are convinced they are always under surveillance.

Sean had committed his crimes in

One, who agreed to talk to *The Times*, insisted on anonymity. "Sean" was a petty criminal by the time he was 17. He specialized in stealing radios and cassette players from Belfast shops.

He thought he knew the risks: probation, perhaps, for the first offence; a few months in youth custody or, if he was unlucky, jail later on.

That was 13 years ago, and Sean's career in petty crime is now at an end. It was not the police or judiciary who ended it but three hooded men who knocked on his door one night in 1974 as he watched television with his mother at his West Belfast home. The men were members of the IRA.

Sean had committed his crimes in

a staunchly Catholic working class area. He had also chosen to ignore a friend's advice that his activities had attracted the attention of paramilitaries. The local IRA brigade had already met to discuss his case. Their verdict: he was to be kneecapped.

Two of the men grabbed him and held him face down on the settee. The third pulled out a gun and carefully shot him twice in the back joints of both legs. Then, without a word, they left.

Sean was in an operating theatre at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast, for more than two hours as doctors battled to save his legs.

The bullets didn't find their mark and smash his kneecaps, but hit the joints which, with extensive and

meticulous surgery, could be repaired.

For six months afterwards Sean was housebound. It was another six months before he could walk again. Sean suffered nightmares for years and spent many hours with psychiatrists.

There was little sympathy from the local community. In an area where everyone knows everybody else's business, Sean became the butt of a great deal of personal abuse, and eventually, the housing executive had to move his family to another estate.

Sean is now married, with three children. He works in a city centre shop and walks with a permanent limp.

His sole ambition is to save

enough money to emigrate. The limp marks him out as an IRA victim, and he can never form friendships or win the trust of strangers.

Many kneecapping victims are unable to walk at all. The paramilitaries have various ways of inflicting their "punishment", with sawn-off shotguns, pistols, revolvers, concrete blocks, bricks, sledgehammers, pickaxe handles, hurley sticks, baseball bats, iron bars and even nails.

Taking cars for joyrides, an increasing crime in Belfast, has attracted the attention of the paramilitaries. So many youths have been kneecapped for stealing cars in the last 12 months that one local spot where victims are taken has been dubbed "Kneecap Alley".

Higher charges for private patients in NHS hospitals

By Jill Sherman, Social Services Correspondent

The Government yesterday issued a list of new charges for private patients treated under the National Health Service. It will allow health authorities to increase charges by more than 6 per cent.

The guideline figures are only expected to cover hospital costs. Under guidance issued last year authorities can set their own charges; they are still not allowed to make a profit but legal changes to allow hospitals to profit from NHS pay beds are currently going through Parliament.

The new charges are on average 6.3 per cent higher than last year. However, the price of a single room in a psychiatric hospital has risen from £70 per night to £85, an increase of 21.4 per cent.

Charges in the more competitive acute sector have been held down and the model figures suggest that London teaching hospitals should raise prices by only 3.2 per cent - to £226 per night - while provincial teaching hospitals should charge an extra 4.6 per cent.

The Government has also suggested significant rises in

charges for clinical support specialties, such as radiography (8 per cent), physiotherapy (10) and occupational therapy (21). Consultation charges go up by 7.7 per cent.

Announcing the new prices last night, Mr Tony Newton, the health minister, said that each authority should set new charges on April 1. "They will do so either by setting their own charges to recover costs or by adopting a centrally-calculated list of model charges."

The announcement came as hospitals prepared for today's day of action, coordinated by the Confederation of Health Service Employees, which is likely to involve between 2,000 and 3,000 nurses and other NHS staff.

Staff in up to 20 hospitals in London and the South-east, where strike ballots have been held, plan to walk out for 24 hours. The most severe action tomorrow will be in the south eastern district of London, which also includes Kent and East Sussex.

Some COHSE branches are concentrating on demonstra-

tions rather than walk-outs, and yesterday duty nurses and health workers handed out leaflets outside Great Ormond Street Hospital for Sick Children.

COHSE's south eastern regional secretary, Mr John Jaggan, said that pickets and demonstrations would be mounted outside the hospital gates. Shorter walk-outs, marches and rallies are planned elsewhere, including Maidstone, Eastbourne and Brighton.

Mr Jaggan promised that patients would not suffer as a result of the industrial action.

COHSE has around 22,000 members in the capital's hospitals - 15,000 qualified and unqualified nurses and 7,000 other workers.

The COHSE members at hospitals in other London regions are also planning to join the day of protest, which will culminate in a march, involving up to 1,000 NHS staff, ending in a rally at Lambeth Town Hall where a rally will take place.

Second heart boy is dead

By Craig Seton

A second child has died at Birmingham Children's Hospital after undergoing heart surgery that had been postponed because of a shortage of intensive care nurses.

Scott Kimberley, aged 16 months, died within hours of Matthew Collier, aged four, in the hospital's intensive care unit on Sunday. Matthew died 33 days after undergoing a 10-hour heart operation that had been postponed three times.

His parents had sought a High Court order in an unsuccessful attempt to force the hospital to bring forward his operation.

The two children, who occupied adjoining beds in the ward, were among more than 100 children on the hospital's waiting list for heart surgery which had grown because there were not enough trained nurses.

Scott Kimberley, from Bromsgrove, Hereford and Worcester, suffered from a heart and valve defect. His operation, also postponed three times since September, was carried out on January 16.

However, according to his family, he was released from intensive care after only four days and was re-admitted last

week after developing a serious lung complaint.

Mrs Julie Kimberley, aged 20, his mother, was with him when he died.

Mr Ted Etheridge, Mrs Kimberley's father, said the child "was turned away three times because there were not enough beds".

Yesterday Young at Heart, an organization representing the parents of children awaiting heart surgery at the hospital, staged a march to the offices of the West Midlands Regional Health Authority to protest about the delays in surgery.

Man in the news

Defender of the air lanes

By Harvey Elliott, Air Correspondent

Mr Keith Mack, Controller of National Air Traffic Services, remained sanguine yesterday in the face of an unprecedented vote of no confidence made against him by trade union representatives.

"I would be very bitter and disillusioned if I felt that the controllers themselves felt the same way", he said yesterday after a weekend of listening to complaints from the Institute of Professional Civil Servants against his management and leadership. "But I believe the men who are doing the job do not feel that way."

"The trouble is the meeting at which the vote was taken is attended by trade union activists, and their leader - who claims he cannot discuss safety issues with me - has never been an air traffic controller."

Mr Mack, aged 55, is sticking to his views that air travel is as safe as it can possibly be made, and will not discuss technical changes in the way the system is managed with those who are not air traffic controllers.

"I was a member of the

union for 20 years", he said. "I know the problems and the pressures which air traffic controllers work under. I am fighting tooth and nail to make sure we have a safe and reliable system. But many of the questions we need to address are highly complex and, although I am talking constantly to air traffic controllers, I regard the trade union role as one of negotiation, pay and conditions and not detailed safety and technical matters."

Mr Mack was told by a colleague of the vote against him by 56 union delegates to the IPCS air traffic controllers' branch meeting in Stockholm.

"I was staggered at first but I am determined not to alter my determination to work for the people at the sharp end - the controllers."

He claims he has had many calls of support from individual controllers.

More traffic in the air, more airlines flying, more aircraft and more passengers are the problems, he says. Time is needed to create additional

facilities and resources to ensure that they are safe.

He is determined to put a limit on the number of aircraft which can enter British airspace at any one time by instituting "flow control" - keeping aircraft away until they can be handled safely without too much strain on controllers.

"The problem is that that means spreading them out during the day and thereby making the pressure periods last longer", he said. "We have very experienced controllers and scientists constantly monitoring this to ensure that the duty controllers do not become over-loaded. But unfortunately, often for political reasons, the unions are trying to dictate to us how this should be organized."

Mr Mack, who has been appointed to be director general of Eurocontrol, the European air traffic system, will be leaving in September to take up his new duties. "I shall be working until the last day on behalf of the controllers", he said.

Training initiative criticized

By John Spicer
Employment Affairs Correspondent

An attack on the Government's £1.5 billion adult training programme, due to be outlined in a White Paper today, has been launched in London.

The Campaign for Work, supported by trade unions, some local authorities and unemployed people, lobbied Parliament yesterday in an attempt to get the proposed scheme amended.

The programme will bring several schemes - such as the Community Programme and YTS - into a unified project by the autumn and should provide up to 600,000 training places for the long-term unemployed.

Critics said yesterday that it would "create a new second class of workers" with few rights and no status or protection from abuse.

The campaign also said that no additional resources were being provided to pay for good training, doing little to tackle Britain's acute skills shortages.

personal portable pensions.

The 1987 Conservative manifesto committed the Government to maintaining present mortgage tax relief. Since then, the Prime Minister has apparently ruled out changes. Supporters of the present system say that restricting relief to the basic rate of income tax, or the basic rate of one per householder, would go against the spirit, if not the letter, of the manifesto.

At the last Budget, when Mr Lawson was expected to raise the £30,000 mortgage relief ceiling, the strategy appeared to be to allow the real value of tax relief to decline with rising house prices. There is no reason to suppose this has changed.

Scale charges for taxation on

Thatcher's children



Younger than springtime: children share the unseasonal sunshine with Mrs Thatcher as she left Downing Street for the House of Commons yesterday. (Photograph: John Manning)

GCSE credibility in danger

Exam 'is at risk of collapse'

By John Clare, Education Correspondent

The GCSE, the new school-leaving examination, could "collapse like a house of cards" if people persisted in attacking it, an education executive said yesterday.

Mr Peter Dines, the chief executive of the government-appointed Secondary Examinations Council, said its credibility was being put at risk by a growing chorus of criticism from teachers, right-wing educationists and some universities.

Mr Dines, who is responsible for co-ordinating the introduction of the examination, gave a warning that it was like a banknote: it worked only if people believed in it.

"The GCSE is going better than any of us dared hope", he said. "It has already caused a revolution in the classroom. It has changed teaching methods and excited pupils. It will undoubtedly raise standards for all."

Mr Dines described the views of Mr Chris McGovern, the head of history at Lewes Priory Upper School in East

Sussex, who has told parents that the GCSE is "virtually unteachable" as an aberration. "He may be saying that but 5,000 secondary schools are not."

He was similarly dismissive of the fears of Mr Ivan Bowler, the headmaster of Littlemore Grammar School in Chichester, who has told parents to disregard their children's GCSE examination grades because the marking standards of pupils' course work varied so widely.

Mr Dines said: "There is a myth that written exams like O levels actually deliver the goods. In fact, the marking of an O-level paper could be out by plus or minus one grade. It was quite as haphazard as anything the GCSE is accused of."

Mr Dines said many right-wing educationists criticized the GCSE because they did not share its philosophy, which was equal opportunities for all rather than the creation of an elite.

He described as "utterly

ludicrous" the fear voiced recently by Mr Michael McCrum, the Vice-Chancellor of Cambridge University, that the GCSE's shortcomings could force the university to introduce four-year degrees in some subjects.

He also rejected a warning from the Secondary Heads Association, which represents most heads and deputies in secondary schools, that a smaller proportion of less able pupils would take the new examination because they were overwhelmed by the course work.

"There are not statistics on this yet," Mr Dines said. "I don't know why the heads have said that."

He said GCSE, which is to be taken for the first time this summer by 600,000 pupils in England and Wales, would stand or fall by its results. He said there would be great pressure to ensure that the grades awarded by the GCSE examination boards were not markedly different from those given by their predecessors.

Universities' fears on Bill

By Our Education Correspondent

The Government could dictate to Oxford University how to spend the £200 million it is hoping to raise through an international appeal, unless the Education Reform Bill is amended, the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals said yesterday.

Professor Sir Mark Richmond, the chairman of the committee, described clause 92 of the Bill, which sets out new arrangements for funding higher education through a Universities Funding Council, as an "extension of the nanny state".

He said universities should be free to exploit their earnings from private sources without state interference.

Sir Mark said the Govern-

ment block grant to universities 10 years ago accounted for 77 per cent of their income on average. Now the proportion was only 57 per cent and at some universities, including Oxford, it was less than half.

"We don't want the UFC telling us how to deploy the money we earn by our own enterprise. Modification of this clause is vital if universities are to continue to adapt flexibly to the needs of their customers", he said.

Sir Mark accused the Government of setting out to nationalize universities at the same time as it was seeking to set schools free of local authority control.

He said the vice-chancellors were demanding changes to clause 94, which, as it stood, gave the Secretary of State for

Education and Science powers to "intervene very directly and precisely in the affairs of single institutions".

The powers would allow the Government to bring great pressure to bear to exact compliance and conformity, Sir Mark said.

"They strike right to the heart of academic freedom. The CVCP's objective is to minimize the risk of direct and narrow political interference." Cambridge University said yesterday that the Bill was not an acceptable framework for relations between the universities and the Government. The Council of Senate said in a statement that it did not seek to wreck the Bill but that if it was not amended it should be withdrawn for further consideration.

Police appeal after robbers use stun gun

Mr John Bigden, aged 17, a student, was recovering from shock yesterday after being attacked in Biggin Hill, Kent, and left unconscious by robbers using an electric stun gun. Police believe it is the first time such a gun, developed for self-defence, has been used in a street robbery.

Last night Scotland Yard appealed for help in tracing the attackers and the source of the gun.

The stun gun was about the size of a small transistor radio and produced between 35,000 and 40,000 volts.

صحنه من الاصل

Dog fight rings part of international racket, report says

By Mark Ellis

Dog fights with betting of up to £50,000 take place at least weekly in Britain, according to the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

It says that illicit rings are particularly hard to infiltrate because owners form tightly knit groups to arrange fights between American Pit Bull or Staffordshire Bull Terriers.

Underground magazines, videos and tight security associated with dog-fighting have been penetrated by RSPCA investigators, and international contacts in The Netherlands and the Irish Republic are being traced by inspectors and police.

Mr Charles Marshall, chief officer of the RSPCA inspection, said: "Dog-fighting is increasing and there is a fraternity which look out on it as some people regard horse-racing."

He added that people came from Ireland and the Continent to take part, and said: "People who participate in dog-fighting must have no minds. It is the lowest form of animal cruelty. It is as low as you can get."

It was a very closed club, but people did not last long if they were found out, he said.

Dog-fighting is only one of several trends which the society describes as "worrying". Others include neglect of pets, a record number of cruelty cases, and the keeping of dogs

in cruel conditions in inner cities as "cheap burglar alarms".

Mr Marshall said: "We are not a nation of animal lovers, we are a nation of animal keepers and there is an increase in cruelty which is a sign of the cruel times in which we live. Cruel videos, cruel times."

Inspectors from the society quoted details of cruelty cases which came before the courts last year to highlight the rise in animal abuse. There had also been a decrease in convictions, they said.

Proving unnecessary suffering before the courts to secure a conviction needed the expert help of a veterinary surgeon, and courts are often reluctant to impose the maximum penalties for cruelty cases of a fine of £2,000 and/or six months' imprisonment.

The society announced that it was recruiting 20 extra inspectors this year, at a cost of £400,000, to give a total of 265 inspectors in England and Wales investigating alleged cases of cruelty. Last year inspectors dealt with 35,419 cases, a workload which had almost tripled since 1980.

The number of cases handled last year showed an increase of 2.5 per cent on the previous year, but for the same period the number of convictions dropped by 5.5 per cent from 1,911 to 1,805. Last year a total of 586

people were disqualified from keeping dogs for periods ranging from six months to life, compared with 509 in 1986.

Dogs were the most frequent victims of cruelty, accounting for 57.2 per cent of all convictions, and neglect was the most common offence, for which the society secured 833 convictions.

Two poodles, Robbie and Lucy, were brought to a press conference to emphasize the difficulties the society faces. The two dogs, which have new owners, were among the 20 survivors of 34 poodles rescued by the society from a house where the bodies and rotting remains of an unknown number of other dogs were found.

A woman was fined £100 and banned for life from keeping dogs and ordered to pay the society's £2,000 costs by magistrates at Oxford, Surrey, last October.

Inspector John Paul, a former policeman who patrols the stockbroker belt of Surrey, said he had found an increase in serious neglect and his workload had quadrupled since 1986.

"There are sufficient fines and terms of imprisonment for magistrates to dole out. May be one or two maximum sentences would bring the scale of the problem to the attention of the public and deter some of crueler people", he said.

Clean-up to reveal glory of the Gorge



Three climbers cleared scrub and small trees from a section of Cheddar Gorge yesterday at the start of an attempt to reveal the spectacular crags and contours of the Somerset landscape since the 1930s. The devastating effect of myxomatosis on the rabbit population after the war also allowed the steep slopes to become overgrown.

The trust has drawn up a conservation management plan for the gorge, a site of special scientific interest, on the advice of the Nature Conservancy Council. Experts in botany, geology and zoology have also been consulted. Similar work has been completed in the Avon Gorge near Bristol and at Burringtoncombe, north of Cheddar.

Once the first strip has been cleared, no more work will be carried out before the autumn to allow time to assess its impact, to evaluate the practical problems that might arise in tackling such a challenging long-term project, and to avoid disturbing birds and visitors.

(Photograph: Nick Rogers)

Open protesters want £20m fund

By Thomson Press, Science Correspondent

The Government will respond by the end of this week to a plea for intervention in the Open drug compensation campaign, Mr Antony Newton, the Health Minister, promised yesterday.

Organizers met Mr Newton at the Department of Health yesterday and called for a £20 million trust fund to be established to help the 1,350 people who claim to have been damaged by the arthritis drug. It was withdrawn from the British market six years ago.

The delegation, led by Mr Jack Ashley, MP for Stoke-on-Trent, South, also pressed Mr Newton to cancel DHSS contracts with Eli Lilly, the Open manufacturers, because of the company's refusal to meet compensation claims.

Eli Lilly denies liability but after a prolonged legal battle has offered a settlement totalling £2,275,000 to be shared among the claimants.

After the one-hour meeting, the campaigners said they were "cautiously optimistic" about government support for their case.

However, Mr Newton is understood to have told them that there is no possibility of sanctions being imposed on the company by the department. He was said to have

"listened carefully" to their ideas.

The prospect of the department becoming directly involved in compensation seems unlikely. It has been a co-defendant in the action against the company because of its role in allowing the drug to be licensed and prescribed in Britain.

Mr Ashley said he was optimistic that there would be a "positive and constructive response" from Mr Newton.

Also in the delegation was Mr David Mason, a prime mover in the campaign for Thalidomide drug compensation 15 years ago. On Thursday he is going to the United States to meet the consumers' rights campaigner, Mr Ralph Nader, to discuss a boycott of Eli Lilly products there.

Many claimants in the United Kingdom have already accepted the company's offer. Among them is Miss Maureen Simmons, aged 46, of Southampton, who yesterday described her offer of £2,400 as "disgusting" but said she had no alternative but to take the money.

"I have been told I can no longer have legal aid to pursue my case and I can't afford to go any further on my own", she said.

Princess visits group of tranquillizer addicts

By Alan Hamilton

Addiction to tranquillizers among middle-aged women is as common as addiction to illegal drugs among the young, the Princess of Wales was told yesterday when she opened a centre for sufferers.

The princess joined a group therapy session with six clients at the Stoke Road Community Centre for Addiction, in Birmingham. It is run by North Birmingham Health Authority and is staffed by psychologists rather than doctors.

The therapy sessions are aimed at discovering the original cause of addiction, be it alcohol, narcotics, or tranquillizers.

Mrs Moira Hamlin, head of the centre, told the princess that some clients had been taking tranquillizers for up to 25 years, although doctors now tended to prescribe them only for short periods.

"We invited the Princess to meet our tranquillizer addicts because this area does not get as much attention as other drug addictions, but it is still a major problem", Mrs Hamlin said.

Later, the princess opened the Church of England Children's Society Birmingham Youth-Link project, which helps young people at risk from crime, prostitution and homelessness.

Fire officer died saving passenger, King's Cross inquiry told

Tragedy of three 'unforgiving' minutes

By Rodney Cawton, Transport Correspondent

Three vital minutes may have stood between life and death for the 31 victims of the King's Cross Underground fire, the official inquiry was told yesterday.

Mr Gerald Clarkson, Chief Fire Officer of London, said that if his men had had an extra three minutes they could have averted the "flashover" which engulfed the ticket hall in smoke and flames.

The inquiry had previously been told there was an interval of six minutes between the fire being detected and the fire brigade being called.

Mr Clarkson also gave evidence that the fire appliances probably took between four and six minutes longer to get to King's Cross than normal because the nearest appliances were already out on a call.

A letter from the London

Fire Brigade to London Underground, dated August 23 last year, which was read to the inquiry, criticized procedures on the Underground for notifying fires and urged "that on any suspicion of fire, the fire brigade must be called without delay".

Evidence on previous days has shown that a passenger first reported the fire to Underground staff at about 7.30pm but it was 7.36 before the fire service was alerted.

On arrival at King's Cross the firemen had three "unforgiving" minutes before the "flashover" occurred. Mr Clarkson thought that with a further two to two and a half minutes men with breathing gear could have brought water to bear on the fire and averted the "flashover".

Earlier, Mr Clarkson said

that Station Officer Colin Townsley, the only fire officer to die in the disaster, was almost certainly trying to rescue a badly burned member of the public when he died.

Many other firemen might also have died when the station's ticket hall was engulfed by smoke and flame but for the fact that they had gone outside to get breathing gear and other equipment.

Mr Townsley was found at the foot of steps at an exit leading towards St Pancras. In response to a question from Mr John Drinkwater, QC, for the London Fire Brigade, Mr Clarkson agreed that Mr Townsley's body had been found "very adjacent" to that of a badly burned member of the public. They were almost within touching distance.

Mr Clarkson said: "I am left

only to conclude that he had been assisting that particular member of the public."

"I can only applaud his action. I think Station Officer Townsley died in gallant circumstances and his devotion to duty in saving human life was exemplary."

Mr Clarkson had been abroad when he first heard of the fire. "I can find nothing in reading the report or the briefings I have had to date which would indicate that the fire was dealt with in any manner other than the way I would have dealt with it."

He said: "It was a rapid acceleration of the fire which was beyond my experience and beyond the experience of senior officers in my brigade."

Within seconds the ticket hall concourse was plunged into darkness. Conditions be-

came unbearable. Three firemen breathing gear had no time to start the equipment. They ran to the Pancras Road entrance.

Firemen, some wearing breathing gear and some without tried to rescue people from the exits, and abandoned some of their safety procedures in doing so. "I would find it impossible to blame them in this connection."

Evidence has been given that a fire hydrant in the ticket hall was hidden behind a hoarding and firemen were unaware it was there. Asked about that, Mr Clarkson said: "Any officer in my view, even had the hydrant been available, would have been better placed in ignoring the hydrant and going back to his own appliance."

The inquiry continues to-day.

Alton campaign for 18-week limit

Setback for Bill as Lords back easier abortion

By Sheila Gunn Political Staff

Mr David Alton's campaign for a cut in the time limit for abortions from 28 to 18 weeks suffered a blow today with the publication of an influential House of Lords report.

Although it calls for stiffer conditions before allowing abortions between 24 and 28 weeks, the report gives a warning of the dangers of bringing forward the time limit any earlier.

It also supports the case for making it easier for women to obtain abortions at an early stage in pregnancy as a way of cutting the number of late abortions.

Many severe abnormalities cannot be detected before 18 and 20 weeks into pregnancy, it states.

The report also says a mother should not be rushed into making a decision about whether to give birth to a severely disabled baby.

The report is the first independent examination of the

Doctors who remove organs from a foetus while it is in the womb or as it is born could lay themselves open to a charge of murder, according to a lawyer and specialist in medical ethics.

Miss Diane Brahams says the issue has arisen because a medical team in Sweden is about to test the efficacy of transplanting foetal brain tissue taken from normal, healthy aborted foetuses into patients suffering from Parkinson's disease.

That has not yet been done in Britain but "must be considered as a future option together with the use of organ and tissue material for other degenerative conditions", she says.

Miss Brahams, editor of the *Medico-Legal Journal*, writing in the *New Law Journal*, says there seems no logical objection to using foetal organs for transplantation if it is regarded as proper to remove organs from dead human beings.

However the anti-abortion lobby is deeply opposed, she says, and it could have valid reasons for regarding the process as "the thin edge of another unwelcome wedge".

The issue is even more complicated with anencephalic baby - one born without a brain - she says. Doctors disagree whether such a baby, which breathes at birth, should be regarded as born alive, dying or dead.

workings of the abortion laws since the 1967 Abortion Act came into force. It destroys many of the emotional arguments made by both sides on the abortion issue while backing all its findings with statistics and medical expertise.

Lord Brightman, the committee chairman and a Law Lord, said yesterday: "We have tried to produce recommendations which we believe are morally right." He hoped today's report would become

the "source book" on the abortion issue.

The committee was unanimous although it included peers of strongly differing views such as Lady Warnock, Lady Faithfull, Lord Houghton of Sowerby, and the Bishop of Gloucester, Dr John Yates.

The peers recommended a change in the law to stop abortions after 24 weeks, except if the life of the mother is at risk; if an abortion is

essential to preserve the mental or physical health of the mother; or where a baby is found to be very severely abnormal.

In those exceptional cases they did not want any maximum time limit on abortions. They also did not want to stop the victim of rape or incest to be denied the right to an abortion.

A further blow to the case of Mr Alton, Liberal MP Liverpool, Mossley Hill, is the

weight of medical evidence given to the committee that the women seeking abortions after 20 weeks are the most distressed.

"Many are the victims of some personal tragedy. There is clearly a need for improved education, counselling and awareness in regard to family planning and abortion services, particularly among very young women."

It also disputed Mr Alton's claim that babies could be born alive after 18 weeks of pregnancy. Up until 24 weeks a baby's lungs were incapable of expanding and so had no chance of surviving.

Lord Brightman said he would be delighted if a Bill was introduced, either by the Government or by a peer, to enact the committee's recommendations although he in no way wanted to sabotage the passage of Mr Alton's Bill.

House of Lords select committee report: *Infant Life (Preservation) Bill* (Stationery Office, £9.30).

Winter is warmest for decade

Much of England yesterday enjoyed temperatures higher than those of the Mediterranean as the warmest winter for more than a decade continued.

The past few days have been among the warmest February weather since St Valentine's Day 1961, when the temperature reached 18.5C.

The London weather centre recorded a temperature of 15.0C yesterday afternoon, with the North of England only a degree or so cooler.

January was a degree or so warmer than average, according to the Meteorological Office.

Forecast, page 22

Genetic proof

A man who had denied intercourse with a girl aged 14 admitted the offence yesterday after a DNA test showed he was almost certainly the father of her baby. Charles Holland, aged 52, of Dalston, east London, was jailed for a year at the Central Criminal Court.

Peer's inquest

An inquest into the death of Lord de la Warr, aged 66, of Buckhurst Park, East Sussex who was hit by an Underground train in London last week was opened at Westminster Coroner's Court yesterday and adjourned to March 16.

Killing charge

Ms Georgina Wynn Stuart, aged 51, of Harwell, Oxfordshire, was remanded in custody until February 24 by magistrates at Didcot, Oxfordshire, yesterday, accused of murdering Dr Colin Fisher, a nuclear scientist.

Labour ban

Mr David Prendergast, financial secretary of the breakaway Union of Democratic Mineworkers, has been suspended from the Labour Party for two years after urging people not to vote Labour in the last general election.

Water chief

Sewer Trent Water Authority yesterday appointed as chief executive Mr Roderick Paul, a company director, to manage its transition into private ownership.

Sotheby's to sell fearsome general's royal gift

SALEROOM

By Sarah Jane Checkland Art Market Correspondent

Sotheby's is to mark the tercentenary of the Glorious Revolution on March 23 by selling an intriguing souvenir of the friendship between Queen Mary and her trusted general, Godart van Ginkel, the first Earl of Athlone.

The souvenir is a ring given to him by the Queen, its diamond now made up into a snake brooch.

Godart van Ginkel was a fierce fighting man from Utrecht who suppressed the mutiny at Harwich in 1688 after William and Mary had come to the British throne, and then distinguished himself at the Battle of the Boyne.

Queen Mary presented the ring three years later after he performed his most difficult feat: the capture of Athlone, the key fortress of western Ireland.

As his enemy commander wrote at the time: "His master

ought to hang him for trying to take Athlone, and mine ought to hang me if I lose it". After Ginkel won, the Queen wrote: "I will not forget what you have done". Judging by both his ennoblement, and this ring, she was true to her word.

Due to changes in fashion, the souvenir comes in two parts: the ring without the diamond with paste in its place, and the diamond set into a snake-shaped bangle dated 1856. Both are encrusted, describing their origins.

Mr David Bennett, of Sotheby's said he was at the company's Amsterdam premises when a descendant of Ginkel brought in the

pieces. "It is quite a discovery". He has given the pair a modest estimate of up to £25,000.

Christie's sold a routine consignment of British ceramics with outstanding results yesterday.

A runaway price of £52,800 against an estimate of £8,000 to £12,000 was achieved for a Southwark Delft blue and white wine bottle boldly painted with birds and plants, selling to the London dealer, Mr Jonathan Horne.

Other high prices included £13,200 (estimate £5,000 to £7,000) for a Worcester honeycomb moulded oval dish of 1765, and the same price (estimate £1,500 to £1,800) for

a pair of pearware horses, one being led by a small boy, the other mounted by a little girl.

A Derby cabbage tureen coloured bright green and yellow sold for £11,000 against an estimate of £4,000 to £6,000.

Bonham's Dogs in Art paintings sale went off well yesterday, with private buyers hot from Crufts dominating the bidding. The top price was for a puppy trapped inside a pot of green-glass jelly by William Henry Hamilton Trood. Estimated at £1,500, it sold for £8,580.

A dog collar once belonging to "Bob" of Sloane Gardens sold for £380 against an estimate of £150, while a Scottish dog reclining beside a set of bagpipes sold for £1,760 (estimate £400 to £600). The total for the sale was £170,350, with 20 per cent bought in.

Two years after buying Manegna's Adoration of the

Magi - the subject of controversy before its export from Britain in December 1985 - the Getty Museum has finally put it on display after restoration.

According to the museum, Andrea Rothe, the restorer, has removed an old varnish and "disfiguring restorations" to uncover the original qualities of the masterpiece. In terms of condition and technique, the painting is comparable with the "Dead Christ and Presentation in the Temple" by the same artist in Milan and Berlin.

After having become the most expensive work of art ever to be sold at auction when it fetched £8.1 million in April 1985, the painting became the subject of two battles: the National Galleries of Scotland tried to raise funds to save it and various experts claimed it was either in bad condition or a fake.

Chefs launch quality drive

By John Young, Agriculture Correspondent

A campaign was launched by Britain's top chefs yesterday to encourage the production of high quality British foods.

The British Culinary Institute wants farmers, market gardeners and small-scale processors to meet its criteria of excellence. Independent assessors will judge produce.

Food will be divided into four main categories: livestock; fruit and vegetables; lightly processed foods such as flour, cured and smoked products, and jams; and dairy produce. Drinks such as English wines, farmhouse cider, fruit juices and natural spring water will also qualify.

There will be a general presumption in favour of food produced by non-intensive methods, with minimal use of fertilizers and pesticides and without hormones and other substances used as growth promoters.

Non-biological additives and artificial flavourings will also be frowned upon, and cheeses should be made from raw, unpasteurized milk.

The institute recognizes that it would be impracticable to apply the most rigorous organic or free-range standards as such products as farmed salmon would be excluded.

The campaign has the support of the National Farmers' Union.

Mr Stephen Bull, of the institute, said there might be difficulties in finding ways of displaying the logo on fresh produce, which for the most part is not sold in packages. However, he saw no reason why it should not be used on restaurant menus.

"We will be quite happy if it is confined at first to a small number of producers we know

can reach our standards."

The dozen or so firms exhibiting their wares at the London Hilton hotel yesterday were in no position to compete to supply the large multiple chains that dominate the retail food industry.

However, there was no reason why supermarkets in country towns should not devote special sections to local produce, as happened in France, said Jane Grigson, the cookery writer.

She foresaw the need to guard against the likely flood of second-rate produce coming on to the market in the next few years, masquerading under a "farmhouse" label.

The success of the scheme depended upon improvements in transport and distribution, and on retailers themselves applying more exacting standards, she added.

Pact clears the way for talks on single market

Agreement at the EEC summit in Brussels cleared the way for the Community to concentrate on its most important goal, the creation of a genuine single market by 1992, the Prime Minister told MPs.

In a statement on the summit, Mrs Thatcher said that all the objectives that the United Kingdom had set at the outset had been achieved; that any further increase in Community resources must be accompanied by effective and legally binding controls on expenditure; that there would have to be effective measures to reduce agricultural surpluses, to bring supply and demand more into balance and that automatic price penalties on individual commodities would be the principal weapon; there should be no tax and duty on the movement of goods between the United Kingdom and the rest of the Community; and that the British budgetary position agreed at Fontainebleau in 1984, which had saved the United Kingdom £3,000 million in three years, should be preserved.

She then summarized what had been achieved. In agriculture, they were setting in place stabilizer measures necessary to control output and spending. The central concept was an automatic price penalty if an agreed production quantity was exceeded.

These for cereals and rape seed had been agreed, while agreement on eight further stabilizers had been delayed by France until the meeting of the Foreign Affairs Council on February 22-23.

"The Dutch Prime Minister and I made clear that our agreement to all the measures before the council was conditional on the adoption of the stabilizers as they are. In the light of past experience, we have insisted that all these controls should be in legally binding form."

The council had agreed to the general principles of a set-aside scheme to take agricultural land out of production, under which a farmer must set aside at least 20 per cent of his arable land for at least five years.

"To improve overall control of the CAP we have also tightened the discipline of the financial guidelines for agricultural spending." The guideline base for 1988 had been set at 27.5 European currency units (Ecu) or about £15 billion.

Future commission proposals must always be consistent with the guidelines. They had eliminated the general provision for expenditure in so-called "exceptional circumstances". The budgetary restraint would change in the dollar-exchange rate, with a budget effect of more than 400 million Ecu. If the dollar went up in value by more, the amount spent on agriculture would be automatically reduced.

It had been agreed that the cost of depreciating and disposing of existing surplus stocks would be financed outside the guidelines, but within the budget, and that new stocks would be systematically depreciated as they were established.

The guideline itself would in future rise at a rate significantly lower than the total resources available for Community expenditure. "The new rate will be three quarters of the rate of growth of Community gross national product. Over time, this will reduce the proportion of Community expenditure taken by agriculture, so reversing the trend of the past."

The council had concluded that commitments on the structural funds should increase annually over the period 1989-1992 by 1.3 billion Ecu a year, equal to a total real increase over 1987 of about 80 per cent, and would permit doubling for less developed regions.

The tightening of budgetary management arrangements would limit the use of carryover provisions and creative accounting devices such as what were euphemis-

tically called negative reserves to which there had been excessive recourse in the past, and which had been particularly unwelcome to Britain.

"We decided on an increase in the resources available to the Community. These will in future be expressed in terms of Community GNP, rather than, as now, VAT." The council had rejected the Commission proposal that the own resources ceiling should be raised from 1.4 per cent of VAT to 1.4 per cent of GNP, equal to 2.3 per cent of VAT - a 50 per cent increase. Instead, the new ceiling would be 1.2 per cent of GNP, about 25 per cent above the present figure, and realistic in light of recent trends.

The need for the United Kingdom abatement had been challenged. "I made it clear that I was not prepared to contemplate any reduction in the benefit we receive as a result of the Fontainebleau mechanism. I

am glad to tell the House that the council agreed to this. The Fontainebleau mechanism will therefore remain totally intact, and it will once again last as long as the new own-resources arrangements. In practice, thanks to the abatement, Britain's gross contribution should remain a little over 1 per cent of GNP, well below that of other member states."

The decisions would now be translated into firm and legally binding texts, and only when they were agreed would the Government recommend to the Commons the new level of own resources.

"Our achievement in securing more effective control of farm spending should benefit consumers through lower prices, and farmers through greater certainty about future market conditions. The share of agriculture in the Community's budget will decline."

Thatcher capitulated at summit, says Labour

The Prime Minister had capitulated at the European summit and run away, Mr Roy Hattersley, deputy leader of the Opposition, said.

He said that the Prime Minister's excuse for her capitulation, paving the way for the complete internal market in 1992, would do immense harm

EUROPE

calculation, the budget ceiling amounted to a very considerable increase.

"In the words of *The Times*: Even allowing for the vaunted rebate, Britain's net contribution will increase."

Her apologists had claimed that without the agreement the Community might have collapsed. It was true that the CAP might have collapsed but, since the CAP did such harm to the British consumer and prejudiced the whole future of the Community, no one would regret that the CAP has been saved.

Mrs Thatcher said she doubted very much that those who lived in community countries would endorse either what *The Daily Telegraph* or Mr Hattersley had said about this.

Other countries knew that Britain had got a good deal, the Prime Minister said. Mrs Margaret Thatcher said that 95 per cent of what had been aimed at had been achieved.

She described the establishment of legally binding regulations as a "major achievement".

Mr Hattersley asked why, if the Prime Minister claimed that the object of her negotiations had been achieved, even the ultra-loyal *Daily Telegraph* described this as a British retreat on several fronts.

Why, having dismissed the rate of growth in agricultural spending of more than 60 per cent as "extraordinary and indefensible" did the Prime Minister accept figures which she admitted to be 74 per cent, a figure which on the full calculation was nearer 80 per cent.

6 The establishment of legally binding Community regulations is a major achievement

to Britain, so she must not expect rejoicing about that.

Faced with criticisms from both sides of the House of the agreement reached at Brussels, Mrs Thatcher said that 95 per cent of what had been aimed at had been achieved.

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Sir Richard O'Brien and Miss Clare Short, MP, taking part in a Campaign for Work press conference at the Commons yesterday before a lobby of Parliament on the Employment Bill. The lobby was arranged by 20 organizations and included representatives from unions, unemployment groups and the Roman Catholic Church (Photograph: Tim Bishop).

Debate on Irish relations refused

Mr Alexander Carrile (Montgomery, 1) was refused a request for an emergency debate in the Commons on the question of relations between the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

A debate was necessary, he said, because of the clear breakdown in understanding between the two countries, which affected the security of the realm and relations between the United Kingdom and its closest neighbour.

It also concerned the enforcement of law within the United Kingdom and mutual law enforcement between the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland on such important matters as terrorism, as well as the Stalker-Sampson inquiry.

It was clear that during the recent discussions between the Prime Minister and the Taoiseach, frost had grown on the walls of the meeting room. The House needed a debate which would allow full discussion of all the issues.

The Speaker, Mr Bernard Weatherill, said that the matters were not appropriate to an emergency debate.

Coal action 'is mindless'

The present industrial action in the coal industry was condemned as mindless by Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Energy, during questions.

He said that all would deplore the industrial relations record in the coal industry, which was doing it enormous harm.

The present overtime ban by Nacods was mindless, senseless and a waste of time and money. Nacods should be told that, in addition to putting their jobs at risk, they were putting the jobs of thousands of miners at risk.

The sooner Nacods accepted

the offer of binding arbitration that was on the table, the sooner peace would return to the coal industry.

Mr Andrew Mitchell (Gedling, C) said that congratulations were due to the Nottinghamshire miners who had three times this year exceeded previous shift records. They would have gone on increasing productivity but for the unfortunate disruption by Nacods.

Mr Parkinson said that the move forward for British Coal must be greater productivity and improved performance. If it could keep on achieving that the

future was good. If the industry retained its reputation for staid unreliability as a supplier, and expense, then the future was grim.

Later, Mr Harry Greenway (Ealing North, C) asked if the Government shared his disgust at the irresponsible action on behalf of the Nacods deputies.

Mr Parkinson said that there was a negotiating procedure between British Coal and Nacods which would lead to binding arbitration. British Coal had referred the dispute to the tribunal and he hoped Nacods would also.

Woodlands inventory

An inventory of ancient woodlands will be completed by the 30th March, when the Government will publish the results of the first year and will be used to assist in the protection from damage of trees dating from before the year 1600, the Earl of Caithness, Minister of State for Environment, assured peers during questions in the House of Lords.

Some ancient woodlands were damaged in the storm of October 16.

"For the future we believe satisfactory protection against damage by man is provided not only through designation where appropriate as sites of special scientific interest or national nature reserves but also by the Forestry Commission's felling controls and planting grants with its associated consultation procedures and by tree preservation orders."

'Stabs in the back' course

An accusation that Mr Bernard Ingham, the Secretary of State for Energy, tended to go out of his way to "stab" Cabinet ministers in the back, came from Mr Tony Banks (Newham North West, Lab) during Commons questions on training senior civil servants in personal communication skills.

He asked Mr Richard Loe, Minister for the Civil Service, if he would inquire whether there was a course on backstabbing of prime ministers and other Cabinet ministers. "If so, could we have a go on this so that we can get ready for it?"

Mr Loe replied that, looking at the number of diaries by former Labour ministers, "I would not have thought that it was Labour MPs who needed that kind of course."

Both sides of House launch power price attack

Mr Michael Spicer, Under-Secretary of State for Energy, came under attack from both sides of the Commons as he defended a new round of electricity price increases planned for April.

Opposition MPs said that pensioners were being forced to pay increased prices toatten the industry for privatization, while one Conservative backbencher, Mr Anthony Bevan-Dark (Birmingham, Selby, Con), asked the minister who MPs were supposed to believe - Lord Marshall (chairman of the Central Electricity Generating Board) and the CBI or him?

Mr Peter Pike (Burnley, Lab) said that the Secretary of State for Energy (Mr Cecil Parkinson) had said previously that the rate of increase in prices was faster than the rate of inflation, which was what Lord Marshall would have wished.

That was of serious concern to many industrialists, who believed it would put them at a disadvantage in terms of European competition. If the Government did not change its policy, more jobs were likely to be put at risk.

Mr Spicer said that UK domestic electricity prices were among the lowest in Europe and would remain so after April. Prices for typical industrial consumers would remain about the average for Europe and lower than the average for America and Japan.

Mr John Hassam (Exeter, C) said that the South Western Electricity Board was proposing a 12 per cent increase, which would be damaging to the people of the area, whose incomes were below the national average. The Government should have discussed with the board with the aim of preventing that.

Mr Spicer said that Britain had enjoyed low electricity

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prices because the industry had been earning a low rate of return on investment. Because it required considerable new investment, it would have to increase its rate of return, whether it was in the public or private sector.

Mr Peter Hardy (Wentworth, Lab) said that the CEBG had budgeted for £1 billion of investment before the price increases. "Is he convinced it is necessary, or is he determined it will go ahead to provide a sweetener for private investment and reduce competitiveness in British industry?"

Mr Spicer said that the industry had to achieve a 5 per cent rate of return, which was what had been proposed by the former Labour Government.

Dr Michael Clark (Rochford, C) said that electricity prices had to be competitive to the user industry, but commercial for the supply industry, so that its huge investment programme could be properly serviced. But a special tariff should be available for those industries that were heavy users of electricity.

Mr John McAllister (Dumfries East, Lab) said that the price increases were the third heavy blow dealt to pensioners this winter, after a £3.5 million cut in home insulation grants and the requirement that supplementary benefit pensioners should be paid 10 per cent towards the cost of insulation materials. Already more than five million pensioners could not afford to heat their homes properly and 30,000 of them died each year as a result.

Mr Spicer said that, even after the rises, domestic consumers would still be 6 per cent better off in real terms than they had been five years ago. While pensions had kept pace with inflation during that period, electricity prices had fallen by 15 per cent.

Mr Bevan-Dark said that most MPs were anxious to believe Mr Spicer, but there was a certain complexity. "Lord Marshall says that what the minister just said is not excessive. The CBI also says that what the minister just said is excessive. Who are we to believe, them or him?"

Mr Spicer: Me.

Mr John Prescott, chief Opposition spokesman on energy, said that the minister's answers would not be acceptable to the House. He asked whether Mr Spicer would be meeting the CBI to discuss a study produced for by the London Business School.

"The conclusion of that re-

port is that the rise in electricity prices is unnecessary and inappropriate and does not stand critical examination. In reality, they are totally unjustified and simply fattening up this industry for privatization."

Mr Spicer said that he would be meeting the CBI shortly and would put to it precisely the same points as he had put to the House.

Mr Eric Forth (Mid Worcestershire, C) said that he was surprised by the reaction of the CBI. It was the body that had conceded average wage increases of 8 per cent and, while labour costs made up two-thirds of the total costs of industry, electricity prices accounted for only a small percentage.

Mr Spicer said that electricity prices accounted for 2 per cent of the total costs of manufacturing costs, compared to 46 per cent going on labour costs, which had increased by 50 per cent in the past five years in cash terms.

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£7m to cut waiting lists

An extra £7.08 million had been given to the four Thames health regions by the Government's special £25 million fund to reduce waiting lists this year, Lord Skelmersdale, Under-Secretary of State for Health and Social Security (above), said during questions in the House of Lords.

Of this, £3.75 million was specifically for projects in the greater London area. As a result, 15,000 extra patients would have been treated in London hospitals by the end of March.

The Department of Health and Social Security was now looking at bids for the £30 million waiting list fund for 1988-89.

MPs to condemn charity chiefs

By Martin Fletcher, Political Reporter

The Charity Commissioners will be condemned by the Commons Public Accounts committee next week for their lack of control of Britain's £10-billion-a-year charity sector.

The MPs were appalled by the findings of a National Audit Office investigation into the commissioners' work last year and by what Mr Denis Peach, the recently retired chief commissioner, had to say when he appeared before the committee in October.

In particular, they are alarmed at the huge scope for abuse and fraud in the tax-free status enjoyed by charities, which is worth about £2.5 billion a year. One member of the committee disclosed yesterday that it would be "a pretty damning report".

The commissioners are supposed to oversee well over 150,000 charitable organizations, but, with organizations such as the Moonies and the Church of Scientology among those enjoying charitable status, there is intense and growing pressure for a change in the law.

The most disturbing revelations about the commissioners' performance are that:

- Their register of charities is badly out of date and unreliable;
- Inclusion on the register does not prove a charity's trustworthiness, efficiency or anything else. It merely shows that, at the time of registering, the charity's stated purposes legally qualified it for inclusion;
- Charities are widely ignoring the statutory requirement for them to submit annual accounts;
- Even when charities did submit accounts, fewer than a third were professionally audited and only 4 per cent were examined by the commission. Only one of the thirteen staff working in that area is a qualified accountant;
- Despite the absence of accurate figures, there was "disturbing evidence of a growth in the extent of criminal charity-related fraud and abuse."

Mr Peach argued repeatedly that the commissioners' work was severely hampered by manpower restrictions and limited resources, but the committee expressed astonishment that they did not, for example, carry out spot checks on charities or publish an annual list of those that had failed to submit accounts.

Official Secrets Act Prime Minister challenged

By Sheila Gann, Political Staff

The Prime Minister will face a further challenge in Parliament this session over the Official Secrets Act with the announcement of a fresh Conservative backbench attempt to reform the "catch-all" Section 2.

A secrets Bill will be introduced and given its first reading in the House of Lords tomorrow by Lord Bethell, Conservative MEP for Aldridge-Brownhills.

It will be along the lines of the ill-fated Protection of Information Bill introduced in the Commons by Mr Richard Shepherd, Conservative MP for Aldridge-Brownhills.

Mrs Thatcher's majority in the Commons of 101 was cut to 37 in rejecting Mr Shepherd's Bill at second reading last month. The Government opposed by imposing a three-line whip against the Bill because of the Prime Minister's resistance to it.

It will be much more difficult for ministers to block debate on



Lord Bethell: Peers are uniquely qualified

Lord Bethell's Bill because of the lack of constraints on peers. By convention, the House of Lords rarely votes on a Bill at second reading and so it is virtually guaranteed a passage through the Upper House before going to the Commons, where Government whips can kill it instantly.

Despite this fate, Lord Bethell believes that the House of Lords should examine the issues and

try to reach a consensus before Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, unveils his own White Paper in June.

"There is a feeling among some people in all parties," he said, "that it is a pity Richard Shepherd's Bill did not get a committee stage because that would have enabled Parliament to have some input into the drafting of the Government's Bill. At the moment, the Government's Bill is being drafted only by ministers and officials."

The House of Lords was a "uniquely qualified body" to give its view on the Bill, he added.

"I am introducing the Bill at the request of Richard Shepherd. He and his fellow sponsors will be advising me. Also, it was clear to Richard and others that the Bill would be introduced by a Labour or Liberal peer otherwise it would be better if it was introduced by a Conservative peer."

In addition to Mr Shepherd's reforms, the Bill introduced by Lord Bethell will state that the lawful activities of the security services will be protected, which will mean that unlawful activities will not.

National Theatre penalty denied

The Government denied in the Commons that it was penalizing the National Theatre with a "standstill budget".

Mr Richard Loe, Minister for the Arts, said at question time that the dispute over the theatre's funding was a matter between it and the Arts Council. He said that it was perfectly open to organizations such as the National Theatre to bid for three-year funding from the Arts Council and he assumed that it would do so.

Incentive funding would also be available and if the National Theatre could prove itself it would also benefit in that way.

Mr Mark Fisher, Opposition spokesman for the arts, said that the National Theatre, the RSC and the Royal Opera not only contributed heavily to the arts but they also had an enormous economic benefit by the number of tourists they attracted.

Why was the success of the National Theatre being penalized by a standstill budget? If the Government was serious about backing success in the arts why was the Arts Council not putting more money into the National Theatre?

Mr Loe agreed that the standard of artistic performance

THE ARTS

at the National Theatre was outstanding. He said that it was for the Arts Council to decide how to disburse its money.

About £30 million of the taxpayer's money went to the four national companies each year, something like a fifth of the Arts Council's total budget.

It was important to maintain the arts' length principle of performing arts. Allocation of money to the four flagship organizations should be maintained by the Arts Council and not directly by the minister.

Earlier, Mr John Burt Foster (Battersea, C) welcomed three-year funding from the Government for the Arts Council and said that it would be even more widely welcomed if it fed through to the groups sponsored by the Arts Council.

Mr Loe said that the money had been allocated to the council and it was now for the council to negotiate three-year funding agreements with clients.

The next stage was to convince them of the benefits of three-year funding.

Fund's help

The National Heritage Memorial Fund had helped 430 projects concerned with preserving items of importance to the nation's heritage with funds of £22 million since it was set up in 1980, the Earl of Caithness, Minister of State for Environment, disclosed during questions in the House of Commons.

Parliament today

Commons (2.30): Questions: Education and Science; Prime Minister, Immigration Bill, remaining stages; Motion on Prevention of Terrorism (Temporary Provisions) Order 1984 (Continuation) Order; Lords (2.30): Local Government Bill, report, second day; Prevention of Terrorism Order.

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Crown prosecutors defended

Court service is 'bedevilled' by police delays, DPP says

By Frances Gibb, Legal Affairs Correspondent

The Director of Public Prosecutions has accused the police and some courts of being responsible for many of the mistakes which are laid at the door of the much-criticized Crown Prosecution Service (CPS).

Mr Allan Green, QC, who is urging chief crown prosecutors to meet police and the court service to iron out problems, says that the service is "bedevilled by late delivery of papers by the police".

That places an "intolerable burden on a hard-pressed and understaffed prosecuting service. It is absolutely vital that police files are passed to the CPS in time", the director says.

"Far too often, the prosecutor is given too little time, in an illegible form. The lawyer goes into court, is unable to provide the court with proper assistance, and the people who are criticized are the CPS."

Like the prosecution service, the police have substantial manpower difficulties, Mr Green says. "But there is a serious lack of supervision which senior officers ought to exercise over police files and their contents."

Mr Green, who makes his comments in the latest issue of *Counsel*, the Bar magazine, also says that the service may get the blame for the failure of the police to bring witnesses to court.

"The CPS lawyer will be reluctant to blame the police, and in any event the police will not want to embark on a detailed inquiry as to where the fault lies."

In the eyes of the court, the service and the police are regarded as a single entity, the "prosecution", Mr Green says.

The DPP also urges consistent cooperation from the courts. Some do cooperate; in others, the "practice of listing

cases late creates impossible difficulties for the CPS."

"The lists of overnight charges by their very nature arrive late but some courts put in at short notice cases of which the CPS has no prior knowledge."

"Even when police officers bail a prisoner to attend a magistrates' court at a future date, there may be no file with the CPS at all, and the first the service learns about the case is when it discovers that it has been included in a court list."

Unless the service is told of the court's lists, it is impossible to distribute the work, Mr Green says.

"Until the lists are published the CPS does not know whether it needs four advocates at that court the following day or two." Once the files are allocated, it creates "substantial difficulties" if work is suddenly transferred from one court to another at the last

minute or while the courts are sitting, he says.

● A recruitment campaign, including "short-term commissions" to attract lawyers into the Crown Prosecution Service, is being drawn up in an effort to tackle staffing shortages.

Competition was so severe that experienced CPS lawyers were receiving "poaching offers from private practice."

One plan is to provide funds for people leaving universities or polytechnics to enable them to come to the Bar with a view to making a career in the CPS.

The details have yet to be worked out but it was analogous with the armed forces' short-term commissions, Mr Green says.

It was also hoped through the Bar Council and Council of Legal Education to set up "mini-pupillages" to introduce young barristers to work in the CPS.

Princess opens new wing



Princess Caroline of Monaco opening a £3.5 million high-technology hospital wing bearing her name in London yesterday. She said it was the first time anything had been named after her. The three-storey extension to the 116-bed Princess Grace private hospital off Marylebone Road, named after the princess's mother, contains up-to-date radiography equipment including a £500,000 body scanner. Princess Caroline became the hospital's patron after her mother's death in 1982.

Claims on firearms licences rejected

Police forces across Britain have pre-empted the new firearms laws and refused licences to the owners of semi-automatic weapons in the wake of the Hungerford massacre. It was claimed in the High Court in London yesterday.

The Shooters Rights Association, which claims 10,000 members and aims to protect the interests of law-abiding gun enthusiasts, said police had imposed a semi-official ban by "sitting" on licence applications.

Mr Frank Swann, the association's spokesman, of Wallington, Surrey, claimed that a press release issued by the Metropolitan Police Commissioner on August 27 last year, eight days after Michael Ryan killed 16 people, had given a policy lead to chief constables in Hampshire, Wales and elsewhere.

It said that as an interim measure no firearms certificates would be issued for semi-automatic rifles and carbines. The measure was officially abandoned 14 days later. However, the policy behind it is still being implemented, Mr Swann said.

The association was applying for judicial review of the press release on the ground that it was a policy decision.

Hundreds of people had waited months for applications to be processed and as a result were technically breaking the law. Mr Swann told Lord Justice Giddens.

Mr Swann said: "It's the job of Parliament to enact the law, the judiciary to interpret it and the police to enforce it. In this particular instance the police attempted to enact and interpret as well as enforce."

Rejecting the application, the judge said people considered judicial review a "universal panacea" for complaints about anything. Mr Swann's case was wholly misconceived.

"I would have thought that the occasions in which an applicant had a good reason for being in possession of a semi-automatic weapons were rare in the extreme."

Death charge

A publican appeared in court in St Helens, Lancashire, yesterday, charged with murdering Helen McCourt, an insurance clerk who disappeared a week ago. Ian Simms, aged 31, of Birchley Road, Billinge, Merseyside, was remanded in custody until February 24.

Sunday trading reform dropped

By Sheila Ginn, Political Staff

Ministers have ruled out any reform to the Sunday trading laws in the near future because of hostility to all the proposed schemes.

They had hoped to introduce at least a modest change which could win support inside and outside Parliament within the next two sessions. It is understood they have now admitted defeat, as every idea has brought protests from some quarters.

They have also been dismayed at the strength of opposition to the Sunday trading Bills, which would allow betting shops to open.

The Sunday observance lobby, together with trade unions and many Conservatives, believe the Bills would fatally flaw their stand against a relaxation of trading restrictions.

Ministers feel that view signals the continuing strong resistance to reform from different factions in Parliament.

Ever since the unexpected Commons defeat of the Government's 1985 Shops Bill, ministers and individual MPs have been under pressure to find a suitable compromise rather than to allow the

present impasse to continue with many stores flouting the law.

The Home Office promised to investigate all possible schemes for allowing certain stores to open on Sundays, after the Conservative Party conference passed a motion last October calling for urgent action to reform the Sunday Observance Act.

However, Mr Timothy Renton, Minister of State at the Home Office, was bowled down when he floated the idea of giving local authorities the final say on opening hours.

Among other schemes mooted has been one to allow shopping complexes and hypermarkets on town outskirts to open on Sundays. That has been deemed unfair by retail interests which would lose business.

Another idea was for small shops employing only a few people to operate. That has been opposed as equally unfair and unworkable.

Ministers have found that although local authorities and the large stores are campaigning for a swift relaxation of restrictions, there is still substantial hostility to any reform at grassroots level.

Younger supports Nato arms update

By Richard Ford, Political Correspondent

Mr George Younger, the Secretary of State for Defence, yesterday emphasized the importance of modernizing Nato's nuclear and conventional forces in the face of a continuing Soviet threat.

He scorned Labour opposition to modernization and said they had learnt nothing from their past mistakes.

Mr Younger warned Western governments against being diverted by "peace movements" from maintaining effective defence.

His speech reflects the Prime Minister's view that Britain and Nato have a duty to modernize their weapon systems in order to maintain proper deterrence. Mrs Thatcher is expected to express forcibly her opinions during her first visit as Prime Minister to Nato headquarters in Brussels tomorrow.

Mr Younger said Labour was opposed to any attempt by Nato to maintain and modernize the remaining, smaller nuclear forces after the intermediate nuclear forces deal between the Soviet Union and United States.

"To most people it will seem a matter of common sense that all of Nato's forces should be kept up to date in the face of an ever-evolving threat. The Soviet Union continues to modernize those elements of its land-based theatre nuclear forces not covered by the INF agreement."

He said the Soviet Union was building new Backfire nuclear bombers that would carry nuclear missiles and more accurate SS-21 missiles. Mr Younger accused the Labour Party of proposing an act of one-sided disarmament by asking that a vital element in Nato's flexible response should be allowed to rust.

With division in Nato over whether to approve modernization of remaining tactical nuclear weapons deployed in Europe, Mr Younger said in a speech at Nottingham University that it would be folly for Nato to abandon its agreed strategy.

The clear military advice to all Nato governments was that the alliance must maintain effectiveness over the whole range of its force as only then could they search safely for security at a lower level of arms.

The £1m mortgage

City seeks to fill loan gap

By Christopher Warman, Property Correspondent

Two merchant banks in the City are prepared to lend money for mortgages up to and over £1 million, through an initiative by a West End investment firm company which has recognized the demand for huge mortgages.

As a result, Noble Warren Investments last week arranged 10 mortgages of more than £500,000. Mr Simon Brewer, a partner, said one was of £1,000,000 for a City client. He believed it to be the first million-pound mortgage. Interest payments on the loan are more than £8,000 a month.

Mr Brewer found to his astonishment that no bank or building society would allow a mortgage of that size when he

was trying to arrange the home loan for his client, who has a house valued at £2 million and other assets valued at more than £4 million.

He then approached a number of merchant banks, armed with evidence of the cost of houses and the number of millionaires, to try to persuade them of the demand for and safety of such mortgages, lending unlimited amounts up to 75 per cent of the value. He now has two merchant banks prepared to do so, while others are "watching".

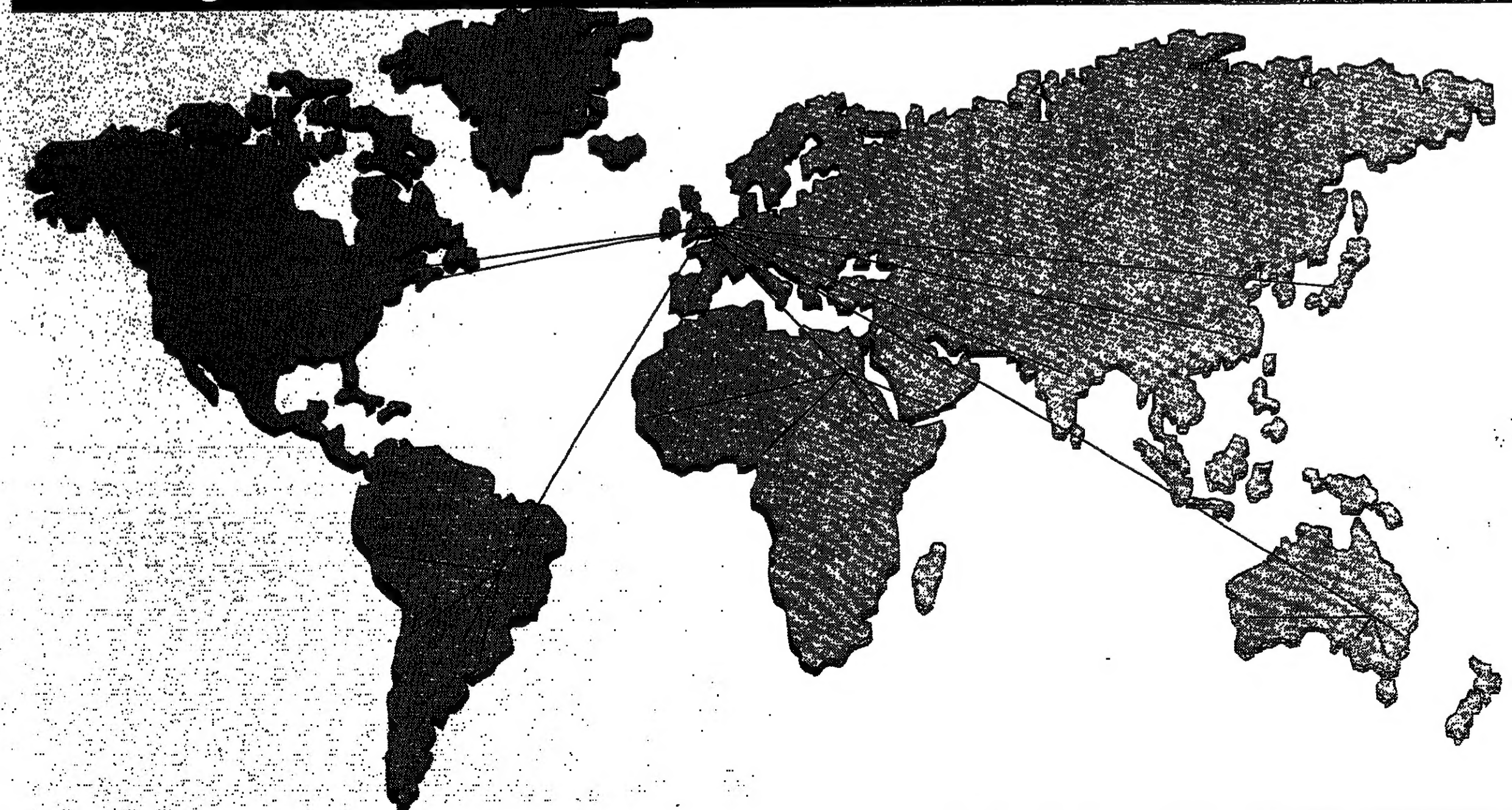
Mr Brewer said yesterday that contrary to what some commentators were saying the property market was still very sound, and that a lot of people had come to him wanting a mortgage of £500,000 upwards.

"These people are not broke, and they could buy the property outright if they wanted, but they see the value in borrowing at 10 per cent, with house prices increasing at a greater rate. I think it is about time that lenders got together to help the well-off borrower. If I had to lend money, I would prefer to lend to the rich."

He argued that the borrowers more likely to get into trouble were those borrowing four and even five times their salary.

"If interest rates were to go up substantially I do not know how they would be able to pay. People should not be encouraged to borrow like that. I believe three times salary is enough."

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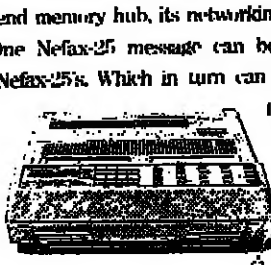
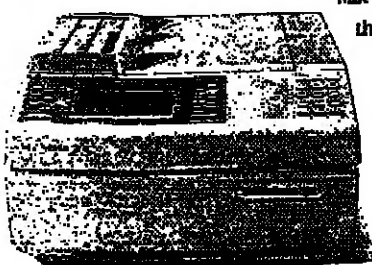
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The New Hampshire primaries

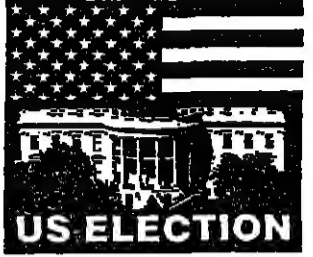
Battle to decide who will come in second

From Michael Binyon, Nashua

Voters in New Hampshire go to the polls today to decide one of the tensest and most unpredictable primary elections in recent political history.

The polls show a virtual dead heat between Vice-President George Bush and Senator Robert Dole among the Republicans, and a similarly close race for Democratic second place between Senator Paul Simon and Congressman Richard Gephardt. The focus is also on the second-tier candidates, whose political future will be decided today.

On the Republican side, Congressman Jack Kemp is running an aggressive campaign to remain viable. At the weekend he attacked both the



front-runners and the Rev Pat Robertson, who is the greatest threat to his conservative constituency.

Mr Kemp was yesterday endorsed by the *Boston Herald*, which called him "a man of genuine vision" and said he had conducted his campaign "above reproach". The conservative paper, like the other Boston media, has become a big influence in the campaign.

Mr Pete du Pont, who needs to do better today than his poll projections of 7 per cent to remain in the race, has been endorsed by the *Manchester Union-Leader*. However, this bedrock conservative paper has lost much of its notoriously vituperative influence.

Mr du Pont and Mr Kemp were the most spirited chal-

lengers to Mr Bush and Mr Dole in the final Republican debate on Sunday, as the front-runners decided to mask their bitter feud with a show of tempered civility. At one point Mr Kemp turned on Mr Bush, saying "you should be embarrassed" for suggesting the US should "give peace a chance" on the Soviet pull-out from Afghanistan. This stance indicates the need among Republican conservatives to demonstrate an almost visceral anti-communism.

Despite Mr Kemp's stinging accusations at the weekend that the Robertson camp had defamed him, he failed to attack Mr Robertson during the debate.

To the surprise of everyone, Mr Robertson claimed in the debate that the Russians had violated the Cuba agreement by deploying SS4 missiles there. The White House afterwards said it knew nothing about this, and yesterday Mr Robertson's aides said he had referred to launchers not missiles.

Mr Robertson's support here remains the big mystery of today's election. The latest polls show that despite the solid support of evangelicals, especially in the South, he arouses strong negative feelings among most voters. "Anyone who thinks he can move hurricanes shouldn't have his finger on the nuclear button," one Bush supporter here said.

On the Democratic side, two candidates will probably be eliminated today. Mr Bruce Babbitt, with only 3 per cent in the polls, has all but given up, but is gamely exhibiting his self-deprecating humour until the end.

Mr Gary Hart has seen his support erode disastrously in the state he won with a surprise victory over Mr Walter Mondale in 1984. With almost no staff, little money



Governor Michael Dukakis, the Democratic presidential front-runner, and his wife leaving a campaign meeting at Derry.

and travelling with only a small and embittered retinue, he has been insisting that he has something better — "the power of ideas". He said at the weekend he would stay in the race, even if he does poorly here. But he added: "I'm not a dog in the manger. I'm not a spoiler."

Mr Richard Gephardt, suffering from the onslaught of rival Democrats who have made much of his "flip-flops", appears to have lost momentum and has slipped back behind Senator Simon. But

the statistical difference is insignificant.

Mr Simon has conceded that he will not be able to keep going if he comes a poor third here. In these last hectic days he has taken aim also at Governor Michael Dukakis, the overwhelming Democratic front-runner, attacking his record on education and lack of foreign policy experience.

Mr Dukakis, confident and unruffled, has run an efficient and straightforward campaign, and maintains his lead by well over 2-1. He is being

careful not to appear overconfident. With the final polls giving him some 40 per cent of the Democratic vote, compared with only 17 per cent for Senator Simon, his closest rival, Mr Dukakis seems assured of a big win, but insisted: "It ain't over till it's over."

Yesterday he visited his campaign headquarters in Concord and Manchester to thank his efficient teams there and encourage an all-out last-minute effort. He also walked

around in the centre of Concord, the New Hampshire state capital, shaking hands and campaigning vigorously.

Mr Dukakis, whose popularity rests in large measure on his blocking the opening of an unpopular and now bankrupt nuclear power plant in southern New Hampshire, has run here also as a "favourite son".

His strong stand against an oil levy, which would raise heating-oil costs considerably in this snowy state, has won him popularity.

Master of melody is dead

Palm Springs (AP) — Frederick Loewe, the composer who teamed with the lyricist Alan Jay Lerner to enchant audiences with classic musicals like "Gigi", "Camelot", "My Fair Lady" and "Brigadoon", has died.

Loewe, aged 86, died of heart failure in hospital on Sunday, Mr John Morris, a friend, said. He had been admitted on Wednesday with chest pains.

Lerner and Loewe produced such songs as "Almost Like Being in Love" and "I Could Have Danced All Night".

Gene Kelly, who appeared in the film version of "Brigadoon", said: "He was a fantastic man, an eccentric and an adventurer."

He added: "I was lucky to do 'Brigadoon' because it was a singer's picture. But Frederick helped make it a dancer's picture with my small Irish tenor called upon to sing all those wonderful songs."

The actress Leslie Caron, who played in "Gigi", said of Loewe: He looked a bit like Edward G. Robinson playing a gangster. When I first met him he put me off. Then I realized he was a softy."

When Lerner died in 1986, Loewe said: "It won't be long before we'll be writing together again. I just hope they have a decent piano up there."

Obituary, page 16

WORLD ROUNDUP

Poll clears path for Cyprus deal

Hopes of breaking the 14-year impasse in diplomatic efforts to reunite Cyprus rose yesterday after the defeat of President Kyprianou in the first round of presidential elections (Andrew McEwen writes). Both candidates in the run-off, which will be held next Sunday, are in favour of resuming the stalled peace process with the breakaway Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus.

Mr Glafkos Clerides, the conservative candidate, who polled 33.34 per cent of the vote, has said talks should begin as soon as possible. Mr George Vassiliou, who took 30.09 per cent and has the backing of the communist Akel party, is willing to meet Mr Kaud Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot leader. Diplomats in Ankara say that Turkey may withdraw up to 5,000 troops from the island to clear the way for talks.

Leading article, page 15

Curb on births

Peking (Reuters) — China will extend a system of rewards and punishments to curb unplanned pregnancies and limit population growth, family planning officials said yesterday.

They said that a family planning official would be appointed in every town and would be punished if too many babies were born. Women would be paid to sign birth contracts with the state and some areas have already introduced guarantees of old-age benefits for men and women who are sterilized after bearing just one child or two daughters.

Purge in Brunei

Bandar Seri Begawan (Reuters) — Brunei's opposition National Democratic Party has been dissolved and Abdul Latif Hamid, its president, has been detained, diplomatic sources said yesterday.

There were unconfirmed reports that Abdul Latif, the party secretary-general, had fled from Brunei. In November he and Latif Hamid announced that they had urged Sir Muda Hassan Bolkiah, Brunei's Sultan and one of the world's richest men, to resign as Prime Minister of "a feudal-style government."

Briton murdered

Mrs Jill Davis, aged 59, from Maidstone, Kent, was shot dead by robbers who held up tourists on a river cruise in northern Thailand. Mrs Sylvia Crozier, aged 48, from Sunderland, and Mrs Hazel Sheldon, aged 58, of Somerset, were wounded in the attack (Our Foreign Staff write).

Mrs Crozier's daughter, Lisa, said from their home: "Mum rang from hospital and said she had been shot in the thigh, but she stayed in just for the day." Mrs Crozier told her daughter that the boat owner had tried to escape and the robbers then "opened fire at anything". Thai police said four men robbed four tourist boats on the Kok River and fired on two boats carrying the Britons when they tried to flee.

Paris on flood alert

Paris — Paris remained on red alert last night as the Seine continued to overflow in many areas, completely covering the lower ring road, and the broad quays in the centre of the city (Susan MacDonald writes).

Continuous rain for three weeks has caused the river to rise 17 ft above its normal 87 ft depth, but it has not reached the catastrophic levels of 1910, when it rose 29 ft and boats had to take to the Paris boulevards to rescue stranded people.

Koivisto wins vote

Helsinki — Finland's 301-strong electoral college sealed the re-election of President Koivisto for his second five-year term yesterday (Olli Kivinen writes).

Mr Koivisto received 189 votes in the second ballot, which is 38 more than needed for an absolute majority, after falling seven votes short in the first ballot. The electors were needed because none of the candidates received the needed 50 per cent of the popular vote a fortnight ago.

Migrant bear killed

Reykjavik (AFP, Reuters) — Exceptionally cold weather in Arctic regions has created an ice bridge between Greenland and Iceland, but a young Greenland polar bear which travelled abroad was shot dead by a farmer on arrival in northern Iceland. Official "shoot-to-kill" orders were given, despite lobbying efforts by environmentalists. Unlike Greenland, Iceland does not classify polar bears as a protected species.

Honour for Berry

West Berlin (AP) — Chuck Berry, right, the veteran American rock and roll star, in Berlin yesterday, where he was given the Berthold Cantor award on Sunday night as recognition for his work in both film and music. His film *Chuck Berry: Hall of Rock 'n' Roll*, directed by Taylor Hackford, is being shown at the West Berlin International Film Festival.



Gandhi reshuffle rounds up old political warhorses

From Michael Hamlyn, Delhi

Observers have detected an unmistakable electoral purpose behind the latest ministerial changes in India.

Although Mr Rajiv Gandhi, the Indian Prime Minister, ruled out the possibility of mid-term polls, there is a round of parliamentary elections to be fought sooner or later and the Government's term of office is now well past the halfway mark. In addition, a vital state election will have to be held shortly in the southern state of Tamil Nadu.

With his ministerial reshuffle, Mr Gandhi has also girded himself to face a difficult budget session in Parliament next week, and a still more difficult summer ahead. In the course of the parliamentary session the report into the Bofors defence contracts scandal will be presented, and further disclosures are widely expected from the sleuths of the opposition-dominated press.

The Prime Minister's economic policy is likely to come under fire now that inflation is into double figures and rising, and the country is facing an extremely difficult situation with a desperate shortage of water and electricity.

Mr Gandhi is taking no chances with his changes. Although there are 13 new entrants he has not brought in new faces so much as recycled

old ones. The key men in senior ministries have been left alone (with exception of the Agriculture Minister, Mr G.S. Dhilon, who has been dropped), and those brought in include some encouragingly ancient warhorses.

It is evident that Mr Gandhi hopes to persuade his party that there is an end to the experiments with personnel and policies, and that the last 20 months of his Government is to be a time of consolidation and reassurance.

New Cabinet members include Mr Dinesh Singh, who has been out of office for 17 years, having served under three previous Prime Ministers. He is the erstwhile Rajah of Kalakankar in Uttar Pradesh, and is regarded by some as a possible caste answer to the attraction of Mr V.P. Singh, the former Rajah of Mandi, who left Mr Gandhi's Government last year to form an opposition alliance.

Two other entrants are Mr Bindeswar Dubey and Mr Motilal Vora, who have been so unpopular or unsuccessful as Chief Ministers in Bihar and Madhya Pradesh that they have been replaced in the reshuffle.

Politicians brought into the junior ministerial ranks include Mr C.K. Jaffer Sharief, who left Mr Gandhi's ministry

three years ago after publicly falling out with his senior minister at railways, and Mr L.P. Sahi, an old freedom fighter, who comes into the ministerial ranks at 68.

The dynastic principle is reaffirmed by the induction of Mr H.K. Shastri, the 50-year-old son of the late Prime Minister, Lal Bahadur Shastri, into the Agriculture ministry, and of Mrs Sumati Orson, widow of a noted Bihar tribal politician.

At the same time, the removal of the Chief Ministers who had caused a good deal of party disaffection may have helped the same process.

While the changes have received, in general, a fairly neutral welcome, the editor of the opposition *Indian Express*, the largest circulation newspaper in the country, is in no doubt about where he stands.

"Nobodies," the editor, Mr Arun Shourie, said in a signed front-page editorial, "from Nowhere. To Nowhere."

Leading article, page 15

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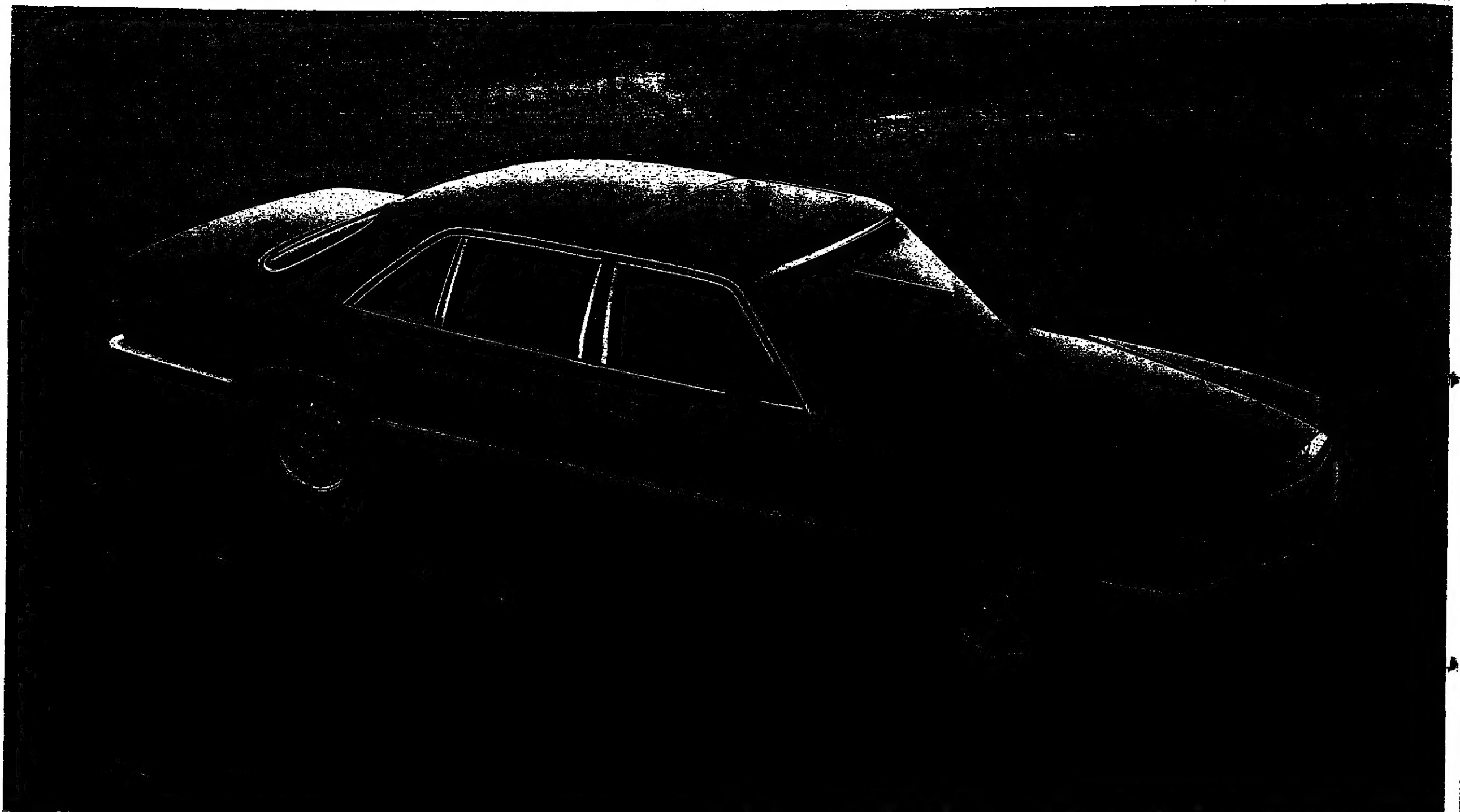
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*The other five drive Mercedes-Benz coupes or the 190E 2.3 16.

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Soldiers to be charged over West Bank atrocity as blast holes PLO ship

Israeli Army chief calls burials 'worse than a nightmare'

For Major-General Amram Mitzna, the Commander of the Army in the West Bank, the report that some of his men were involved in burying four Arabs alive is worse than a nightmare. "Even in my worst dreams I would never imagine such a thing," he said yesterday.

Yet after two months in which his troops have been under orders to "beat stone-throwing Palestinians" into submission, General Mitzna appeared not to be completely surprised by the atrocity. "I constantly warn commanders to expect the most awful things that could happen when soldiers find themselves all of a sudden committing a crime and deciding the lives of men."

Military police yesterday interviewed the soldiers involved and the bodies of the four Arabs were buried in the same area. The bodies were found in a ditch, and the soldiers were charged with the crime of burying the bodies in the same area. The soldiers were charged with the crime of burying the bodies in the same area.

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Along with civilian settlers they had gone into houses and

From Ian Murray, Jerusalem

ordered youths to clear away roadblocks of boulders and burning tyres. One youth said he burnt his hands on the tyres. Four of them said they were then beaten by troops and settlers and made to lie on the ground, when the man in command, who they believe was called "Charlie" trod on their legs and heads.

Investigators were told that a soldier then clubbed them and "Charlie" ordered a civilian bulldozer driver, who was



Under Israeli military law, a soldier can be prosecuted for disobeying an order, even if it is illegal. However, if the order is "manifestly unlawful" he can be charged with disobeying it.

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propaganda. Major Ofray Press, central command's spokeswoman, said yesterday: "I have a big imagination but this was beyond my imagination." Eventually press inquiries forced the Army to investigate and the story was found to be true.

Military police are meant to investigate all cases of excessive brutality as well as the wrongful use of firearms. Several officers have been suspended from duty for allowing men to get out of control, and a number of soldiers have been convicted of using excessive violence.

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Cyprus bomb cripples Palestinian boat

By Our Foreign Staff

Nicosia, Cyprus (AP) — A Commission of Enquiry into the explosion which yesterday blew a hole in a boat for a voyage to Israel, has found that the explosion was caused by a bomb planted on the boat by a Palestinian.

The PLO immediately blamed Israel for the explosion, but at least three Palestinian groups, including a Palestinian splinter group, separately claimed that they were responsible.

Mr Fouad Al Bitar, head of the PLO mission in Athens, told a press conference in the city that the Israelis were clearly behind the bombing of the 61st Sea Cyprus-owned ferry Sol Phryne at Limassol in Cyprus since they were the only ones concerned.

In a call to a news agency in Nicosia, a man saying he spoke for the Kach organization of Rabbi Meir Kahane said: "We are Kach International. We are responsible for the bomb in Limassol. It was set in a car that was

on the first floor of the ship. This was a car with a bomb of a marine surgeon who said the explosion occurred outside the ship."

An anonymous caller to another news agency in Cyprus claimed the Jewish Defence League was responsible. "This is only a warning," he said. "Next time we will bomb it without the people on it." The man spoke English and the call appeared to come from abroad.

When asked if the Jewish Defence League was also responsible for the killing of three PLO officers in Limassol on Sunday, the caller said: "No comment," and hung up. Security sources in Cyprus said the three Palestinians had been connected with the Sol Phryne charter deal.

In another call, to a news agency in Athens, the Damascus-based Palestinian splinter group, the Salvation Front, also claimed responsibility for the blast.

The PLO spokesman in Athens, Mr Bassam Abu Sharif, said after the explosion that the voyage of the "ship of return" would begin once repairs were made to the hull of the Sol Phryne. Neither he nor Mr Bitar

could give any indication of when that would be. "An explosive charge was planted on the ship that was supposed to carry the journey of return," Mr Sharif told reporters.

"The ship is under repair now. The journey will take place and we know that our battle for peace with Israel is not an easy one," he said, adding that the ferry was to carry the 130 deportees and accompanying observers and journalists to the Israeli port of Haifa. Israel has warned that it will not allow the ship to enter its waters.

Meanwhile, a PLO spokesman in Algeria has said that another ship will be obtained for the voyage.

In Limassol, the ship's master, Captain Cleanthis Vlahopoulos, a Greek from Athens, told reporters at Limassol that he heard a loud bang in the early hours of yesterday morning. The crew, he said, quickly abandoned the vessel, which had begun taking water, through a hole in its port side. "The boat was shaking and then it listed," he said. The crew later returned to the vessel.

Asked in Jerusalem about the explosion, Mr Baruch Marzel, a

spokesman for Rabbi Kahane, now a member of the Israeli Parliament and presently out of the country, said: "I think this is a great act to sanctify the Lord. This is an excellent deed and I bless the people who did it." But he would not comment on the anonymous call to the news agency in Nicosia, saying: "I am not allowed to talk about all these issues. These are our internal matters."

He added that the Kach Party had rented a ship "that is able to take about 40 people" and planned to block the PLO ship if it sailed.

The Palestinian deportees and hundreds of accompanying reporters and observers had already gathered at Athens airport to fly to Cyprus for the much-delayed voyage when news of the explosion came through.

The deportees range from taxi drivers and manual workers to a university professor, an Anglican bishop and parliamentarians from Israel, Italy, Belgium and Ireland, and peace activists from the United States and Europe. The voyage is aimed at dramatizing international opposition to Israeli violence in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Kinnock criticizes Shamir for blocking peace moves

Mr Neil Kinnock yesterday started his Middle East tour with fierce criticism of Mr Yitzhak Shamir, the Prime Minister of Israel, for his "obstructive" attitude to peace initiatives in the occupied territories.

Mr Kinnock prepared the ground for a tense confrontation with the Israeli leader later this week when he said, after a meeting with President Mubarak of Egypt, that Mr Shamir's approach "produces stagnation that can be to nobody's benefit."

The Labour leader called on the United States to increase the pace of its Middle East peace effort, and cast doubt on the chances of the latest American peace initiative

From Philip Webster, Cairo

succeeding without a commitment to a full international peace conference.

Outside the presidential palace, he disclosed Mr Mubarak's view that the proposal, unveiled last week and to be followed up shortly by a visit to the region by Mr George Shultz, the US Secretary of State, was "unlikely to be really productive".

The scheme envisages an international "opening" to discussions on interim plans for limited autonomy in the occupied territories before full negotiations on final status by December.

Mr Kinnock said: "My belief, and I get the strong

impression Mr Mubarak's belief, is that the Americans should now, even before George Shultz comes to the Middle East, shift gear and move their position to give that full enthusiasm."

ROME — Mr Shamir flew here yesterday for talks with Italian leaders about the prospects for a Middle East peace settlement (Roger Boyes writes). His reception by politicians and trade unionists was at best frosty.

Mr Shamir's first move was to cancel a meeting with the chairman of the three main Italian trade union federations which had helped to organize a weekend demonstration which called on Israel to recognize Palestinian rights.

Olympic Games fever

Seoul goes for the gold

From Gavin Bell, Seoul

The Gate to World Peace is still a jumble of scaffolding, and the running track is covered with snow. But the 1,780 extra-long beds have been ordered, and hundreds of taxi drivers are dutifully learning a new English phrase daily.

With seven months to go before the opening of the Seoul Olympics, the city is bustling towards its big day with the energy and enthusiasm of an emergent nation preparing for independence — which, in a sense, it is.

For South Korea, the Games of the XXIVth Olympiad are far more than an international festival of sport. They represent a golden opportunity to be accepted in the select league of advanced nations, and to inflict a diplomatic reverse on North Korea by forging important political and economic ties with the hitherto closed communist world.

Thus the erstwhile hermit kingdom, and its ancient capital in particular, is gripped by Olympic fever.

While workmen swarm around the Olympic park and its ceremonial gate, department stores and street markets are already overflowing with "official" souvenirs bearing the friendly figure of Hodori, the Korean tiger cub chosen as the Games mascot.

In their multi-storey headquarters overlooking the Olympic park, members of the organizing committee tune in to daily broadcasts of a BBC course entitled *Olympic English*. Across the city, at the Jin taxi company, 300 drivers gather to chant in unison phrases such as "Welcome to Seoul" and "Where to, sir?" before starting their shifts.

The 2,000-year-old city is also sprucing itself up for an estimated 230,000 visitors during the two-week extravaganza. Some \$832 million (£473 million) has been spent cleaning up the heavily polluted Han river flowing past the competition venues, and

thousands of new street lights are being installed. Messrs Coe and Cram may be pleased to learn that the authorities have also ordered all factories near competition sites to halt or limit their operations during the Games to diminish air pollution.

With the threat of a communist boycott behind them, the organizers are focusing on the more insidious danger of attacks by North Korean terrorists. Athletes and officials will probably enjoy the tightest security in Olympic history, ranging from a triple fence with an electronic intrusion system around their residences to an aircraft carrier battle group from the US Pacific Fleet off the coast.

In addition to South Korea's pervasive intelligence agencies, an elite corps of 60,000 police and military guards has been formed to protect stadia, training sites, cultural venues and tourist hotels. The national police plan to mobilize a further 120,000 officers to ensure, among other things, that no dastardly assassin gets a marathon runner in his sights.

Mr Hwang Kyu Ung, director of the organizing committee's security department, said: "Tight security inevitably invites inconvenience, but inconvenience is far better than misfortune."

It now seems likely that the only North Korean to witness an Olympic event will be a member of the cloak-and-dagger brigade, since officials discount the possibility of Pyongyang's hosting any of the sports. The South Korean committee, carefully attributing its view to remarks by

Scholar Juan Antonio Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee, says that it would be impossible to make the necessary arrangements in the time remaining.

Whatever other benefits South Korea may derive from the Games, it is predicting a net profit of \$271 million from an overall investment of \$3.1 billion. About 20 countries, including Britain, have already sold their allocations of tickets for the opening and closing ceremonies, and hotel rooms are likely to be as highly prized as gold medals.

By the end of last month, all but 900 of the 29,400 hotel rooms in Seoul and its outskirts were booked for the Olympic period. The authorities are now inspecting 9,000 inns and 500 private homes with a view to accommodating the influx of visitors.

Some 10,000 flats built for official delegations, journalists and tourists near the Olympic venues have been sold to South Koreans, who will move in a few weeks after the athletes have gone home.

Apart from the king-size beds for the likes of Daley Thompson, they are being equipped with computerized appliances allowing residents to activate heating and cooking systems by dialling a telephone number from outside — just the thing after a hard day on the track.

For the present, with Korea in the grip of its customary severe winter, the Olympic park and the main stadium a mile away have a forlorn aspect. The trees are bare, the artificial lake is frozen, and ice forms every night on the vast dome of the half-completed swimming pool.

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ANYTHING'S POSSIBLE WITH THE WOOLWICH

Nato searches for way through weapons maze

Tomorrow, less than a week after the bruising EEC sessions on farm reform, Mrs Thatcher returns to Brussels to prepare the ground for the Nato summit on March 2-3, called to resolve the disarmament over the West's disarmament priorities before the next superpower meeting in the summer.

The issues are no less painful than agricultural subsidy cuts, and certainly no less important to Europeans.

The immediate dilemma is whether Nato should abolish or update the short-range atomic weapons left in West Germany after the removal of cruise and Pershing2 under the Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces Treaty agreed last December in Washington.

Bonn wants the issue high on the agenda and is against modernization, except as part of a coherent post-INF strategy. The short-range issue, therefore, relates to talks on conventional and chemical arms — the top priorities for Mrs Thatcher and President Mitterrand of France.

But the long-term question is whether Nato's strategy of flexible response, based on a graded mix of nuclear and conventional defences to respond to any level of Warsaw Pact aggression, can survive at all.

Some Nato officials fear not. They privately warn that, after the removal of medium-range missiles once said to be vital to European

defences — the publics of Western Europe are questioning the deterrent value of nuclear weapons.

One diplomat said: "It would be far more difficult to deploy new missiles today than in 1983, after the decision to respond to the SS20 threat. Europeans are now less alarmed by the Soviet threat, partly because Gorbachov seems benevolent." Nor will Europeans be easily persuaded to spend more on expensive improvements on conventional forces.

Moscow's repeated warnings to Nato not to take "compensatory

Brussels View

By Richard Owen

measures" to ensure Warsaw Pact targets remain covered after the INF deal find an echo in Western opinion, which wants the disarmament process consolidated and taken further and is suspicious of anything which looks like a backward step.

Even after the removal of cruise and Pershing2, Nato will have several thousand nuclear warheads in Europe to make Moscow think twice about using its huge arsenal.

Nato's remaining arms, apart from short-range missiles and nuclear-capable artillery, include missiles launched both in the air and from submarines — without taking

into account the British and French independent forces.

But the worrying gap for Nato is in land-based missiles at or near the front line. The West Germans remain anxious about updating land-based, short-range weapons, such as Lance — which has a range of 70 miles — to bring them up to the 300 miles permitted in the wake of the INF Treaty.

A senior Nato source said: "If the US Congress voted funds for a new Lance, Western Europeans — and especially West Germans — simply would not want it on their soil."

One fear is that, if the short-range missiles are not modernized, they will become obsolete. Europe — particularly Bonn — would then become susceptible to the Soviet argument that the INF "double zero" should be followed by a "third zero", eliminating short-range weapons altogether.

This would be a decisive step toward the denuclearization of Europe, which is strongly opposed by Mrs Thatcher.

It would also reinforce the spectre of a decoupling of Europe from America, since the presence of US nuclear missiles in Europe has in the past symbolized the transatlantic defence bond.

Mr Frank Carlucci, the US Secretary of Defence, gave a warning in Munich this month that, if short-

range missiles were not upgraded, Washington might have to re-assess its military presence in Europe, because its troops would lack protection.

So the question for Mrs Thatcher is to determine in what direction she should point the Western alliance. There is a growing feeling in Nato that the West should go ahead with plans to modernize the short-range missiles, while also pursuing a 50 per cent cut in strategic arms and testing Mr Mikhail Gorbachov's post-INF intentions through the proposed new talks in Vienna on imbalances in conventional forces.

Some voices in the US Congress even want Washington to link the proposed cuts in superpower strategic missiles to East-West progress in the conventional and chemical weapons fields to force Moscow's hand. Yet this, too, would arouse European anxieties that the Americans were imposing impossible conditions on Moscow over conventional forces to avoid further nuclear disarmament.

In other words, many Europeans now see atomic weapons as more of a threat than a protection, and want security based on a conventional balance. They may be willing to accept a situation in which there is no "middle rung" of land-based nuclear missiles to stand between a Warsaw Pact conventional attack

and the use of American strategic missiles.

Some Nato experts question in private whether a US President would authorize a strategic nuclear response to a Soviet attack on Europe. One European Nato expert said: "We need nuclear weapons in Europe, not because they compensate for conventional weaknesses but because they deter."

"Our task is to get this across: restore the consensus. It does not follow that, if Gorbachov makes us a conventional forces offer, we cannot refuse, we can then agree not to modernize or replace our remaining nuclear missiles on the grounds that the conventional threat had been neutralized."

But many people in Western Europe might think that it does follow.

Mrs Thatcher and the Nato summit have to face both West German anxieties about short-range weapons after INF, and the reality that the treaty, and the prospect of a reduced Soviet conventional threat as the next step, affect the consensus about the role of nuclear weapons on which Nato policy has been based.

It will take more than Mrs Thatcher's one-day visit, or even a two-day summit next month, to carry out the long-term rethink of Nato strategy needed as a result.

Stroessner is re-elected amid claims of poll fraud

From Alan Riding, Asunción

President Stroessner of Paraguay has been overwhelmingly re-elected to an eighth term amid opposition charges that the voting was marked by widespread fraud.

The outcome of the election on Sunday was never in doubt, but the results seemed to reflect the Government's desire to show that an opposition campaign calling on voters to abstain or to spoil their ballots had failed.

While opposition spokesmen asserted that more than 30 per cent of voters in many urban areas had abstained, the Government announced voter turn-outs of 90 to 98 per cent, even in areas where the opposition has support.

In a speech broadcast on radio and television, Dr Sabino Montanaro, the Minister of the Interior, said that General Stroessner and the Colorado Party's slate of candidates won 982,316 votes, or 90 per cent of the ballots counted. Señor Luis María Vega of the Radical Liberal Party had 78,141 votes, or 7 per cent, and Señor Carlos Ferreira Ybarra of the Liberal Party had 32,403 votes, or 3 per cent.

Foreign diplomats said it would be impossible to obtain accurate election results because the process was tightly controlled by the Government and the Colorado Party.

But the diplomats said that the opposition had succeeded more than in previous elections in drawing local and international attention to the authoritarian nature of the regime that seized power 34 years ago. The Government

has unwittingly helped the opposition by ordering armed police to break up protest marches organized by the Committee for Free Elections.

The committee, which includes six small political parties as well as some labour and student groups, had planned to hold a series of anti-government demonstrations outside churches on Sunday, but several were forestalled by police action.

Señor Domingo Laino, a prominent opposition leader, was arrested with three others before dawn on Sunday as they drove to the town of Caaguazú to lead one such protest. They were released in Asunción 12 hours later.

Two leading Colorado Party dissidents, Señor Carlos Romero Arce and Señor Waldiro Ramón Lovera, were also stopped by the police as they drove on Sunday morning to the town of Ypacarai. Witnesses said both were beaten by police agents.

Señor Laino told reporters that, despite what he called Sunday's "electoral masquerade", the opposition would keep up its offensive until a scheduled visit here in May by the Pope.

With the temperature in the 90s, Asunción's streets on Sunday were silent and almost empty. One woman and her ageing mother said they had voted for General Stroessner because he guaranteed "peace and tranquillity", but many younger voters said they had abstained, explaining with a smile that they had lost their electoral permits.

©New York Times



Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, has a jovial reunion with his Soviet counterpart, Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, in Moscow yesterday. Sir Geoffrey and his wife later had the rare honour of dining with Mr and Mrs Shevardnadze at their flat.

Stolen Nazi files 'in Britain'

From John England, Bonn

Many of the 80,000 top secret Nazi files stolen from the American-administered Berlin Document Centre are believed to be in the hands of British collectors or dealers in Nazi memorabilia.

According to the West Berlin newspaper *Berliner Morgenpost*, the missing documents include "explosives" and so far highly secret files on leading figures of the Third Reich. Herr Volker Kahne, spokesman for the West Berlin justice authorities, said yesterday: "We understand that many of them have been sold to British dealers or collectors."

"It will obviously be difficult

to get them back, because no one will be willing to admit that he possesses stolen property. But we are in touch with the British police."

Herr Kahne said the West Berlin public prosecutor was investigating the German deputy head of the centre, as well as many dealers in Nazi memorabilia throughout West Germany, on suspicion of theft or receiving stolen property. Some of the documents were said to have been sold for up to £1,666 each, he added.

The *Berliner Morgenpost* said huge sums had been made by a well-organized group that blackmailed prominent West Germans over their Nazi

past. But Herr Kahne said the authorities had no evidence to support that report.

About 1,500 documents had been recovered, he added. They included a letter from the famed U-boat commander, Günther Prien, to his superiors; a letter from Dr Theo Morell, Hitler's personal physician, to a high-ranking SS officer; and a paper written in 1933 by Wilhelm Canaris, German military intelligence chief from 1935 to 1944.

The Americans have made several attempts to hand over the archives to the West Germans, who have expressed little interest in them.

Return to emergency rejected

Manila — Communist gunmen were accused yesterday of murdering another policeman in broad daylight, but the Philippines House of Representatives voted unanimously to reject any government moves to bring back emergency rule to fight the 19-year-old communist insurgency (Our Correspondent writes).

The policeman, Mr Pablo Cruz, was shot while driving to work with his wife in a Manila suburb. Four men opened fire on his car as it slowed down at a railway crossing, killing him instantly.

Last Saturday, another policeman was murdered in an open-air dance hall. There have been almost 80 assassinations in the past year.

Polish fight

Warsaw (AFP) — The outlawed Polish Socialist Party, which was founded three months ago, has pledged to fight to change the constitution to end the monopoly of the Communists.

Peace protest

Miyazaki (AFP) — Japan and the US began a military exercise off the western Japanese islands of Kyushu and Shikoku amid protests by local pacifist groups.

Marine dies

Limoges (AFP) — One of three US Marines injured by a grenade blast at a training camp in central France at the weekend has died of his injuries.

School riot

Nairobi (AFP) — Kenyan police arrested up to 30 children after rioting pupils burnt and partly destroyed their boarding school at Nyeri.

Planes hit

Baghdad (Reuters) — Iraq said its anti-aircraft gunners shot down two unmanned Iranian surveillance aircraft over the southern sector of its war front with Tehran.

Bomb defused

Tegucigalpa (AFP) — A car bomb was defused inside the headquarters of the US Army in Honduras at Palmerola.

Coining it

Reno (AFP) — A Nevada businessman won \$6.9 million (£3.96 million) from a slot machine.

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JAEGER

Expulsion of Basques alarms lawyers

From Philip Jacobson, Hendaye, south-west France

Siens wailing, headlights flashing, a convoy of police cars escorts a grey prison van through this little border town and across the St Jacques bridge that marks the frontier with Spain. Just beyond "no man's land" armed Spanish security men stub out cigarettes and begin checking their papers.

After brief greetings all round, documents are signed and exchanged and a dark-haired youth in civilian clothes is handed over to the Spanish authorities.

He is last seen climbing into a van with barred windows, then another convoy speeds him away to face interrogation about links with Eta, the Basque separatist movement.

Scenes like this are becoming increasingly common in Hendaye, which nestles beneath the Pyrenees in the heart of Basque country. For almost six months, an impressive

force of frontier guards, helicopter-borne gendarmes, paramilitary commandos, and intelligence agents has been scouring the region in an attempt to smash the last of the Eta networks on this side of the border.

With the military wing of Eta in disarray after the security operations that followed last October's discovery of a key base not far from Hendaye, the full rigour of France's tough new anti-terrorist legislation is now being directed against the large community of Spanish Basque refugees.

In one sweep after another, suspected activists — a phrase which embraces anything from sheltering a wanted man to distributing separatist literature — are being expelled under a procedure known as *urgence absolue*.

What that means is exem-

Madrid (Reuters) — Basque guerrillas and the Spanish Government are deadlocked over a proposal to end violence in the separatists' war for independence (Reuters reports). Eta said yesterday that its guerrillas had not formally laid down arms despite the ceasefire offer last month and repeated that there would be no formal ceasefire without preliminary talks. But the Government has said there will be no talks before a ceasefire.

plified by the case of Juli Otegui, whose husband was handed over in this fashion last summer. She was recently detained by an armed police squad on the way to collect her four-year-old child from kindergarten.

That evening she, too, was driven across the bridge at Hendaye after a magistrate in Paris had approved her immediate expulsion on allegations that she had no opportunity to challenge.

According to the respected newspaper *Le Monde*, the security forces frequently set out on such operations with blank expulsion orders already signed, filling in the names as suspects are picked up in Basque strongholds like "petite Bayonne" or the little villages clinging to the slopes of the Pyrenees.

On other occasions, detainees are immediately flown to Paris to appear before M Michel Legrand, the magistrate presiding over the capital's 14th section, the nerve centre of France's legal assault on terrorism (some are promptly flown back and expelled after a brief hearing).

This remorseless pressure on Eta's civilian support is straight from the counter-insurgency textbook, designed to keep the remaining hardcore fighters on the run.

But it is also attracting

growing criticism from French lawyers and human rights organizations, alarmed at the systematic avoidance of normal legal procedures — "an ominous blow to the independence of the courts in favour of the executive," warned the Syndicate of Advocates.

There is particular concern about the use of anti-terrorism legislation against French citizens (Basques and others) who, for reasons of ideology or humanity, may have assisted the refugees from Spain.

Scores of people in the French Basque region have already been picked up, sometimes in dawn raids in front of their anguished families, on the grounds of "association with wrongdoers".

There have been numerous cases in which the authorities were simply justified: providing false papers or shelter to a known terrorist, agreeing to store a cache of stolen weapons.

The International Air Transport Association (Iata) has made it clear it disagrees with making airlines responsible for collecting the tax, which is taken from passengers not as they arrive but when they leave Australia and have to pay the \$8 departure tax.

Immigration officials refuse to let anyone board an aircraft without the departure tax stamp, but passengers without the arrival stamp are being allowed through.

What particularly annoys the airlines is that many of the arrivals are immigrants from whom they will have no opportunity to reclaim the fee.

Sir Frank Moore, Chairman of the

Airlines get bill for unpaid Australia arrival tax

From Our Correspondent, Sydney

Thousands of visitors to Australia have refused to pay a controversial new £2 arrival fee.

Since the fee was introduced on January 1, to coincide with the start of the bicentennial celebrations, an estimated 96,000 air travellers have either refused or failed to pay. They already have to pay an \$8 departure tax.

Thirty international airlines, including British Airways, are being held responsible by the Australian Government for the missing money, which will total almost £2½ million by the end of the year at the present rate.

The immigration clearance fee — the Government refuses to call it a tax — has provoked a storm of protest, and there have been incidents of passengers abusing airline staff. Tourism officials and airline companies complain it is ruining Australia's image of friendliness and hospitality.

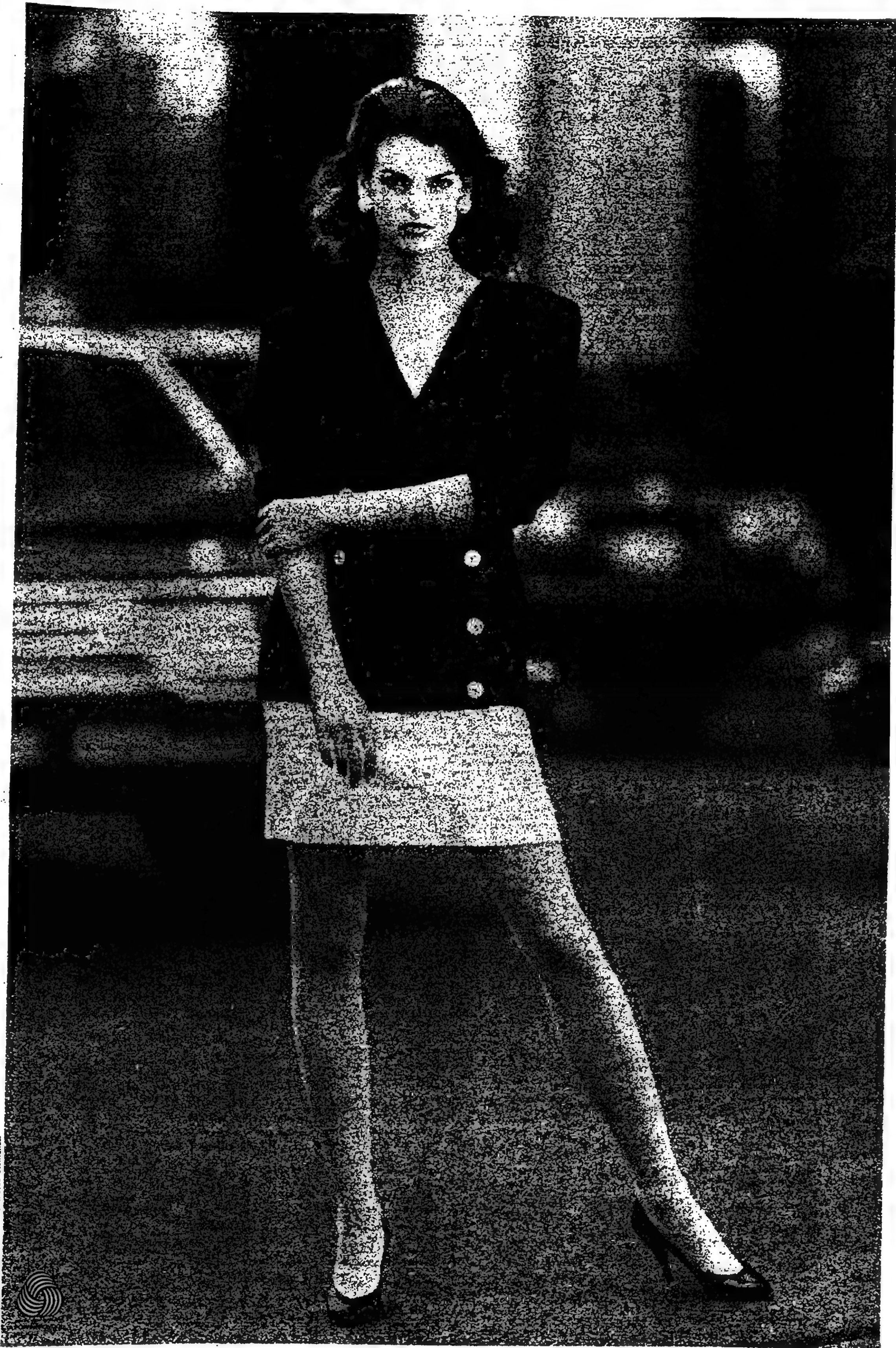
Mr Pat Birdy of British Airways said: "About 38 per cent of all passengers have refused to pay so far. Since it is extremely difficult to collect the fee on departure, the whole system is in danger of breaking down. The airlines are now seeking an urgent meeting with the Government to try to resolve the problem."

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What do they really know?



● Passionate arguments underlie the most radical overhaul of our education system for many years.

● This week *The Times* examines what we are teaching children. We begin with 100 questions that a panel of experts think sixth-form school leavers should be able to answer. Alan Franks tried them out in schools around the country

The questions they got wrong — or rather the ways in which they got them wrong — were an education in themselves. As with 1066 *And All That*, there was just the germ of plausibility in even the worst howlers. Like this one from a pupil (male, 17, sciences) in answer to question 48 (Name five of the British Prime Ministers since the war): Wilson, Callaghan, Thatcher, Thatcher, Thatcher.

Let us first get some of the other gems out of the way, while remembering that many of them are the offerings of otherwise high-scoring and intelligent sixth-formers who by the summer can expect to have three A levels to their credit: the first man to set foot on the moon was Yuri Gagarin, the school in *Nicholas Nickleby* is Greyfriars, the Roman Catholic thriller-writer is Lewis Carroll, *War Requiem* was composed by Andrew Lloyd-Webber, Crick, Watson and Wilkins discovered the hot air balloon, the Prime Minister of France is, Nelson Piquet, the Big Bang occurred in 1605, Aids is one of the two biggest killers in Britain and "To err is human, to forgive, divine" was written by Pope Alexander II.

So, reader, for maximum benefit from this page, stop here and resume only when you have attempted the questions yourself.

The object of our exercise was to gauge what our school-leavers know — not only of historical dates, situations of rivers and geometric formulae — but also of the wider world of current affairs and general knowledge: a goal as simple as its attainment is impossible. Before (and after) you have picked holes in the paper, bear in mind that the bulk of the pupils we tested thought it fair. When asked whether they considered it a pushover or beyond their range, none said yes to the first, and 12 to the second.

The reaction of adults, both teachers and laymen, was rather more impetuous, a first glance drawing gasps of "They'll never get that" or else "But that's ridiculously easy" and not a lot in between.

Of the 97 candidates, the scores ranged from 28 to 80, with an average of 53 per cent. We agreed with the schools in their view that this should not purport to be a comparative study between the state and private sectors, comprehensive and grammar, let alone a contest between individual

institutions. What we wanted, for a change, was a broad trawl of sixth-formers, with a good mix of specialties.

From our four schools — Pate's Grammar in Cheltenham, Jordanhill College School (comprehensive) in Glasgow, Hampstead Comprehensive in north London and St Paul's (boys' public) in west London, each of which fielded teams of between 17 and 32 — we got a sample in which 64 were studying mainly but not entirely science subjects, and 33 mainly arts. The girls, through no design of ours, were outnumbered 37 to 60 by the boys. Perhaps they were on the bright side of the norm, but not so bright that there weren't a few answers of "Reagan" to question four (Which world

'Barchester! Dotheboys Hall! It just confirms my view, people don't read'

leader is associated with the policy of *glasnost*).

Next, the question of how we selected the questions. First we selected our selectors, in whom we sought, among other things, a string of *alphas* for educational theory and classroom credibility. What, we stressed, was it not only desirable but also expectable for our pupils to know? We emphatically did not want questions that would merely flatter pupils in the "good at work" category; nor any that demanded an explanatory answer, which meant that attractive suggestions such as "Does the UK have a balance of payments surplus or deficit and why does this matter?" were inadmissible.

The panel was Neil Fletcher, leader of the Inner London Education Authority, Britain's biggest; Sir David Nickson, president of the Confederation of British Industry; John Rae, writer on education and former head of Westminster School; Lord Belfort, the historian; Richard Hoggart, author of *The Uses of*

Literary, and Illyd Harrington, English teacher and former chairman of the Greater London Council.

The candidates were given about an hour for the paper, although the average time required to complete it as far as they could was probably not much more than 30 minutes.

In the event, the EEC and the first man on the moon tied in first place as the questions most frequently answered correctly, with Shakespeare, the right-angle triangle and the giant panda joint third. The only one answered correctly by none was question 69, arguably unfair since it sought five pieces of information. (Here 47 candidates could supply three or more.)

Kenneth Baker will be glad to learn that the system works well enough to have 61 of the 97 identify him as Secretary of State for Education, but he might not be so happy about some of the unsolicited remarks in brackets. For example: "ugh," "ha ha" and "unfortunately".

While Princess Anne (question 14) emerged quite eminently with 74, Messrs Auden and Eliot (questions 28 and 67 respectively) were blanked in almost total obscurity (Oscar Wilde got a vote for the first one, as did Spike Milligan). No great surprises here, perhaps, but what about question 29 (What was the Final Solution)? A mere 12 respondents got it right, though the marking was generous and gave a tick even if the authors of the Solution were not identified. (St Paul's, incidentally, were clear leaders in this question, with seven correct responses.) So what were the rest thinking about? Apart from the huge majority of blanks, there were the following answers, in order of frequency: nuclear war, 42 (a reference to *The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy*); e=mc², and a book.

Current affairs and politics generally did not fare well, and the complaint about there being nothing resembling proper teaching in the field recurred at every school. Denis Healey and the Davids, Owen and Steel, kept on becoming post-war prime ministers, while almost everyone except Wilson — usually Heath and Thatcher — said that a week in politics is a long time.

As a consensus, ignorance on current affairs did not arise from apathy, but the other way round. At Hampstead a



MICHAEL BOWMETT

17-year-old girl (arts) was resigned to the fact that because "teaching about politics is a political thing in itself, isn't it?", it was unlikely to figure prominently on a timetable at any school. But isn't the teaching of history political by the same token? "Yes, perhaps, but not so much, the more you go further back."

At Jordanhill it was a similar story: terrific hunger for more awareness of things behind the daily flow of political news (the workings of Parliament, for example). These were very alert, sociable pupils; but on their own admission, after one of them had challenged another, none felt confident enough to offer a brief description of the Labour or the Conservative Party. One had a stab at Communism, which was "when everybody's the same".

At Pate's, pupils identified two areas — social and employment — as ones in which you suffer if you are not well-informed. Most of the 32 agreed with the girl who thought she wanted to be a political researcher when she said that a knowledge of current affairs was vital at interviews: "It doesn't matter what job it's for. I'd feel terrible if I went along without reading the papers first."

Rae, the person she may, but most of the 97 must get their news from television, so many wild variants of the Gorbachov spelling did they produce. Spelling generally was as bad as it has always

been, with even Shakespeare losing his last e and Princess Royal acquiring it rather too often for comfort.

Our candidates were unrepentant. This from a St Paul's boy: "I used to know the answers to a lot of these. I would have done better when I was doing O levels."

We duly relayed some of our findings to the panel. Lord Belfort felt the sciences had come off not too badly, but was distressed by the literary findings: "Barchester! Dothe-

boys Hall! It just confirms my general view, people don't read."

"It comes out very plainly that they are a technologically-minded group," Richard Hoggart said. "If that is a clear sample of how children are learning these days, it shows we need to concentrate more on the humanities."

For John Rae it was intriguing that so few should recognize the date of so major an historical event as the French Revolution, and that the same number (37) knew about Khrushchev as about Charles I. "Conceivably it means they never studied the Civil War at all... yet it is central to any understanding of what we are."

Illyd Harrington believed it contradicted "the familiar dogma of gloom, and shows English education isn't as dreadful as one would have thought... A very leading public administrator said to me: 'Oh, that's interesting. Ask me a question', so I tried her with the one about the Magna Carta. She said: 'I don't know! I don't want to know! No relevance at all', and off she went."

TOMORROW
Classroom conflict: two views from across the great education divide



THE ANSWERS AND HOW THEY GOT ON

Form of the top

Out of the 97 students who answered our "The Times 100" questions, the top scorer was Simon Leveson, of St Paul's School, who got 80 correct.

"I made some silly mistakes," he said, "afterwards. But I like to think I'm fairly balanced in doing both arts and science subjects, at A-level — I'm taking maths, further maths, history and chemistry."

Simon, who is still two months short of his 17th birthday, is a day boy at St



Fairly balanced: Simon Leveson

Paul's and lives in north London, nearly an hour's travelling time from the school to Barnes.

"I had the choice of day school or boarding, and my parents and I thought this was better. I'm quite an indepen-

dent person, and I like to do things for myself. For others with less self-motivation, a boarding school might be better."

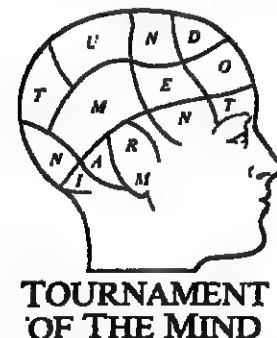
They are not an academic family, Simon insists. They take *The Times*, but their bookshelves are not lined with encyclopaedias. His father, who is "in property", left school at 15. His mother, a fashion manufacturer, studied statistics and chemistry at university. He has two younger sisters.

"Music and art isn't really something you'd expect to pick up at school — you pick it up at home. I go to the theatre a lot, but I found some of the questions about books and music very specialized."

Mostly correct answers look part in *The Times 100*. Below is the percentage pass rate for each question.

Q	%	Q	%
1	97	51	79
2	97	52	90
3	97	53	71
4	97	54	61
5	97	55	33
6	97	56	30
7	97	57	33
8	97	58	7
9	97	59	56
10	97	60	3
11	97	61	84
12	97	62	16
13	97	63	75
14	97	64	19
15	97	65	16
16	97	66	90
17	97	67	4
18	97	68	88
19	97	69	0
20	97	70	90
21	97	71	72
22	97	72	66
23	97	73	14
24	97	74	77
25	97	75	67
26	97	76	34
27	97	77	40
28	97	78	81
29	97	79	84
30	97	80	23
31	97	81	23
32	97	82	46
33	97	83	20
34	97	84	23
35	97	85	34
36	97	86	36
37	97	87	39
38	97	88	71
39	97	89	51
40	97	90	76
41	97	91	30
42	97	92	23
43	97	93	60
44	97	94	36
45	97	95	36
46	97	96	29
47	97	97	43
48	97	98	46
49	97	99	95
50	97	100	75

THE TIMES

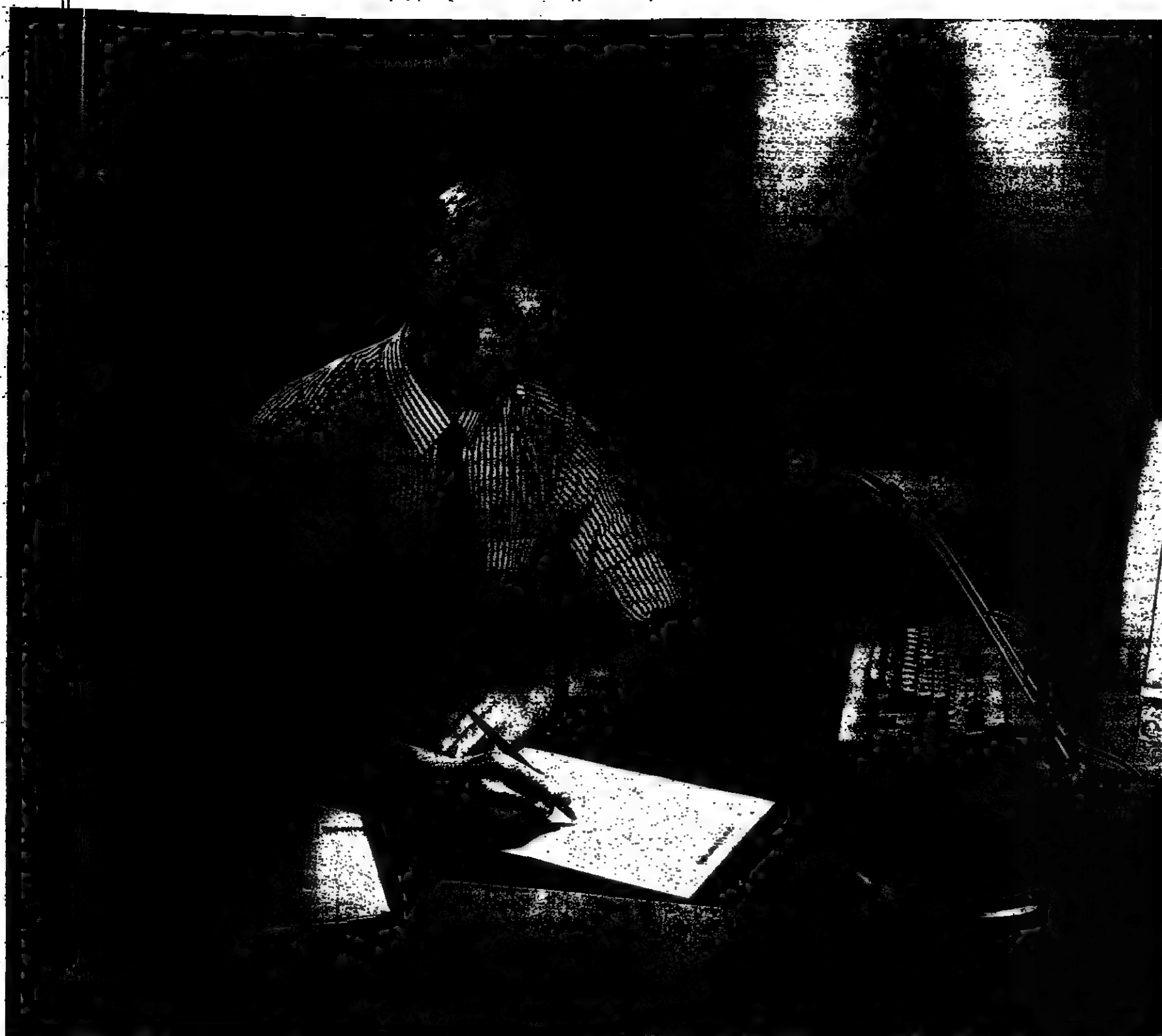


CONCISE CROSSWORD NO 1490

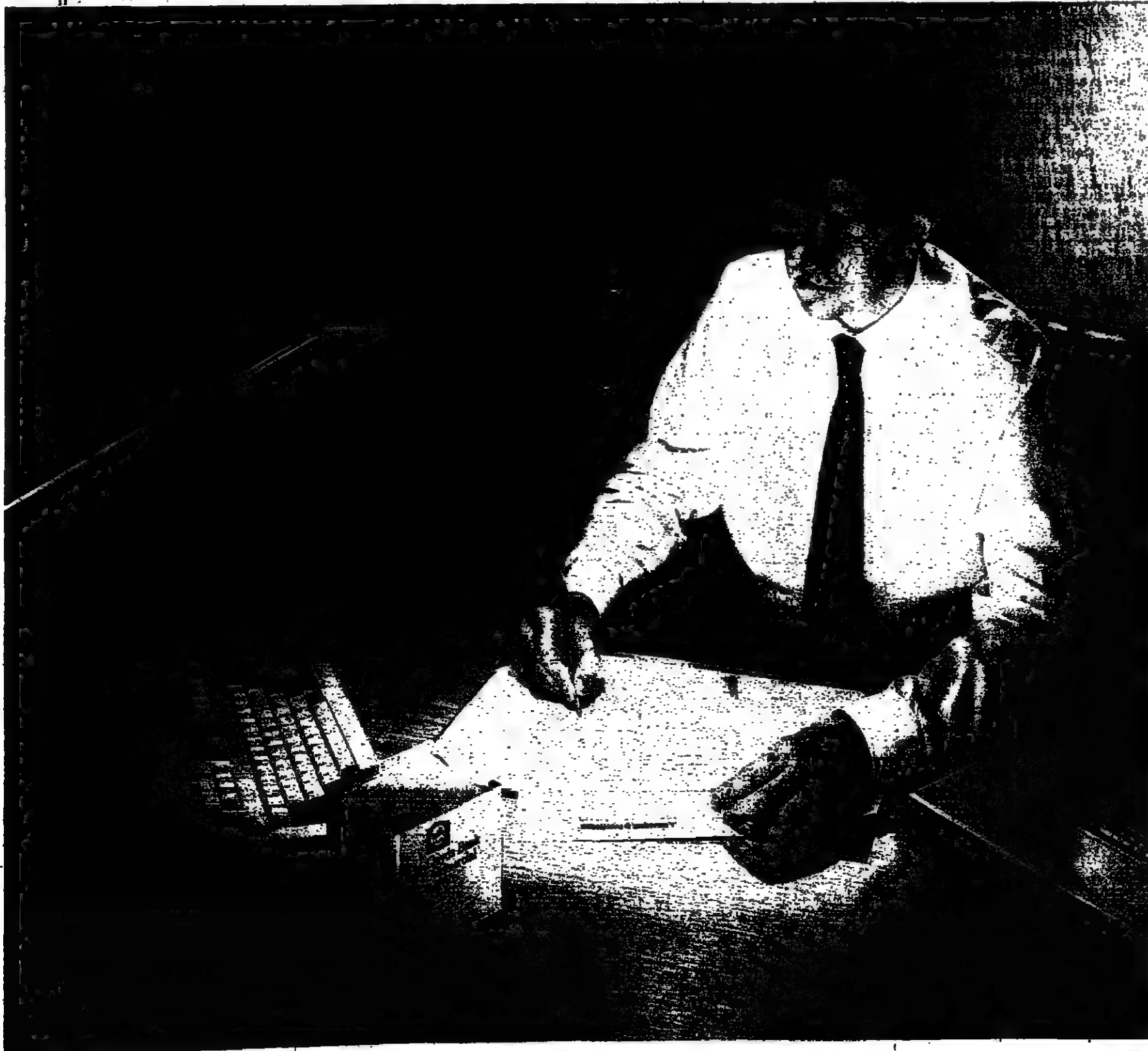
ACROSS	DOWN
1 Cunning (6)	2 Copy (5)
3 Mental jobs doer (6)	4 Warning earthquake (9)
5 Dead (3)	6 Sheet pasta (7)
7 Fiery particles (6)	8 Rancid (5)
9 Soft felt hat (6)	9 Rhodanian autonomy, conductor (9)
10 Spanish club plants (4)	
11 Fun seeker (8)	
12 Scarlet Pimpernel authors (8,5)	
13 Angel shark (8)	
14 Seaquake (4)	
15 Flight seizure (6)	
16 Deeply felt (6)	
17 Meadow (3)	
18 1920's brimless hat (6)	
19 Cut timber (6)	
20 Copy (5)	
21 Warning earthquake (9)	
22 Sheet pasta (7)	
23 Rancid (5)	
24 Rhodanian autonomy, conductor (9)	

SOLUTION TO NO 1489
ACROSS: 1 Speech 5 Pict 8 Arcata 9 Lumbago 11 Charinet
13 Foli 15 Acoustics 18 Aide 19 Boctroot 22 Compost 23 Petty
24 Envy 25 Rubber
DOWN: 2 Pista 3 Era 4 Helter-skelter 5 Pomp 6 Chamois
7 Batch 10 Only 12 Idol 14 Riot 15 Abdomen 16 Tale 17 Stays
20 Outcr 21 Tory 23 Pub

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TIMES DIARY

BARBARA AMIEL

I hold no brief for Kurt Waldheim, who is clearly a liar and, like most of his fellow Austrians, lacked the moral fibre to oppose Hitler from day one. Very few people had the strength of an Adenauer to be in permanent opposition simply because it was right. Even Willy Brandt had the force of his convictions as a confirmed socialist to help him.

But whether or not Waldheim should resign because he pretended not to know something everyone in the armies of the Third Reich must have known seems to me to be a matter for the Austrians to decide. Meanwhile, we have Douglas Hurd's independent inquiry to examine evidence against alleged war criminals living in Britain.

I spoke about this to a Hungarian-Jewish friend who was in Dachau and then, in the early Fifties, in the dreadful Stalinist concentration camp at Reck. He is now a taxi driver in Toronto, and a few weeks ago he picked up a man and his family at the airport who wanted to be driven into the city. It took him a few minutes of talking to realize that the man was a particularly brutal *kapo* at Reck who had taken part in the torture of prisoners. When the man responded to his name, my friend stopped the taxi and put him out on the motorway. But he did drive the family to their hotel.

Recently, at a party, I met Zoltan Vas, who was a minister under the vicious Stalinist regime of Mátyás Rákosi in Hungary during the 1950s. Vas now lives in the West as well. Does anyone care about his associations? I wonder if this single-minded concentration of moral fervour against old Nazis whom we defeated more than 40 years ago may not be in part a moral displacement activity.

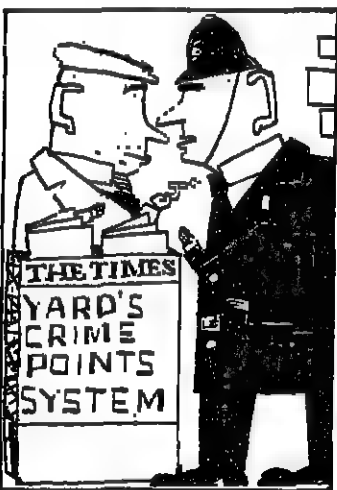
It's like a dog who is mad at another dog or his master but doesn't dare attack either, and so goes angrily for a shoe. Our ministers investigate 80-year-old Latvians and then go to a cocktail party and shake hands with the representative of Cambodia or the PLO.

Professor Robert A. Gordon, the distinguished criminologist from Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, told me that he found his trip to Britain this month rather puzzling. He spoke to criminologists at Cambridge, Edinburgh and Southampton, but a seminar arranged six weeks ago for the Home Office was cancelled two days before it was due to be given and only days after Professor Brown had sent the Home Office a synopsis of his studies on crime statistics dealing with race and IQ.

When I telephoned the Home Office to ask why the seminar had been cancelled, Mrs Mary Tuck said it was because she was in charge of seminars and this had not been cleared with her. "The rules had been entirely broken," she said sternly, adding that the subject material had nothing to do with the cancellation and that she hoped to have Professor Gordon back to speak to them all anyway.

Of course, while any scientist has a right to any avenue of investigation, no government has an obligation to listen to him. But we do have a crime problem and it seems to me that it is better to have a *a priori* closing of any avenue of investigation only because its consequences might be distorted by malicious or stupid people.

BARRY FANTONI



'Could be that if you solve ten cases you get a free glass'

I tried to get tickets to the formal ennoblement of the Chief Rabbi last week but there wasn't a chance. A friend remarked on the curious fact that Jews now seem to be such defenders of the propertied classes.

I don't think of it that way at all. I think the reason Jews on both sides of the Atlantic have been the intellectual leaders in reinventing some of the ideas of classic liberalism (or what the Americans call neo-conservatism) is that they have always tended to be on the side of liberty. It is not that Jews have some ethical superiority in this regard. It is simply that nothing enhances one's vision of fairness, liberty and justice quite as much as being on the wrong side of it for 5,000 years of history.

These political sympathies are not shared by all Jews, of course, as Rabbi Julia Neuberger's unhappy piece in a recent *Guardian* illustrates. Rabbi Neuberger wrote about her fear that the Chief Rabbi had been elevated because his views are sympathetic to those of Mrs Thatcher. The spectre of racism also haunts her. Why has a peering not gone to a Sikh, Muslim or Hindu religious leader, she asks?

Rabbi Neuberger should take heart. When honouring a man of intellectual and moral vision it is likely that the vision honoured will be compatible with that of the Prime Minister. She can rest assured that this being Britain, come the next Labour government there will be room for a female rabbi in Their Lordships' House.

Chatting to Brian Masters about his book on multiple murderer Dennis Nilsen, *Killing for Company*, which is now a Coronet paperback in its seventh reprint, I mentioned his curious discovery that Nilsen is a distant cousin of Virginia Woolf through his great grandmother, who was a Stephen. Masters doesn't mention in the book Nilsen's indignant reaction on learning of this bit of intellectual cachet: "Oh, God, I don't like that. She was supposed to be mad."

No one needs to die for lack of an operation in the NHS. Behind the cases which hit the headlines generally lie management faults, inefficient bureaucracy and restrictive practices. These failings, rather than lack of money, are responsible for the low morale throughout the service. Pouring in extra cash, or legislating for yet another reorganization, is not the answer. We need to concentrate on making the present system work.

It is time to make the clinicians themselves manage their own budgets and take responsibility for running the hospitals. They are, after all, the most highly trained and intelligent of hospital personnel. Lay administrators have great difficulties in deciding clinical priorities and find financial control almost impossible. Since they have proved to be poor gamekeepers the solution is to turn the poachers into the gamekeepers.

This was suggested by Sir Roy Griffiths, the Prime Minister's special adviser on the NHS, and has been tried with success at Guy's Hospital since 1985. The hospital is now cleaner, provides a better service for customers and a higher morale for the staff, and has learnt how to stay within budget.

Much NHS demoralization is

caused by the absence of detailed accounting, which leads to sudden reduction in hospital services. Too often no one knows until the end of the financial year whether the budget will balance. When the news finally breaks that there is a deficit of, say, £1 million, panic reigns. In the mistaken belief that they can save the necessary funds, the administrators close a large number of beds, and so provoke the doctors into waving shrouds and attacking the Government for alleged underfunding.

Cardiac surgery is particularly vulnerable to these panic cuts because it involves easily identifiable large items of expenditure, and dramatic stories of human suffering for the media. While an emergency operation should be denied any patient, many cardiac cases do not involve clear-cut medical decisions. Some cases which get publicity are not all they seem.

The relatives of one non-

urgent cardiac patient, for example, so plagued a surgeon with telephone calls that he was called in for the operation ahead of more urgent cases. At the last minute it had to be cancelled because several emergency cases were admitted. The ensuing rumpus in the press about the inadequacies of the NHS generated public subscriptions for the boy to go privately.

As 70 per cent of the hospital budget goes on salaries it is vital to regulate the number of employees. Restrictive practices often prevent this, so the overmanning which has been a feature of the NHS for many years continues.

At Guy's, for example, the finance department expanded from 30 to 90 employees between 1974-78 at a time when computers were introduced to help reduce the size of the department. When the hospital became part of Lewisham and North-Southwark district health

authority the district's finance department contained 200 people. Its performance was considerably improved when its numbers were reduced to 105 as a result of a sustained campaign by surgeons.

Restrictive practices are not confined to finance departments. One Friday evening a surgeon telephoned his hospital to request 30 minutes of theatre time to operate on a neighbour, an 86-year-old woman with a life-threatening complication of a groin hernia. He was told that staff were not available, and when he suggested doing the operation without staff this was refused on the grounds that it was illegal and unethical. He brought the patient with her physiotherapist, daughter to the hospital, put them into surgeon's clothes and walked into an empty operating theatre. There he carried out the operation under a local anaesthetic without the patient suffering a single

twinge of discomfort. She then climbed down from the table and was driven home to an awaiting car and tonic, delighted to have by-passed four sets of hospital workers. Next day the nurses filed a complaint against the surgeon for behaving inhumanely to the patient.

Services to patients would be greatly improved if they could be rationalized. A district with a population of 300,000 in a small area of 25 square miles does not need nine separate hospitals, especially if many of them are tumbling down. Closures are not only inevitable but desirable in order to provide a modern service. Proper attempts to close these hospitals cause upsets from all quarters, including MPs, who should know better. This demoralizes the doctors and nurses who have spent years working on plans which are often scrapped at the last moment.

The administrators are not the only ones at fault in the hospital

service. The clinicians must take their share of the responsibility for the mayhem because almost every hospital department assumes that it should expand irrespective of the changing needs of the community it is paid to serve.

This rigid doctrine precludes the proper development of some departments and the reduction of others, because the administrators are either browbeaten by these consultants who shout the loudest or are hoodwinked by those who produce the greatest volume of fees.

The clinician as manager is better placed to sort out real medical priorities in these cases of competing demands. He is also in a better position to help his less dedicated colleagues to provide a better service. Fortunately, the great majority of clinicians do work extraordinarily hard. But the few rogue administrators carrying the profession back home, tainting these would-be heroes, must go.

The NHS is suffering from a redundancy disease: what it needs above all is much better management sensitive to the needs and feelings of its customers who are the best spot the bill.

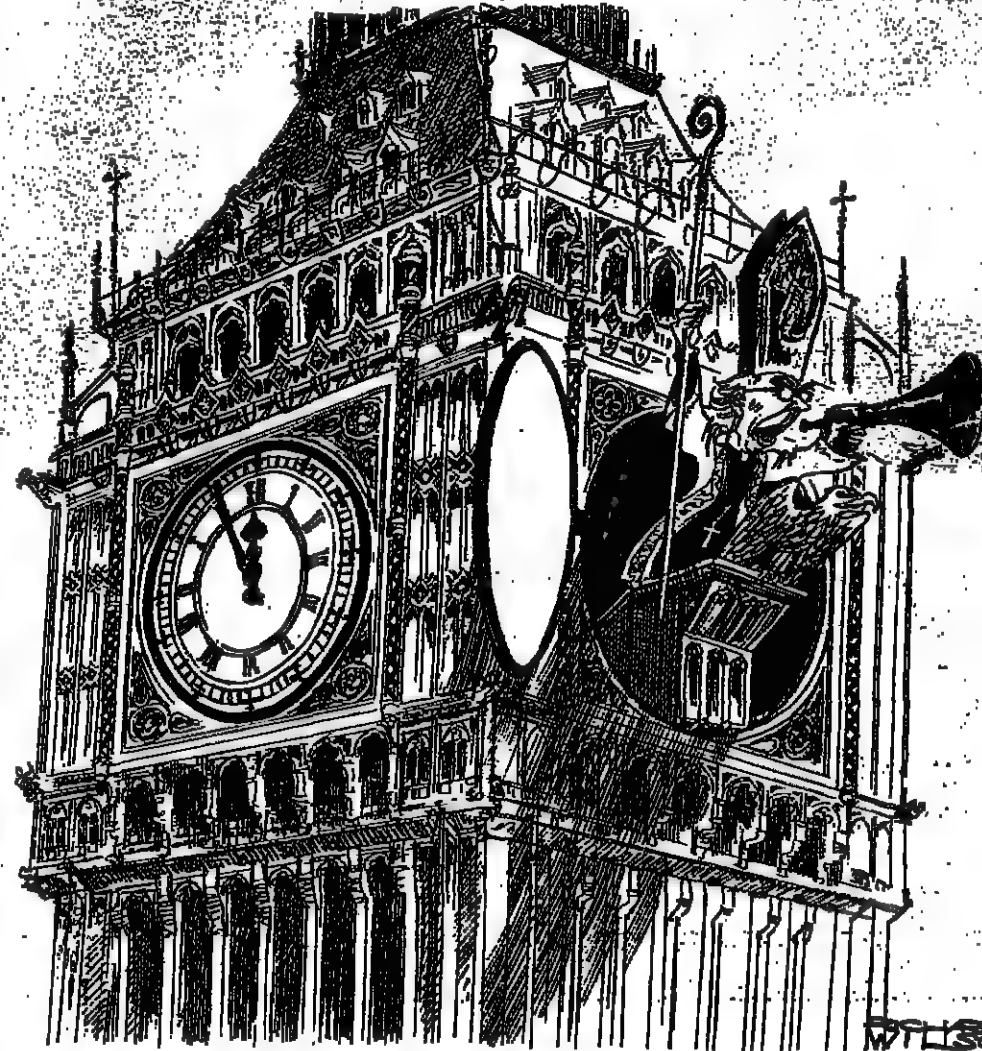
The author is director of surgery at Guy's Hospital.

Ian McColl sees poor management as the major NHS defect

Put the doctors in charge

T.E. Utley

Thatcher's new crusade



I am very glad that Mrs Thatcher took the extraordinary decision to summon a number of bishops to Chequers (about the same number, if my failing memory serves me, as are necessary for the exorcism of a ghost) to discuss the nettled question of Church and State. It cannot be said that the encounter has produced instant amity, but it has cleared the air and, in particular, brought out one or two distinctions of crucial importance to the debate.

The first of these is the difference between the proposition that the Church should not meddle in politics and the proposition that the Church should proclaim courageously and without equivocation the Christian message on personal morality.

The first statement, presented starkly and without qualification, is not defensible. In reality, Mrs Thatcher, Mr Gummer and all the more respectable critics of the episcopate have never made it. Mrs Thatcher knows well and has often, at least by implication, asserted that every political judgement has some moral ingredient. The complaint of these sophisticated Tory critics has been that churchmen, instead of isolating this moral ingredient, have allowed themselves to be betrayed into making judgements about political expediency in a manner which suggests that they are moral judgements made with the full authority of the Christian tradition and that their acceptance is incumbent on all faithful people.

Bishops are also citizens (and, indeed, some of them have a secure place in our constitutional arrangements). They are entitled to make observations about politics, but they must not make such observations *ex cathedra*. This calls for a measure of tact, in which some of them seem to be conspicuously deficient.

What is more, even the most sophisticated Tory critics of the Anglican contribution to the current political debate have got

visibly tired of the unanimity which now marks episcopal advice on such matters. This is a consequence of synodical government. The Synod makes no claims to infallibility, but when it solemnly resolves, for example, that the poll tax is intrinsically unjust and, therefore, contrary to the will of God, it is not surprising that much of the media should infer that this highly contentious, not to say ridiculous, view has been added to the Thirty-nine Articles.

None of this means that the grand tradition of radical clergy (such as the "Red Dean" of Canterbury) should be ended. In the days when the Prime Minister had a greater degree of influence on top ecclesiastical appointments, the guideline was that some sort of balance should be maintained between the various ecclesiastical parties into which the Church of England, by its nature, is divided. A "High Church" Archbishop of Canterbury could be countered by an evangelical Archbishop of York.

Today these traditional divisions have been largely superseded by the division between exponents of the social gospel, which has now acquired liberal ingredients in both the political and the theological sense, and traditionalists. The complaint is that the traditionalists no longer get a look in.

Should Mrs Thatcher ever recover some of the former powers of her office over church appointments, I suspect she would not abuse those powers to pack the bench of bishops with fully paid-up Tories, but merely to re-establish some equilibrium in the Church's leadership.

The controversy, however, has now moved on to rather new ground. We are no longer debating what bishops should and should not be allowed to say about politics and how and where they should say it; we are discussing what the Church's hierarchy should say about private morals, and the initiative in that discussion is being taken by

Tory politicians. Is this intrinsically unseemly?

I think not. It is true that politicians run a grave risk when they turn themselves into full-time moral leaders; in such circumstances, morality also runs a grave risk. It is also true that the Church of England is not a "state" church but an established church; it is not there simply to do what the State tells it to do. However, the ancient partnership (from which the Church still derives considerable advantages) can hardly survive if

the nature of one of the partners changes completely. To reduce the question to the absurd: if the Synod decided to transfer its allegiance from Christ to Mohammed, the Archbishop of Canterbury could hardly expect to continue to preside at the coronation.

Moreover, just as the Church should not be indifferent to politics, neither can the State be indifferent to religion. It must foster certain moral sentiments in its subjects. If church leaders abandon those sentiments, or start preaching them in obscure and equivocal terms (this last is the chief complaint against current practice), politicians have a perfect right to protest.

So far Mrs Thatcher has handled the matter not only with characteristic firmness but also with a commendable delicacy of touch. The position seems to be roughly established that when churchmen enter the political arena blatantly they must expect to be answered back; equally, there is no doubt that when politicians enter the religious

arena they will be answered back as well. This, if it continues, will make for mutual candour, which is better than unilateral abuse, but is not a recipe for peace.

In the long run, I believe, government and Parliament must try to recapture some of the ground which they have lost in the management of ecclesiastical affairs. There is no reason why the Callaghan convention on the appointment of bishops should be sacrosanct forever and no reason why the power of the Synod should remain as great as it is. I am, I agree, inviting the Prime Minister to tread a minefield, but that is a task at which she is adept. What is more, in treating it, she could, I think, count on a large measure of support from the lower clergy, the laity and the general public.

I have another doubt: it is all very well for Mr Hurd to say that there is a limit to what the Government can do, without the aid of the Church, parents and teachers, to restore good order in this country. That is so, but it is also true that the Government can do something, and even more strikingly true that the State has done much to destroy good order in the last few decades. Permissive legislation about divorce encourages divorce, ill-thought-out legislation about homosexuality encourages the public advocacy of that aberration. If there are some vestiges of a traditional moral consensus in this country they must be discreetly encouraged by legislation.

All I am arguing is that Mrs Thatcher's healthy and apparently civil confrontation with the bishops must not be allowed to be a "one-off" affair. She must give to this aspect of her programme the same vigilant and continuous attention that she has successfully given to other aspects. Above all, she must not be frightened off by clichés like the "moral majority". This does indeed signify something very horrible, in its American context, but it does not signify anything which she is likely to be tempted to embrace.

Commentary • TONY BLAIR

Sid betrayed

The Stock Exchange's analysis of the October crash, published last week, is not only complacent but verges on the irresponsible. "We survived, so why worry?" it seems to say. To a public that has much of its savings indirectly tied up in shares and has been persuaded into the stock market through a highly publicized privatization programme, this is simply not good enough.

It is time the SE realizes it cannot simultaneously boast of its own importance and remain insulated from critical inquiry. At government level also, the contrast between the attitude of the US administration and that of our own could hardly be more stark. There, a determination to learn from the lessons of the crash. Here, total quiescence without even a glance at possible changes to market regulations.

The response to the crash of the City establishment and its friends in government is in part to insist that it was merely a "technical correction" of a market that had become badly overvalued in the previous nine months, and in part to blame problems in the world economy for a sudden lack of confidence. Both these things are true, as far as they go. But that isn't far.

For two weeks, the financial world teetered on the brink of terminal collapse. It is ludicrous to describe the panic-stricken chaos as just a "reaction" to world or market events. The manner and scale of the crash make a rigorous examination of the market imperative.

Two things in particular stand out, quite apart from the more detailed matters such as capital adequacy of market makers, the SE account system and so on. First, the global nature of financial markets means that there is instantaneous communication

of market sentiment which adds to the pace and degree of volatility. An international market must lead to much greater attempts at international harmonization of rules and standards and closer co-operation by exchanges, perhaps even through a new international institution.

But secondly, and probably more practically, we are now witnessing the direct consequences of the last few years of financial deregulation. Up to the crash we saw mainly the benefits in the form of greater liquidity through development of new derivative instruments such as futures and options. Though still small in the UK, these markets are growing. Ironically, they began as a means of spreading risk, insuring against market falls, or rises. But they have now taken on a life of their own, encouraging massive speculation and, in the US, have ended up virtually determining the underlying share price from which they are supposed to be derived.

It is the conjunction of these dramatic changes in a financial world in which the public is so heavily involved through pension funds, unit trusts and other institutional investors that should be the cause of concern on the part of the Government. Instead, it exhibits indifference.

Nowhere is this more apparent, or more cynical, than in the treatment of the "small investors". Feted in the run-up to the last election, the recipients of individual letters from Mr Tebbit, they are now left to the mercy of the market. More than £100 million of taxpayers' money was spent advertising the privatization share issues. Naturally, most attention has been focused on the political advantages to the Tories of "wider

share ownership". But it should not be forgotten that the small investors serve another, more pragmatic purpose.

The Government and the SE owe them, therefore, at least some minimal obligation. Those that got in and out of the privatization bonanza, taking a quick profit, have received their own reward. But those who have stayed in the market or, as with many, have tried to broaden their portfolios, are now trapped in a system that is not designed for them.

Since Big Bang, and even more so since the crash, commission charges for small investors have rocketed while those for large investors have fallen. Lower volumes of trading and the complexities of settling accounts have meant that most firms just don't want their business.

None of this appears to disturb the mind of the SE or find any echo in last week's report. When the Labour Party surveyed the 151 firms listed by the SE in a glossy brochure as "specializing in small investors" and found that, in fact, two thirds refused to deal with them or dealt only at deliberately deterrent rates of commission, Sir Nicholas Goddison, the SE chairman, replied brazenly that he was "quite encouraged" that in any event 36 of the firms listed would deal at decent rates of commission.

The word for this type of conduct doesn't alter merely because it is the SE that is responsible for it.

A government that was less the property of vested interest would stop indulging the SE and get tough with it. But, in truth, this is a government that is "radical" only with its enemies. The author is Labour MP for Sedgely.

SCIENCE REPORT

Leeches unstuck

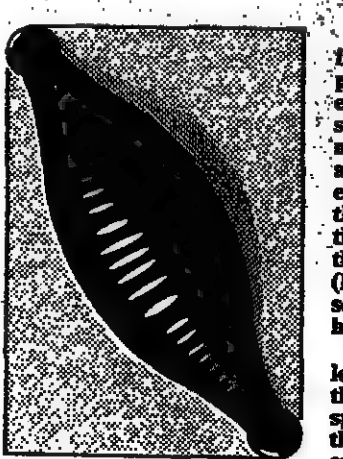
Medicinal leeches, still used in hospitals to assist the flow of blood through the body and enjoying something of a renaissance in recent years, may now be returned to obscurity by a piece of genetic engineering. A team of French biotechnologists has succeeded in producing the anticoagulant hirudin, naturally secreted by leeches, in genetically engineered yeast.

This development is reported by a group of scientists at the biotechnology company Transgene SA of Strasbourg in the January issue of the journal *Bio/Technology*. The group has isolated the leech gene coding for hirudin, a protein that prevents the clotting of blood.

The development is the latest in the 2,000-year history of leeches used for blood letting. Leeches continue to be a doctor's best friend, as attested by a spate of recent letters to *The Times*. The old English word for a doctor — leech — is a leech, which shows the long-standing connection between the two.

Leeches find a place in plastic surgery where their anticoagulant saliva, and blood-sucking habits are exploited to drain excess blood from post-operative oedemas, thus promoting successful tissue transplants and re-attachment of severed limbs.

The Transgene group, having identified the gene that guides the normal production of hirudin in the leech, has incorporated an engineered representation of the gene among the genes of yeast cells so that yeast growing arti-



John Lawson

cially becomes a source of hirudin. Commercial quantities of the protein are likely to be produced by Transgene in the near future.

Hirudin is the most powerful natural anticoagulant known, but is just one of an armoury of enzymes and biochemicals in leech saliva now beginning to find uses in medicine. Apart from blood used for disrupting blood clots beyond the reach of surgery, other chemicals are used to relieve symptoms of atherosclerosis and there are reports that others will inhibit the growth and spread of tumours.

Transgene's genetic focus on its ingenious exploitation of a property of the proteins that serve as sex hormones for yeast cells and which attract yeast cells to each other. These hormones are among the proteins of yeast that are secreted through the membrane of the cell into the medium outside.

Research shows that this facility of the sex hormone proteins arises from the presence of a special "leader sequence" at one end of the molecule. What the scientists at Transgene have done is to engineer the yeast genes so that the laboratory version of the hirudin gene lies alongside the piece of genetic material (DNA) controlling the leader sequence of the yeast sex hormone.

Instead of inserting a "raw" leech gene directly into yeast, the biotechnologists used a specially processed version of the original leech DNA which can be cloned, studied, and if necessary altered in cultures of bacteria before the final version is incorporated into the yeast's own genetic material.

The work at Strasbourg has shown that yeast cells changed in this way successfully secrete active hirudin through the cell membrane, and that the anticoagulant can be collected from the surroundings without killing the yeast cells producing it.

This opens the way for a technique in which the genetically engineered yeast cells can be used to produce continuous production of hirudin.

While some of the medicinal uses of leeches in the past few years have depended on the presence of hirudin in their saliva, it seems that the chief function of this material is to allow leeches to gorge themselves on blood, often up to 10 times their own weight, and then to live off such a meal for months on end.

HENRY GEE

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LISTEN, LOOK, STOP

Mr Kinnoch has struck a listening posture for the Labour Party and it appears to be quite a rewarding one. The Government is becoming seen as reluctant to listen to the public on a range of sensitive issues from the National Health Service to the poll tax. For Labour to be asking what the public thinks and wants, with the implication that Mr Kinnoch will deliver the same, is a clever tactic. It is an improvement over the previous posture of asking the public to vote for socialism it does not want.

A recent Labour Party political broadcast which consisted of a succession of "ordinary" people voicing their puzzled dismay on particular topics of public concern, from health and education to *Spycatcher*, appears to have been particularly successful. Though it had nothing to say about Labour's own proposals and concentrated on what worries people about the Government's "listening" at this stage of the political game is a sensible manoeuvre. The public response to this broadcast is said to have been a party record.

Labour has also risen steadily in the opinion polls since the election, chiefly at the expense of the Liberals and Social Democrats. Although in the polls overall the Government still has a decisive lead, the move of disillusioned Alliance voters to Labour is just what Mr Kinnoch needs.

For Labour to take off again it needs to stay at or around 40 per cent in the opinion polls by establishing that Labour is a moderate social democratic party which accepts many of the post-Thatcher terms of political reference. Mr Kinnoch's difficulty is the eternal one that the policies Labour needs to win back public opinion are precisely those a significant element of the party's activists resist.

He not only has to listen to the public. He has to look constantly over his shoulder. He has to stop those who accuse him of sacrificing basic Labour values by scrambling for votes. Tony Benn speaks for more party members than can be stigmatised as Militants.

There is also criticism of Mr Kinnoch from the unions, openly voiced recently by Mr David Warburton of the General, Municipal and Boilermakers' Union. The unions fear that the party's links with them will weaken as it re-

sponds more to the increasing number of non-unionized workers, leaving the unions simply to finance a party over whose policies they have a declining influence.

Labour's internal tensions can be summed up by reference to the section in the leadership's recent *Statement of Democratic Socialist Aims and Values* which declared that except for health, social security and education, "in the case of most other goods and services the operation of demand and supply and the price mechanism is a generally satisfactory means of determining provision and consumption." For those to whom the ark of Labour's covenant remains sacred, that is a deeply disturbing statement.

To build a party that can challenge the Tories effectively, Mr Kinnoch needs it to be somewhat in an Owenite social democratic image. But the more he appears to move in that direction, the more rage he will stir in the party, and the greater the rage, the more the moderate voters will again take flight.

Mr Kinnoch's chances of doing what Harold Wilson did in 1964 are much harder because Labour's pivot has shifted so much further to the left. Labour's new skill in capitalizing on the Government's problems is not matched by any sign that its policy review groups are finding policies that will appeal to both voters and activists. When asked what was happening in them a Shadow Cabinet member answered, according to the Labour newspaper *Tribune*, "If you find out, will you let me know?"

Mr Kinnoch is trying to bury a powder keg and there are many who wish to stop him even at risk of its being blown up. He hopes to avoid any direct confrontation with his party save for the convenient scapegoat of the Militants. Emollient, however, does not invariably work in politics. Mr Kinnoch might be best advised to accept his showdown with the left through a personal contest with Mr Benn or some other of its representatives which would give him a chance to defeat them resoundingly.

In the end, he will have to confront the problem in his own party instead of concentrating on the easy target of discontent with the Tories. He might recall that it was by confronting an internal Tory problem — not by evading it — that Mrs Thatcher got where she is today.

FRESH WINDS OVER CYPRUS

The people of Cyprus have voted for change. What kind of change is unclear. But the prospect of some movement in their political impasse must be welcome.

The uncertainty arises because their presidential election is far from over. While Mr Spyros Kyprianou has been swept from power after 11 years, the question of who will succeed him remains open.

Next Sunday's second round in the election will be between the right-wing, pro-Western veteran Mr Glafkos Clerides, and the Communist-backed independent millionaire, Mr George Vasilou, who has never stood for the presidency before. On the face of it, that sounds like a well-defined choice.

The man who lost, however, Mr Kyprianou, still holds an important key to electing his successor. Will he advise his disappointed centre-right supporters to vote this time for his old political enemy, Mr Clerides — or for the political novice, Mr Vasilou?

According to conventional wisdom, Mr Kyprianou's supporters should vote for Mr Clerides — especially as he has promised to form a government of national unity, and may even invite Mr Kyprianou to take part in it. From a Western point of view the election of the pipe-smoking lawyer who was educated in Britain, flew with the RAF in the war, and has set himself firmly in the Western camp, would be the preferred option.

But many Greek Cypriots have a long-standing mistrust of Mr Clerides, especially over the support he has received from some members of the Eoka-B movement. His percentage of the poll in the first round was slightly below expectations — while Mr Vasilou can now count almost certainly on the support of the Socialists, whose own candidate has also been knocked out. A victory for Mr Clerides next Sunday, though the more likely, is a far from foregone conclusion.

INDIAN CARD TRICKS

Politics in India is driven not so much by the government's policies as by public image and personality. The force of Jawaharlal Nehru's character kept the Congress Party in power after independence. Indira Gandhi's personality coloured the politics of the 1970s. In 1984 her son, Rajiv Gandhi, with his instant reputation as India's Mr Clean, gave the Congress Party a massive election victory.

But images can change. During the course of last year Rajiv Gandhi's personal image — and consequently that of his government — has progressively collapsed. The Prime Minister appears destined to spend most of this year repairing the damage so that he can face the electorate in 1989, apparently rejuvenated and restored.

Sunday's cabinet changes were the first part of Mr Gandhi's attempted recovery; 13 cabinet ministers were reshuffled, a host of lesser luminaries moved between portfolios and, even in the country's provinces, governors and chief ministers were made and unmade. The aim of the changes has been to portray a revitalized political front.

Mr Gandhi's administration certainly needs to regain lost credibility. Having come to power on a surge of sentiment in favour of reform, its performance, after an initial year of hope, has not matched its promise. The economy continues to be stifled by corruption and controls. The Punjab still festers, with an ever-increasing death toll at the hands of terrorists, while the claim to clean and efficient government (once Mr Gandhi's strongest

What the result so far shows about Cypriots' views on the main policy issues facing the country is a matter for speculation. Mr Vasilou — is to a great extent an unknown quantity and the extent of his indebtedness to the Communists is problematical. His avowed independence and his unusual capitalist background make it hard to judge his influence on most domestic and foreign policies in Cyprus.

The one thing he has in common with Mr Clerides, however, is his anxiety for progress on the most important issue of all for Cypriots — the North-South division between Turkish and Greek communities that has disfigured the island since 1974. After several years of talks and disappointments under the auspices of the United Nations, most Cypriots seem to want a more flexible man to guide them than Mr Kyprianou, whose dour intransigence has exasperated his critics inside and outside the island.

Few of these would disagree with his basic aims — to ensure that no political settlement is enacted before Turkish troops and settlers are withdrawn and the freedom to live in and move around the whole island have been agreed. It is the approach to this end which is contested. The need for more negotiating skills at the top may have motivated many Cypriots as they wait to the polls on Sunday.

The political climate in the region has improved in recent weeks following the apparent Greek-Turkish rapprochement — although the Cyprus issue was carefully left out of those discussions. Now there is talk of withdrawing up to 6,000 of the Turkish troops stationed in Cyprus — a move which, if carried out, would be an important gesture of good will. After so many years of stagnation, a fresh wind is suddenly lifting the sails in the Eastern Mediterranean.

selling point) has faded with the political scandals.

Changing the cabinet will not help. This is the 13th reshuffle in just over three years. It has significance only as a newspaper headline, not as a political event. The changes do not reflect any underlying shift in policy or political determination. The new ministers are not dissimilar to those they replace. They will make the cabinet neither more reformist nor more conservative. They are not men of particular individual distinction.

If his intention is to brush up his government's image, Mr Gandhi should start with himself. After a succession of stories about exotic holidays and expensive tastes, his personal standing with the middle classes has slipped badly. He has allowed himself to appear insensitive, arrogant, even immature. The issue for his supporters is not his right to live as he chooses, but his judgement. Indians expect their prime ministers to set an example (as Nehru and Indira Gandhi realized).

Rajiv Gandhi's private lifestyle would be overlooked, or at least, be seen as of no great significance, if his government was still in tune with the electorate. It is not. It was to change India that Mr Gandhi was elected. But an inability to foresee or face up to the inevitable opposition has led to the shedding of all reformist zeal. In so doing, he has discarded his government's central mandate. If he cannot now carry out his reformist policies or, worse, has given up trying to, he risks losing his political *raison d'être*. Reform is the real task. Reshuffling the cabinet pack will deceive no one for long.

Control of cash for universities

From the Principal of the University of London

Sir, Robert Jackson (February 10) helpfully clarifies the Government's rationale for the new powers of direction which would be given to the Secretary of State for Education and Science by section 94 of the Education Reform Bill.

There can of course, be little objection to the "more formal delineation of responsibilities" recommended by the Croucher Committee for the Universities Funding Council; the Bill goes some way towards achieving this, though it omits a key responsibility, namely that of the council to advise the secretary of state on the needs of and for university education in the UK.

I would, however, take issue with Mr Jackson over the dual sense of accountability implicit in his quotations from the Croucher report, and the use of one form of accountability to attempt to justify another.

It is one thing for the secretary of state to be answerable to Parliament for the administration of £1.4 billion of public funds, and of course he and our auditors must be able to satisfy themselves that such funds have been properly accounted for. It is another thing entirely when, using this argument, justification is claimed for powers which would allow the secretary of state to direct how the funds should be spent.

Even if rarely used, the new powers would go beyond those necessary to satisfy the first type of financial accountability and give rise to concern that when accountability is applied to fundamental decisions about academic priorities, the integrity and autonomy of universities could be endangered.

Yours sincerely,
PETER HOLWELL, Principal,
University of London,
Senate House,
Malet Street, WC1E 6BT.
February 12.

Living together

From Mrs I. M. J. Kemp

Sir, Your series, "The making of marriage" (February 1, 2, 3), has sadly proved that for financial reasons there are going to be even fewer couples accepting the idea of wedlock. We urgently need a name for the partners who set up home together without benefit of clergy or registrar.

In my travels around the country I have come across none better than that used in NE Scotland — "hidie-in". It may apply to either sex and has a ring of permanence to it. Might not the rest of the country care to adopt it?

Yours faithfully,
GILLIAN KEMP,
6 Winstan Avenue,
Didsbury, Manchester.

Licence to cheat?

From Mr Patrick Rycart

Sir, I recently received my new driving licence. I notice that were I in charge of a vehicle while my alcohol level was above the legal limit for such occupation I could face disqualification from driving or have 10 penalty points on my record.

If, however, I was driving with "uncorrected defective eyesight", or refused to submit to an eye test, I could face no disqualification and a maximum of two penalty points against me — a clear case of being better off blind than drunk and one which might bring the retort, "No, officer, I haven't been drinking. I happened to be searching for my A-Z".

Yours faithfully,
PATRICK RYECART,
Garrick Club,
Garrick Street, WC2.

Slip of the mask

From Mr Neil Cooper

Sir, "Post a little happiness" is the inscription placed on a parcel by one of the best-known booksellers in the world.

My parcel contained four books, each containing three (admittedly excellent) Greek tragedies. Yours faithfully,
NEIL COOPER,
Flemons,
Bovingdon Green,
Marlow, Buckinghamshire,
January 30.

Felling in Sarawak

From Vice-Admiral Sir Roderick Macdonald

Sir, Lord Shackleton's letter (January 5) and the High Commissioner for Malaysia's (January 19) reminded me that the late Tom Harrison, when I was serving in Borneo as the Naval Force Commander, 1965-66, told me more about the Penas (or Punans) than I could possibly have learned from any other source. I have assumed that forest habits have not changed significantly since then.

The Malaysian Government, with the best will in the world, face an enormous task. This they inherited from our own Government, of which Lord Shackleton was a member, when Britain withdrew from Sarawak. The Penas, a pale-skinned nomadic people living in both Malaysian Borneo and Indonesian Kalimantan, are conditioned to the permanent shade of primary jungle.

They are terrified and disorientated if forced into full sunlight. Their diet consists of wild sago, plus small items of meat from hunting. Religious beliefs do not allow the felling of big trees. This means that there are no huge

Talking about future of NHS

From Mr Frank Field, MP for Birkenhead (Labour)

Sir, There is considerable cross-party support for the view, which I also hold (report, February 12), that the current NHS budget is underfunded, that this shortfall needs to be made good by the Treasury, and that any pay settlement agreed by the Government should be fully underwritten.

It is crucial that the debate about the future of the NHS is public and as broadly based as possible. Moving from the present system of funding by taxation, which is rigidly controlled by the Treasury, to a system of national health insurance has a number of advantages.

The first is that as earnings rise faster than prices, the NHS budget would be a buoyant one. A health tax should cover both earned and unearned incomes and could be deducted at source from occupational pensions, dividends and interest payments.

This system of health insurance should be part of the national insurance system. All of us, except for those groups like the unemployed who would gain credits, should pay contributions, which would increase progressively with income. The scheme should not allow contracting out, as evidence from abroad shows that when private medical insurance runs out, the patients then have to seek treatment from the equivalent of the NHS.

In a free society, people should be allowed to buy private health insurance. However, private insurance premiums should be paid from post-tax income, and not subsidised by way of tax allowances. Moreover, private health insurance should be to provide "extras", rather than to guarantee the best possible standards of health care, which should be available to all through the NHS, irrespective of income.

Once the NHS is taken away from the Treasury's cash-limited approach, other sources of funding

Plans for hospital

From the General Manager of Westminster/St Stephen's Hospitals

Sir, In all the coverage of the industrial action in the health service it is important that both your readers and our own staff should know what this action is not about.

It is certainly not about St Stephen's Hospital "facing demolition", and whoever is claiming through your paper ("Militant" pressure on nurses to strike growing, says RCN, February 1) that this is the case must know the details of Riverside Health Authority's proposals.

They are to build a brand new teaching hospital on the site of St Stephen's Hospital at a cost of

Uneasy on the ear

From the Reverend J. R. Cardwell

Sir, Re your series of letters (January 22, 23, 27, 29, February 1, 3, 5, 9, 12) the most infuriating sound I ever heard was that of the "invigilator's" test being poured during my final examinations at university.

There was something in the contrast between my inner mental anguish and the comfortable domestic sound of a teapot pouring tea which was quite unbearable.

Fortunately, I do not expect to hear that sound in those circumstances again.

Yours faithfully,
J. R. CARDWELL,
The Vicarage,
King's Somborne,
Stockbridge,
Hampshire.

From Mr Bill Anderson

Sir, Simon Inglis (January 22) may be irritated by gratuitous urban sounds, but there are music to the ears of people with tinnitus. Seventeen per cent, or around nine million of the population, young and old, seek such relief from this.

Your readers must include people who can suggest sounds that can be life-saving. Yours,
BILL ANDERSON,
2 Fitzroy Drive,
Leeds,
West Yorkshire.

posts for houses and only small temporary clearings in secondary jungle, which reproduces itself rapidly.

Apart from language difficulties, the concepts of nationality and political boundaries will be foreign to a Penan. Give him a passport he would not only not understand it, he would have nowhere to put it. He is also liable to break laws of which he is not aware and which would in any case exasperate him, being based on an ethos beyond his understanding and experience.

The dilemma posed by large-scale logging versus conservation demands gifted imagination and flexibility above and beyond the call of duty from any administrator, whether based on Whitehall, as in the past, or as now in Kuala Lumpur and Kuching. Otherwise an ethnically different and attractive people, to whom urban man's mod-con are anathema, will become casualties in a world already much troubled by famine and disease.

Yours faithfully,
RODERICK MACDONALD,
Ollish,
Braes,
Portree, Isle of Skye,
February 4.

Place in schools for religion

From the Bishop of London

Sir, Those who continue to call, in the press and elsewhere, for the Church to keep out of politics and to concentrate on its task of giving the nation "a firm moral lead" either do not understand the meaning of the words they are using or else have no sense of logical consistency.

It was good, therefore, to hear Mr Hurd say to members of General Synod last week (report, February 11) that he accepted that it was quite proper for the Church to become engaged in the social and political problems facing our society as well as give a lead in personal morals.

It is, therefore, vitally important that the Government is seen to take seriously the place of religious and moral education by giving it a defined status within its proposed curricular reforms.

It is perhaps because they take seriously Mr Hurd's point last Wednesday evening that the members of Synod voted so overwhelmingly on the Thursday morning to keep pressing Mr Baker to incorporate religious and moral education more clearly within his new national curriculum.

Yours faithfully,
GRAHAM LOWNEN,
(Chairman, Board of Education),
The General Synod of the Church of England,
Church House,
Great Smith Street, SW1.
February 15.

When the NHS embarked on its reorganisation I received 24 cheques a year for each individual hospital and I had to send back documents saying that I had visited the hospitals during the previous month.

Instead of four addressed envelopes a year, after the new arrangements 48 letters passed between us in connection with my salary. The situation was changed a year or so ago and I now receive 12 payments direct to my account.

I point out that I am only a part-time chaplain at two small hospitals. No wonder money is soaked up at the administrative level.

Yours sincerely,
DOUGLAS BEAN,
12 Fitzroy Square, W1.

more than £80 million and centralise many of the services which are now provided from five hospitals in the district. Four hospital sites would close when the new hospital opens.

We believe that if approval is given to the proposals, the Westminster and Chelsea Hospital will be London's best hospital. It will certainly be the capital's most exciting project for at least 20 years and will significantly improve care facilities for the elderly, the mentally ill and other priority care groups.

Yours faithfully,
T. P. V. BATTLE,
General Manager,
Westminster/St Stephens Hospitals,
Fulham Road, Chelsea, SW10.
February 3.

Young musicians

From Mr Antony Hopkins

Sir, May I add my voice to that of Meredith Davies (February 5) in support of his concern for the future of young musicians at school. Having been involved in all the schools' proms (which your paper supports so admirably) and having worked with a number of youth orchestras in the last 15 years, I can say with some authority that the advance in the standard of young people's music-making has been one of the most remarkable phenomena in education this century.

Certainly ILEA has played a notable part, but so have many other local authorities. If it is going to become policy to regard music as an "extra" that must be paid for, the work of years will quickly be undone.

Music is much more than the acquisition of an instrumental skill; to play in an orchestra is the finest form of self-discipline, demanding the right note at the right time, the right volume and the right speed. It is an intellectual team activity that is surely unique, requiring the suppression of the ego to the greater good of the corporate body.

It has a true social value that was never more needed than today. Furthermore, it is a wonderful showcase for a school, enabling many children who are not sporting heroes to make a valuable contribution.

I only hope that the authorities at the highest level realise that music is not an incidental luxury. On the contrary: if every child was taught to play an instrument and to experience communal music-making during adolescence many of the problems of anti-social behaviour would disappear.

Yours faithfully,
ANTONY HOPKINS,
Woodyard Cottage, Ashridge,
Berkhamsted, Hertfordshire.

No hiding place

From Mr Geoffrey B. R. Harrison

Sir, I have just returned from a favourite restaurant where an expensive luncheon has been ruined yet again by the constant ringing of a portable telephone brought in by the occupants of the adjacent table.

Are restaurateurs not aware that the vast majority of their clients are mainly present in order to escape from the manic atmosphere of their offices? It should be made clear that portable telephones are no more welcome in restaurants than are transistor radios and similar peace-breaching devices.

Yours faithfully,
G. B. R. HARRISON,
15 Lots Road, SW10.
February 2.

ON THIS DAY

FEBRUARY 16 1923

Although the revival of the Order of Deaconesses was approved by the Convocation of Canterbury in 1923, at the session reported below, it did not receive formal recognition by the Convocation of York until two years later. The archbishops were Randall Davidson and Cosmo Lang respectively.

DEACONESSES IN THE CHURCH

Celibacy Question.

The new Convocation of the Province of Canterbury assembled yesterday at the Church House, Westminster, the session being preceded by the customary celebration of Holy Communion in Henry the Seventh's Chapel, Westminster Abbey. . . .

It was agreed that the Order of Deaconesses is an Apostolic Order of Ministry in the Church of God, that women admitted thereto are episcopally ordained, and that it is for women the one and only Order of the Ministry which has the stamp of apostolic approval, and for women the only Order of the Ministry which the Church of England as a branch of the Catholic Church can recognise and use.

The second regulation contained a provision that a deaconess who desires to do so may legitimately pledge herself, either as a member of a community or as an individual, to a celibate life.

THE BISHOP OF EKESTER objected to this. These words, he said, referred to women who might be only twenty-five years old. That provision, without any dispensing power, would very likely cause extreme hardship in certain cases. A woman of twenty-five might in the excitement of the moment deem it her duty to become a celibate. Later on the circumstances of her life might change, and it might be desirable that she should marry and have children. Under the clause as it stood this would not be possible, as there was no dispensing power vested in the Bishop. He moved the omission of the clause.

After further discussion the whole regulation was finally passed in this form:—

"That a deaconess in her ordination is dedicated to a life-long service, though the extent and manner of its exercise by her may at different times of her life be determined by her circumstances; that no vow or promise of celibacy is required of her, nor is it implied in her ordination; that nevertheless a deaconess who desires to do so may legitimately pledge herself, either as a member of a community or as an individual, to a celibate life, provided that due provision be made under proper safeguards for episcopal dispensation from such pledge."

The regulation concerning the functions which may be entrusted to a deaconess was carried in the following amended form:—

With the approval of the Bishop, and of the incumbent and under such conditions as shall from time to time be laid down by the Bishop, to speak and pray in consecrated buildings on occasions other than the regular and appointed services of the church, and normally for congregations of women and children.

The other regulations agreed to provide that a deaconess may not be ordained before the age of 25, and that the normal age shall be 30; that an advisory council shall be set up in each diocese, and institutions for training deaconesses. The Bishop, before ordination of a deaconess, must satisfy himself as to her character, training, and general fitness.



COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
February 15: The Queen was represented by Captain John Milne Home (Vice Lord-Lieutenant for Dumfriesshire) at the funeral of Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Jardine Paterson (Her Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant for Dumfriesshire) which was held in St John's Church, Dumfries, this morning.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
February 14: The Duke and Duchess of York visited Northern Ireland today.

Their Royal Highnesses travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight and were received at Royal Air Force Aldergrove by the Right Hon Tom King, MP (Secretary of State for Northern Ireland) and the Station Commander (Group Captain T. Stables).

The Duke and Duchess of York subsequently visited Rockport School and were received by Her Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant for County Down (Colonel William Brann).

Their Royal Highnesses afterwards visited Killybegs Library and were received by the Chairman, Down District Council (Councillor J. Magee), and later entertained at luncheon by the Chairman, Killybegs Family History Society (Mr. A. Rourke) in the library.

In the afternoon The Duke and Duchess of York attended a service at St Anne's Cathedral, Belfast, where His Royal Highness unveiled a commemorative window.

The Duke and Duchess of York were received on arrival by Her Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant for the County Borough of Belfast (Sir Robin Kinahan) and the Right Hon Lord Mayor of Belfast (Alderman J. S. D. Gilmore).

At the entrance to the Cathedral their Royal Highnesses were received by the Chief Constable, Royal Ulster Constabulary (Sir John Hermon) the General Officer Commanding Northern Ireland (Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Pascoe) and the Chairman of the Police Federation for Northern Ireland (Mr. A. Wright).

The Archbishop of Armagh and Primate of All Ireland (the Most Reverend Dr. R. H. A. Eames) officiated at the service. Miss Helen Hughes and Lieutenant-Colonel Sean O'Dwyer were in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE
February 15: The Princess of Wales this morning opened the Community Centre for Addition, Slade Road, Birmingham. Her Royal Highness subsequently opened the Children's Society's Youth Link project at 98, Church Hill Road, Handsworth, Birmingham.

Miss Anne Beckwith-Smith and Commander Richard Aylard, RN were in attendance. A service of thanksgiving for the life of Colonel Humphrey Quill, CBE, DSO, MVO, Past Master of the Clockmakers' Company, will be held at the Church of St Lawrence Jewry, Guildhall in the City of London on Wednesday, February 17, at noon.

The infant daughter of Major and Mrs Donald Farquharson was christened Fiona Irene Rose by the Rev Haydn Jones on Sunday, January 31, at St Mary's, Little Driffield. The godparents are Major Henry Callender, Major Hugh Lindsay, Mr Richard Lancaster, Mrs Robin Colaciotchi and Mrs Robin Maclean.

Birthdays today
Mr P.E.R. Bailey, former director, Gatwick and Stansted Airports, 63; Mr F.G.R. Cumming, painter, 58; Mr Anthony Dowell, ballet dancer, 45; Mr David Emms, director, London House for Overseas Graduates, 63; Sir Gerald Evans, baritone, 66; Lord Franks, OM, 83; Professor Jack Levy, mechanical engineer, 62; Mr John McEnroe, tennis player, 29; Sir Michael Mackie, former Lord Lieutenant of Aberdeenshire, 76; Sir Michael Milne-Watson, former chairman, BUPA, 78; Sir John Peck, diplomat, 75; Mr Peter Porter, poet, 83; Mr John Schlesinger, film director, 62; Sir Kenneth Selby, former president, Bath and Portland Group, 74; Sir James Swaffield, former director-general and Clerk to the GLC, 64; Mr Justice Webster, 64.

Mr Justice Raghunathan Swarup Pathak (Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of India) has been elected an Honorary Master of the Bench of Gray's Inn.

Luncheon
HM Government

Baroness Hooper, Under-Secretary of State for Education and Science, was host yesterday at a luncheon held at Lancaster House in honour of the Prime Minister of Mauritius.

Mr C.T. Chantler and Miss S. Amatayakul
The engagement is announced between Christopher Thomas, second son of Mr and Mrs Derek William Chantler, of North Shore, Kallaroo, Western Australia, and Supavadee, elder daughter of Dr and Mrs Koon Amatayakul, of Amphur Muang, Chiangmai, Thailand.

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The engagement is announced between Piers, son of Mr and Mrs Michael Feilden, of Bournemouth, Somerset, and Elizabeth, daughter of Mr and Mrs Daniel Clark, of Street, Somerset.

Mr M.C. Sakallali and Miss K.L. Hammerson
The engagement is announced between Michael Christopher, eldest son of Mr and Mrs Christos Sakallali, of Redbridge, Essex, and Karen Louise, daughter of Dr David Hammerson, of Everleigh, Wiltshire, and Mrs Richard Roney, of Queensgate Gardens, SW7.

Mr P.J.D. Sauer and Miss E.M. Whitaker
The engagement is announced between Peter, elder son of Mrs

Time to call a halt after 26 twins

By Craig Seton

A small town in Nicaragua is likely to end Coventry's civic enthusiasm to twin with towns all over the world.

The Midlands city pioneered twinning in Britain and since the Second World War has established formal links of peace and friendship with a record 26 international towns and cities.

The links grew out of the terrible night in November 1940 when Hitler's Luftwaffe bombed Coventry into rubble. Two years later the city sent a message of goodwill to Stalingrad which had also suffered dreadful losses at the hands of the Germans.

In 1944, formal links between Stalingrad (now Volgograd) and Coventry were established, followed over the next 40 years by 25 others, 11 in the east and 15 in the west.

The early links were with towns and cities such as Dresden, now in East Germany, and Caen in France, which had also suffered in the war.

For decades, lord mayors and burgomasters, choirs and civic groups have exchanged reciprocal visits and attended each other's municipal receptions. Coventry's budget for twinning is about £30,000 a year.

However, in the 1960s and 1970s enthusiasm began to wane and the last

formal twin was Jiaoan, in China, four years ago, and now a proposal by left wing members of the Labour-controlled council and trade unionists, for formal links with Chinandega, a town in Nicaragua, where the left-wing government is fighting US-backed gangs, is leading to a review of twinning.

Councillors will meet next month at committee level to discuss what links should be established, but moderate Labour members and the Conservative opposition will fight against formal twinning.

Mr Arthur Waugh, Labour chairman of the civic and general purposes committee, said yesterday: "We have one or two individuals who want to twin with everybody, but I do not think twinning with Chinandega is on. We have not got enough money and we have over 20 twins already."

Mr Waugh said the council might supply small amounts of elementary farming equipment to Chinandega, but that was likely to be all.

The council, he said, was reviewing its twinning policy. It was trying to restore some of its links, but he conceded that others had begun to wither.

Mr Tim Sawdon, the Conservative Opposition leader, was more blunt. He said: "We are twinned with too many

towns anyway. Some of them we have not heard of for years, but it is very difficult to end the arrangements because it would give offence."

"We should concentrate on those towns which give us good links, like Kiel."

Mr Sawdon said his group would oppose formal links with Chinandega, but he added: "To be fair to the Labour group, it was suggested by the far left. We would be desperately unhappy about it."

Coventry's twin towns are: Arnhem, Holland (1958); Belgrade, Yugoslavia (1957); Bologna, Italy (1960); Caen, France (1957); Cork, Eire (1958); Cornwall, Canada (1972); Coventry, Connecticut, USA (1962); Coventry, New York State, USA (1972); Dresden, German Democratic Republic (1956); Dunajvaros, Hungary (1962); Galatz, Romania (1962); Granby, Canada (1963); Graz, Austria (1957); Kecskemet, Hungary (1962); Jiaoan, China (1983); Kiel, Federal Republic of Germany (1947); Kingston, Jamaica (1962); Lidice, Czechoslovakia (1947); Ostrava, Czechoslovakia (1959); Parkes, Australia (1956); St Etienne, France (1955); Sarajevo, Yugoslavia (1957); Volgograd, USSR (1944); Warsaw, Poland (1957); and Windsor, Canada (1963).



Dr David Shepherdson, whose new job is to ensure that London Zoo animals are not bored, has started work already on a meerkat, a South African mongoose. Dr Shepherdson, who has the official title of Behavioural Enrichment Research Fellow, has to "develop and assess devices to enrich the animals' behaviour and to reduce abnormal behaviour associated with captivity". (Photograph: Harry Kerr)

Today's royal engagements

The Queen will hold an investiture at Buckingham Palace at 11.00.

The Prince of Wales will open Ling Dynamic Systems, Baldock Road, Royston, Hertfordshire, at 10.40, and will visit the Cambridge Enterprise Agency, Lensfield Road, at 12.15. Later, as Patron of the African Medical and Research Foundation (UK), he will attend a fund-raising dinner for the foundation at Fishmongers' Hall at 7.30.

Memorial Service

The Very Rev S.H. Evans
The Archbishop of Canterbury was represented by the Right Rev John Trillo at a memorial service for the Very Rev Sydney Evans held yesterday in the Chapel of King's College, London. Canon Reginald Askew, Dean, officiated. Mr Hugh Evans, son, read the lesson and the Rev Professor Ulrich Simon read from *The Rule and Exercises of Holy Dying* by Jeremy Taylor. The Rev Professor Dennis Nineham gave an address.

The Most Rev Desmond Tutu, Archbishop of Cape Town, was represented by Canon Winston Ndungane, the Bishop of London by the Right Rev Kenneth Woodcombe and the Salisbury Diocese by the Right Rev John Neale, professor of S.R. Sutherland, Principal of King's College, London, attended.

Luncheon

HM Government

Baroness Hooper, Under-Secretary of State for Education and Science, was host yesterday at a luncheon held at Lancaster House in honour of the Prime Minister of Mauritius.

Forthcoming marriages

The Hon I.H. Hope-Morley and Miss C.N. Ash
The engagement is announced between Ian, eldest son of Lord and Lady Hollenden, of Leigh, Kent, and Caroline, only daughter of Mr and Mrs Kim Ash, of Johannesburg, South Africa.

Mr S.M. Anderson and Miss A.L. Gabriel
The engagement is announced between Simon, son of the late Mr William Anderson and of Mrs Bunty Anderson, of Old Church Street, Chelsea, and Louise, daughter of Professor and Mrs Roger Gabriel, of Peneluna, Forest Row, Sussex.

The Rev J.P. Chaffey and Miss J.P. Pate
The engagement is announced between Jonathan, only son of the Rev M.P. Chaffey, of Manchester, and Mrs S.L. Chaffey, of Coventry, and Jane, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs F.R. Page, of Haywards Heath, West Sussex.

Mr F.H.W. Chan and Miss L.W.M. Lake
The engagement is announced between Francis Hang-Wah, son of Mr and Mrs Chan, Northpoint, Hong Kong, and Lulu Wai-Ming, daughter of Mr and Mrs Luke, of Bournemouth, Dorset.

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Complete results from Crufts

The following is the full list of results from Crufts Dog Show.

Champion Starline Express of Vaselet, a three-year-old English setter, owned by Mrs Valerie Watkin, of Long Sutton, Lincolnshire, was chosen as Supreme Champion.

Best of group:

Gun dogs:
English Setter, Ch Ch Starline Express of Vaselet.

Pointers:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

Terriers:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

Working dogs:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

Can dogs:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

Toy and Utility dogs:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

Best of Breed:
Border Terrier, Ch Brimstone of Brimstone.

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OBITUARY

FREDERICK LOEWE

Master of the Musical



Frederick (Fritz) Loewe, composer, who died on February 14, at the age of 86, must always be remembered for his partnership with the librettist, Alan Jay Lerner, and particularly for *My Fair Lady*, a musical version of *Pigmalion*, which brought the name Bernard Shaw—who had died six years earlier—to probably the largest audience he had ever known.

Originally staged in New York during 1956 (where it was revived 20 years later), it ran there, at three theatres, for 2,717 performances, and in London, at Drury Lane (where it came in 1958), for 2,281 performances, when a critic described it as "an almost excessively good musical."

He caught the style and spirit of this Shavian adventure—its text based more on the film script than the play. His memorial is such celebrated melodies as "I could have danced all night," "The rain in Spain," and "Wouldn't it be lovely?" After these, one had to doubt whether a real object of *Pigmalion* as Shaw had claimed mischievously long before, was "to call public attention to the importance of the study of phonetics," though we were never likely to forget, after hearing the musical, that "the Rine in Spine Sues Minely in the Pine."

Loewe was born in Vienna, on June 10, 1901. His father, Edmund Loewe, a tenor, created the role of Prince Danilo in *The Merry Widow*, in 1906; his mother, Rose, was an actress. He was educated at the Military Academy and at Stern's Conservatory in Berlin. He studied the piano with Ferruccio Busoni and Eugene d'Albert and composition with Nicholas von Zernike.

He had made his debut in Berlin during 1914 as a concert pianist when he was thirteen; and at the age of 15 wrote "Katrina", a popular song of the day. Twenty-nine years later, in 1944, he made a New York concert debut at Carnegie Hall.

He had gone to the United States in 1924, but did not find immediate success. His grasp

of English was poor and his musical sensibility did not appeal to American ears. To support himself, he took a string of odd jobs, from riding instructor to prizefighter and cow-puncher. On his return to New York, he played the piano in beer halls and the organ in a movie house—a job to which talkies put an end.

Loewe's reputation must rest upon the important group of musicals which he wrote from 1945, having by then secured as lyricist and librettist a much younger man, Alan Jay Lerner, who wrote the book for their first combined production, *Life of the Party*, which was done in Detroit, Michigan, in 1942.

Lerner also wrote the book for Loewe's score in *What's Up in 1943* and *The Day Before Spring* (1945). Before they joined forces, Loewe had tried one or two other musicals, but he had had no particular success.

Suddenly he and Lerner, in partnership, broke through with *Brigadoon* (1947) performances at the Ziegfeld, New York, from 1947. This was done in London at His Majesty's in 1949 where it ran for 685 performances. It was based on the idea that in order to save a Scottish village from a plague of witches, a good divine prayed that Brigadoon might vanish into the Highland mists and turn up only once in 100 years for a single day. (The piece contained the ballad, "The love of my life").

Paint Your Wagon arrived in New York in 1951 and had 288 performances at the Schubert, from the spring of 1953 there were 477 London performances at His Majesty's. It was about a nineteenth-century mushroom-town of a gold rush, with a variety of choral miners, particularly in "I'm on my way."

Still, all previous work in what was now recognised as one of the major musical partnerships of its time would be eclipsed by *My Fair Lady*, which starred Rex Harrison and Julie Andrews.

Apart from Loewe's music—which also included "Get me to the church on time" and "On the street where you live"—this had the benefit of a firm Shavian texture and was spared the dire incongruities of musical-comedy humour, though Lerner did alter the anti-romantic "romance" to conform to the conventions of the musical play. The musical was originally titled "My Lady Liza".

Their next joint production was the Arthurian *Camelot* at the Majestic Theatre, New York, in 1960; here, Loewe was co-producer; this had 873 performances, and at Drury Lane, London, from 1964, 518. Lesser in quality than the others, it was still immensely successful.

Gigi (New York, 1973), was based on the novel by Colette; its book and score came from the Lerner-Loewe film of the same name for which, in 1958, Loewe received the Academy Award. For the musical he received a "Tony"; Lerner did less well. In the screen version, Maurice Chevalier found his signature tune. "Thank heaven for little girls".

Loewe also wrote the music for various American television productions, including *Salute to Lerner and Loewe* (1961) and *The Lerner and Loewe Songbook* (1962). Lerner died in 1966.

"I don't like my music, but what is my opinion against that of millions of others?", Loewe once quipped. He might have preferred, he said, to have spent his life playing Bach and Mozart—but Broadway paid more.

He was twice married and twice divorced.

COMMANDER RICHARD JESSEL

Commander Richard Jessel, DSO, OBE, DSC and Bar, who died on February 14, aged 85, was a Second World War destroyer captain of outstanding dash and heroism. His sheaf of decorations marked long arduous service in Malta convoys, with all the hazards that that entailed, and he served also in Arctic convoys.

Richard Frederick Jessel was born on November 24, 1902, into a leading Anglo-Jewish legal family. (His father, A. H. Jessel, KC, was brought up by his great-uncle, Sir George Jessel, who was Solicitor-General in Gladstone's 1870 Government and, later, a celebrated Master of the Rolls.)

After the Royal Naval Colleges at Osborne and Dartmouth, Jessel's pre-war service took him to the China, Malta and New Zealand stations.

He played an incidental part in history when, as captain of HMS *Gedworn*, he escorted King Edward VIII on the famous Mediterranean cruise in the summer of 1936 which the King made in the

THE ARTS

TELEVISION

Adrift, in space or afloat

Life on board the space ship *Red Dwarf* (BBC2) is an eternity of tedium peppered with class conflict. Leading technician Rimmer is a minor-public-school dolt who cannot pass his engineering exams even with half a text-book copied onto his arms and legs; under-dog body Lister is a scouse wisecracker dreaming of a retirement home on Fiji. They do not get on.

Sentenced to 18 months in the stasis field for keeping a forbidden cat, Lister emerges after three million years to find that the crew has perished, Rimmer has returned as a hologram, and the cat has mutated into a finger-popping tude in a pink suit who might pass muster as a Little Richard stand-in.

The above synopsis of the opening episode of a comedy series might not seem calculated to inspire a producer with confidence, and his confidence might wane yet further on finding the script to be a succession of anemic routines with the occasional nod in the direction of modern American sitcoms.

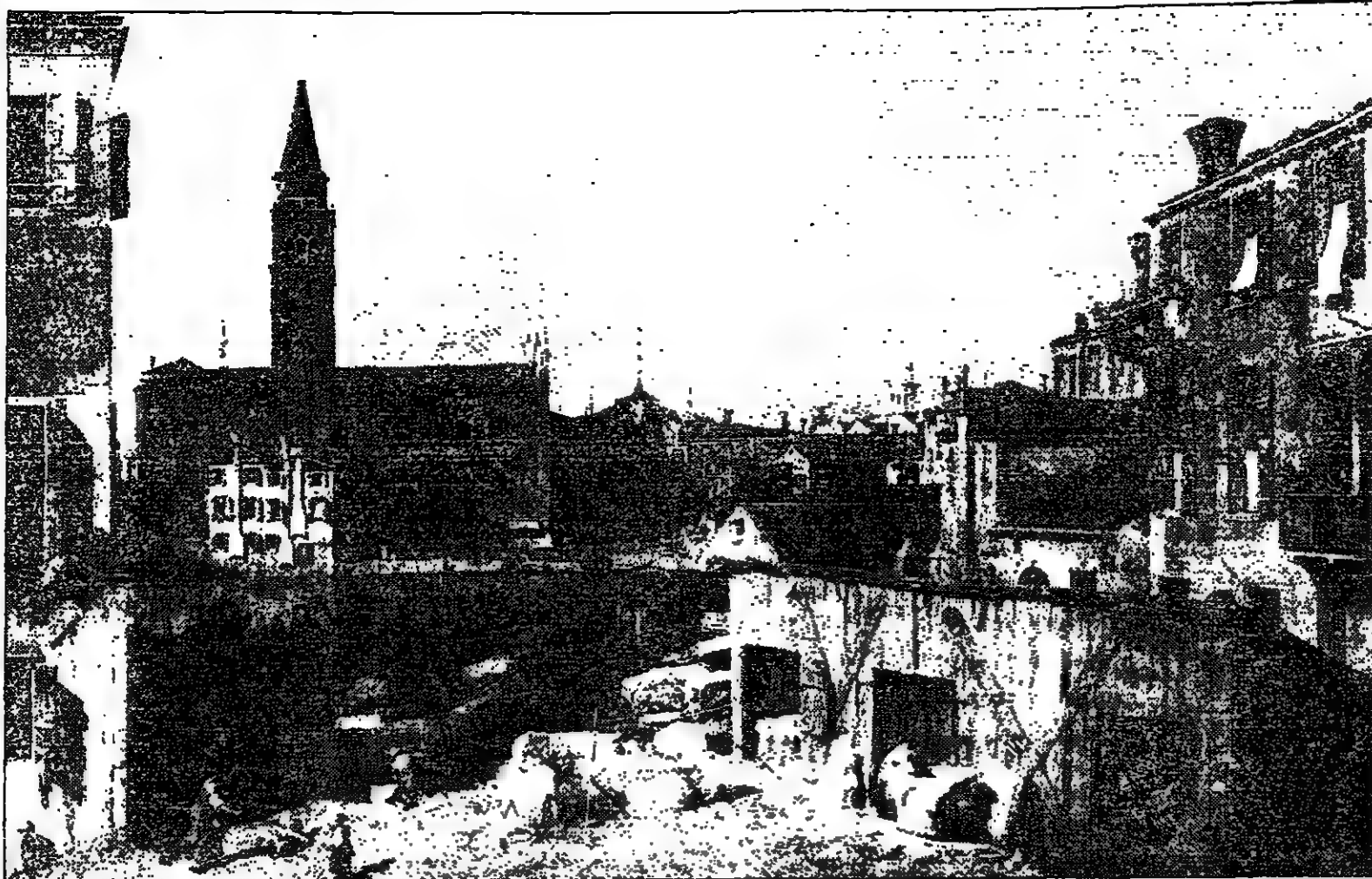
The dialogue is far too pleased with its distinction from *The Hitch-hiker's Guide to the Galaxy* — fringe cabaret instead of 1970s whimsy — to bother with the tiresome business of being effectively comic. And how much sharper the jokes would have to be for American television.

Like the first cuckoo of the letters page, *A Prospect of Rivers* (Channel 4) was the first of four pretty lush evocations of British riverine life, complete with Vivaldi and helicopter shots obligato. Hopping about from Swale to Dart and beyond, the programme kept returning to the magnificent Severn "with its enormous tides and bones". "There's as much interest there as there is in a pack of cards", a retired water bailiff dutifully affirmed.

The material is opulent, the format messy. After a concerned anorak had condemned the embarking of a Tyne tributary as "this demonic desire to straighten streams", we fidgeted up to a waterfall in Perthshire about which, apparently, there was absolutely nothing to report. These various segments were divided by the curious device of slow-motion watery ripples accompanied by plughole gurgling.

In the absence of a central theme and a linking frontperson, Sian Phillips' ladylike voice-over was stranded on a disembodied sand bank. I had already noted down the presence of pole-fishers on a tributary of the Tay when the pole-wielding gentlemen in question, flexing their muscles, revealed that they were in fact pearl-fishers.

Martin Cropper



Superior taste: "The Stonemason's Yard" by Canaletto (detail), from the National Gallery exhibition "Noble and Patriotic: The Beaumont Gift, 1828"

Collectors' choice

GALLERIES

Douglas Cooper and the Masters of Cubism
Tate Gallery

"Noble and Patriotic":
The Beaumont Gift
National Gallery

NY Art Now II
Saatchi Collection

Douglas Cooper had the enviable advantage, rare indeed among art critics and historians, of enough money to buy what he loved and to live with it. Many of the wonders in the last major show he was involved with before his death, the Tate's *Essential Cubism* in 1983, came from his own collection.

Now the Tate has a more modest show, derived entirely from his collection and all of smaller works on paper, which emphasizes the personal connection even in its title. Douglas Cooper and the Masters of Cubism (until April 4) constitutes, in its modest way, some kind of a memorial.

Cooper's interest in Cubism — and Cubism in its most rigorous, analytical phase, at that — went back a long way. But he never stopped buying, selling and generally refining his collection (not to mention generously donating works to collections he thought ought to have them, when the mood took him). Also, as with all real collectors, his interests never changed

radically, or not in Cubism anyway, but naturally shifted a little.

Perhaps the most constant element throughout his collecting career was Juan Gris, and the 11 works in this show are just a small part of one of the richest collections of Gris that has ever existed. As they are, though, they offer a vivid conspectus of Gris's work, rapidly evolving from the strong, academic "Still-Life with Pitcher" of 1910 to the early Cubist drawings of the same sort of subject, then through increasing abstraction and a return to the more ordered representation of Synthetic Cubism by way of his fascinating analytical copies of Cézanne.

The Braque drawings also are wonderful, and the Légers are powerful enough to make those who can never quite accept Léger as an artist of similar substance think again. Perhaps there is a hint of a lead-in in the Picasso, since on the whole the selectors have opted for less substantial works with a direct personal association. There is at least the very important preparatory study for the "Démolisseurs d'Avignon".

Despite the title, not all the show is concerned with Cubism: there are also some splendid Klee's and Miró's from the Thirties to round out our picture of Cooper's collecting activities. A small show, but one can hardly imagine anything more distinguished of its kind.

At the National Gallery there is perhaps less distinguished but equally attractive show, devoted to the collecting activities and the generosity of an earlier Maecenas. The man in question, Sir George Beaumont, is probably best known today because one of his own landscapes was the inspiration for Wordsworth's "Elegiac Stanzas", the poem which contains the lines about "the light that never

was, on land or sea". To judge from the example — perhaps not the identical view of Peck Castle that Wordsworth was writing about — included in "Noble and Patriotic" (until May 3), it would be optimistic to expect any such magical effects in any actual painting by Beaumont.

But then he was a collector, patron and man of culture who dabbled in art himself, rather than an artist with serious ambitions. A highly readable and informative biography by the organizers of the show, Felicity Owen and David Blayney Brown (*Collector of Genius*, Yale, £19.95) tells us the full extent of his activities.

It does not matter too much that more recent scholarship has toned down some of the original attributions among the pictures he first offered to the nation in 1823, thereby triggering the setting up of a proper National Gallery to house them and other such gifts. The "Jew Merchant", which Beaumont believed to be by Rembrandt is now assigned to a follower, but it is still an impressively Rembrandtesque piece, and the grisaille "Lamentation over the Dead Christ" remains as unchallenged as any Rembrandt can hope to be these days.

Three of his Claudes stand up, and only one is now regarded as a copy after a lost original. The Poussin "Landscape with Man Washing his Feet at a Fountain" has had its ups and downs in critical estimation, but is now on balance regarded as an autograph work again, and certainly looks impressive after a recent cleaning. And the Canaletto "Stonemason's Yard" confirms Beaumont's superior taste in the work of this perhaps over-collected painter.

The works in the gift themselves are backed up by a useful small display concerning Beaumont the man, his amateur art, his friendship with

Constable and his relations with the great literary figures of his time — not least, of course, Wordsworth. Most of the works in the show are quite familiar — in itself some attestation of Beaumont's lasting importance among the National Gallery's benefactors — but seeing them separated out from the general collection and grouped together in this way does tell us something new not only about Beaumont, but about the taste of his time, its limitations and its triumphs.

The Saatchi could in some respects be regarded as the Maecenas of our own time and place, at least where avant-garde art is concerned. The first part of his showing at their own gallery in Boundary Road of the latest tangle of very up-to-the-minute New York pieces got a fair drubbing from the critics but, nothing daunted, they now continue with NY Art Now Part II (until April 16).

This show retains some of the first, but takes out several of the artists originally featured and substitutes six more. If one cannot in all respects share the Saatchi's taste in art, at least one can hardly argue with their evident dedication to the new and their readiness to follow their own taste, making mistakes if need be.

The second contingent is perhaps slightly more impressive than the first. There is still quite a lot of merely modish nonsense, but at least two of the artists, Tibor Hsu and Carroll Dunham, seem to have something going for them. Dunham paints organic-looking abstracts, rather as Kandinsky did around 1912, with strong undertones of subaqueous life-forms, while Hsu makes meticulously crafted abstract painted sculptures which refer, if to anything in our world, to fuse-boxes and the mysterious innards of modern machines.

John Russell Taylor

Rather uneven closing flourish

CONCERTS

RPO/Temirkanov
Royal Festival Hall

Audience numbers and orchestral morale went up with the barometer on Sunday afternoon, and the third and last of Yurii Temirkanov's Stravinsky concertos with the Royal Philharmonic ended with a flourish.

The presence of *The Firebird* helped, of course; though only by investing the best of his rehearsal time and energies in the 1945 Suite could Temirkanov have succeeded as he did. Rhythmic elegance and security of contour acted as deft stage-management behind the flickering detail of the two little Pantomimes. Earlier in the afternoon, in an unnecessarily make-weight set of dances from Glinka's *Russian and Ludmila*, this had certainly not been the case. The Glinka had been replacing the originally planned Stravinsky "Scherzo à la Russe". It was a

pity not to hear it: a pity, too, that this little series had to sell itself by the beautiful central presence of a lollipop piano concerto.

With Tchaikovsky and Schumann behind them, the RPO turned to Grieg, and Dmitri Alexeev found himself with a work which is not, perhaps, exactly his glass of tea. Alexeev, whose perspicacity and poetry in the recital room makes his London visits so eagerly awaited, was less than at ease. He seemed to be approaching the work solely from the environment of the Romantic piano concerto and too little from within the context of Grieg's own musical language.

Phrases were either overpressed or flung away; and just as Alexeev never quite caught the inflexion of Grieg's rhythmic and harmonic language, so Temirkanov ruled uneasily over unsettled tempi relationships, over sudden darkening and lightening of texture. Alexeev and Temirkanov are to record both the Grieg and Schumann concertos.

Hilary Finch

A strong team

Music Projects/
Bernas
Almeida

If this was a slightly disappointing evening, the fault must lie with the choice of music rather than the presentation, which was altogether admirable.

Richard Bernas had, as usual, assembled a strong team of players and encouraged them with close care; he also used the intimate, informal character of the Almeida to drop in unpretentious comments along the way. Eileen Hulse, his soprano soloist, also profited from the ambience: her singing was fresh, lively and unforced.

However, the biggest piece on the programme, Dmitry Smirnov's "The Visions of Coleridge", was not something to sustain a whole concert. For one thing, the title promised much more than the music delivered: this was merely a 20-minute song cycle, using a quatrain from *The Rime of the Ancient Mariner* as motto ("Alone, alone, all, all alone", centring on a nocturne from *Christabel*, and ending with the poet's epitaph).

The music, for a mixed

group of 10 players, is atmospheric but thin, and ends becalmed on diatonic chords; there is a faint touch of Shostakovich in the starting at death. One might have hoped for more and stronger exotic connections from a Russian composer responding to English words — words which he certainly sets with great skill, being well practised. But perhaps a more intense personality will be revealed when we get the chance to hear one of his operatic works after Blake.

This first performance of the Coleridge piece was finely sung by Miss Hulse, who was also heard in Oliver Knussen's bright little Trakl study "Trumpets" and Mark Anthony Turnage's "Lament for a Hanging Man", a piece rough, tough and canny enough to get away with making Sylvia Plath sing.

There were also words peeping around the corners of Takemitsu's "Voice" for solo flute, ending played, whispered and breathed by Nancy Ruffer. Alex Balanescu joined her for a short, natty bit of conversation in Maderna's "Dialodia" and there was a more raucous duet for clarinet by Walter Zimmermann.

Paul Griffiths

Lucid eloquence

LONDON
DEBUTS

The American violinist Benjamin Hudson's concerto debut in London at St John's, Smith Square, was a debut with a difference. True, there was nothing remarkable about his choice of piece, which was Mendelssohn's Violin Concerto, but he performed it on a period-style instrument with the Hanover Band, a period-style orchestra which seems to have improved beyond recognition since Roy Goodman was appointed its musical director.

Hudson has a reliable if unspectacular technique, and here he spun a line of light transparency, lending a lucid quality to Mendelssohn's lyricism which is often missed by those who play instruments modified according to the conventions of the 20th century. His tempos tended towards the brisk, but that is no bad thing when so many take the Andante at something more akin to an Adagio; and his phrasing breathed eloquence in abundance.

A tape recording has arrived of a Queen Elizabeth Hall debut, which circumstances forced me to miss. The group concerned is called, slightly unimaginatively, The Instrumental Quartet of London, and it is a distinguished ensemble consisting of Susan Milan (flute), Caryl Thomas

(harp), and the string trio of Krzysztof Smetana, Graham Oppenheimer and Robert Bailey.

Such a group is obliged to search for imaginative programmes, and this included the premiere of Robert Walker's *Serenade*, "addressed to someone who isn't there." Though full of impressively idiomatic and immediately attractive writing, the work does ramble a little.

But André Jolivet's beautiful *Chant de Linos* and Roussel's *Serenade*, Opus 30, framed the concert exquisitely, with Milan and Thomas making some particularly beguiling sounds. There was also a purposeful yet wistful account of Debussy's *Sonata* for flute, viola and harp, while Beethoven's String Trio, Opus 9 No 3, and Mozart's D Major Flute Quartet, K285, added a welcome Teutonic flavour.

Stephen Pettitt

Spring
comes to
Country Life.

Practically the entire guide to spring gardens and symmetrical lawns is contained in this page of Country Life. The best way to look at it is to read it. Reproduction is not permitted. And it is the ideal medium for your garden. (Plan to Spring today.)

01-261 5401

Money is not the object

Jocelyn Herbert
(right) is one of
our most admired
stage designers.
Chris Peachment
interviewed her

At least one mark of Jocelyn Herbert's good taste was that until recently she used to drive around town in an Alvis Grey Lady. Alas, she had to get rid of it because a wheel fell off while going through Richmond. It needed about £10,000 spent on it to get it into shape. "I just don't have that kind of money," Miss Herbert confesses. "I have always been lucky enough to work at what interested me, but it has never brought in much money."

Jocelyn Herbert will always be associated with the revolution in drama brought about by George Devine and the Royal Court, and it could be said that her influence on stage design was no less revolutionary. A poverty of means was turned around to a new philosophy, in which one began with a bare stage and then added to it only those elements which were useful and necessary.

"George felt very strongly then that all the scenic clutter had taken over in theatre to the detriment of the acting. We cleared all that out and returned the stage to the text and to the actors."

She has just designed *Timon of Athens*, which opens tonight at the Studio of the Haymarket Leicester. The task is unlikely to make her very much richer either, but one which at least will allow her to return to her first principles once again, after a



Designer and artist of taste and elegant economy: Jocelyn Herbert pictured at her studio

necessarily naturalistic set for *J.J. Fann*.

"The only production of *Timon* I have seen before was Peter Brook's at the Bouffes du Nord. He had gutted the theatre, taken out the proscenium and seats. You just perched on benches. For the banquet scene they all sat on the floor among sacks of straw. It was a brilliant production."

"When I read the play there seemed to be a lot of coming and going through doorways, so that is essentially what I have used." The model of her set indicates three or four freestanding doorframes, which can be swivelled or moved around to suggest nooks, crannies, tunnels or other rooms.

"I pondered about whether to use any scenery at all, but perhaps the good people of Leicester might feel they don't get their money's worth, if there isn't anything to look at.

We used to do these Sunday night rehearsed readings of new plays at the Royal Court and it was noticeable how very good they were when there was no scenery or costumes.

"So often, you watch actors stiffen up the minute they first get into costumes. I'm giving this lot rather smart grey suits, and they can then add things on top to suggest soldiers or servants or whatever they happen to be playing."

Alongside the work in theatre has been the occasional foray into film, which began on *Tom Jones*, where she was credited as "colour consultant". "We all hated colour in those days. It was Tony Richardson's first colour film and first costume film, so he hired me to help out."

"I soon discovered that what went wrong with so many films, was that the set designers turned up with stan-

dard items all the time. All the country rustics were just kitted up with the standard big skirt and petticoats and mob cap. I wanted something simple in earth colours to contrast with the brightness of the town scenes."

Her most recent film design work was for Lindsay Anderson's *The Whales of August*, starting the 91-year-old Lillian Gish and Bette Davis. This took her to Portland, Maine, a place and people which she enjoyed more than the star tantrums which Bette Davis is still pulling after all these years.

But it is her stage work for which she will be remembered: "I was sitting in the suits as the curtain went up on my set for the first production of *Serjeant Musgrave's Dance*, and voice behind me said 'Oh God, it's going to be one of those plays.' I've always thought that that summed up my career, somehow."

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by Stephen Bill Directed by Stuart Burge

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VARING

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A large diaphanous neckerchief of gauze swathed round the neck and shoulders and puffed out over the bosom". In his recent couture collection Lacroix also brings back the fresh, embroidered

Balancing the new softness of flower-printed georgette or striped and polka dot chiffon against the checks and pin-stripes of structured suits provides an instant lift to your wardrobe. You can invest in a new shawl or fichu-collared blouse in a gossamer fabric, or polish up the knack of folding and draping a diaphanous square or length of chiffon around your shoulders.

Top right: Black in navy stretch wool/Lacoste, £485, also in white or wimer; shirt with mustard and brown spotted geometrics scarf, C.1185; in a selection of colours; both Jean-Paul Gaultier at La Mode, 38s Hresant, SW3

Above: Navy and cream window-pane check collarless cropped jacket, £149; navy and white print silky polyester wide-legged trousers, £69, also in mushroom; both Jaeger, 200-206 Regent Street, W1; and selected branches, Chiffon jacket, £7.99, and a Spandex and stretchy dress, £6.99, £6.99, both C.1185, The Shop, 157 Bromley Road, W8; Midas Originals, 16 Duke Street, Heston-on-Thames

Hair and make-up: Amanda Jackson-Syner
Photographs by: ANTHONY CRIDGWAY

PEOPLE

man's waistcoat, glimpsed under the jacket of her black velvet Chanel couture suit with a matching vest and scarf. With a man's arm along one shoulder was the result of a fast shopping foray into Highland House in Knightsbridge, bought by Ines last week. A man's blue Highland herring with red and white striped headband was also snapped up. "Coco Chanel would approve, I think," Ines said. "After all, she wore men's clothes borrowed from her boyfriend, the Duke of Westminster. I have always loved that look of mixing men's classics with pretty shirts and jewels."

Ines, who was in London to promote a new line of Chanel eye shadows, still has two years to run of her contract, and with a hectic year-round promotional itinerary, has reluctantly given up the flat she used to have in Chelsea.

Star attraction: Chanel's best girl, Inès de la Fressange

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Dik Brandsma (top) and printed flannel suit, YSL Variation

"But I enjoy playing around with Saint Laurent's ideas." The handsome mop-haired Brandsma, who trained in tailoring in Amsterdam before moving to Paris in 1978 to work as design assistant to Kenzo, came to the notice of Pierre Bergé, president of the Saint Laurent fashion empire.

The glorious colour mixes (smoke blue with mauve and grey, emerald with pink and orange), the baroque jacket, the curtail pants, all convey the Saint Laurent signature style. Codets of orange and scarlet crisp set in the back of a black dress are a less happy imposition of Brandama's back-interest do-tolling than the gathering-in of the back of the waist of a multi-colored black evening suit. Saint Laurent's famous cabot, or referer jacket, has been unassessably tampered with and cut on a curve at the front.

Printed flannel, as in the suit photographed here, is a favourite of Brandama's and has been used often in his own collections. For the flannel print in the YSL Variation range, Brandama has used a laurel wreath and flower pattern taken from a drawing of a jacket dating from the Vivienne Section.

The collection promises to provide many useful classics in the Saint Laurent mood, including long tent coats and short, straight, fly-fronted raincoat. There are excellent little suits in plain or spotted flannel and sleek gaberdine, as well as the familiar short spencers and longer, collarless tunic jackets in glossy leather. In among the short hemlines are riding skirts, cut to flare out prettily to mid-calf.

Featured in his bestselling book *Glorious Needlepoints* this lovely design by Kasia Fasseti is based on the flowers found on Middle Eastern harem shoulder bags. The rows of flowers and the border are in soft shades of marine blue, terracotta, nut browns, pink, fuchsia, ivory and lilac with the flowers' stems and leaves stitched in a mixture of pale mint and silvery green. This rich blend of colour is set on a pale khaki background. Kaffa Fasseti's colouring is famous and in this new tapestry he mixes the fifteen shades with wonderful subtlety.

The design measures 151cm x 151cm and is printed in full colour on 10 holes to 10 cm in each canvas. It is worked in half-cross stitch and the kit contains everything you will require to complete your flowers. 100% pure wool tapestry range, a needle and clear instructions leaflet. All for \$25 including postage and packing which represents excellent value for a tapestry with so many colours.

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DEMS

15/03

**Compiled by Peter Dear
and Jane Rackham**

VARIATIONS

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TELEVISION CHOICE

this is too technical to be reduced to simple layman's terms. Areas of crucial importance, like the bank's relationship with the Treasury, are touched upon but hardly explored in any profound way. And though it is a pity that the *Johnson Matthey scandal*, the Big Bang and last autumn's stock market crash, the film steers respectfully clear of controversy. Just for balance, it might have been useful to collect a few dissenting views.

Denis Healey, a former Labour Chancellor and a man now renowned for winning words. But poor Denis is allowed only one sentence and the overall impression is of one of those *Look At Life* celebrations of Britain that used to be shown in cinemas before the main feature.

Peter Waymark

RADIO CHOICE



Freddie Jones: splendid as Copernicus (RS, 9.10pm)

impressive play about Nikolaus Koppernigk, better known as Copernicus. Freddie Jones gives a splendid performance as the tormented scientist, torn between his duty to the Church and his duty to publish his revolutionary, earth-centred cosmology. A distinguished if demagogic

production.

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In Carlsbad, but unknown in the rest of the country?

4.30 Kaleidoscope (r)
4.30 PM presented by Valerie
Barnes and Bill Frost

5.50 Shipping Forecast 5.55
Weather

6.00 News with Clive Ross, and
Continental Report

6.30 King Street (new series)
by Jim Edrington,
starring Karl Howman and
James Bruton (s) (r)

7.00 **Buletin**

7.05 The Arts

7.20 File on 4: Michael Robinson
reports on major issues at
about 10

8.00 Love Is... a bone? Richard
Anthony Baker samples the
views of Woody Allen, Tom
Lehrer and others (s)

8.30 Our Green Survival Kit
John Schooley seeks the
views of scientists and
botanists engaged in
medicinal plant research (r)

9.15 10.15 Youth: Magazine for the
visually handicapped
presented by Peter White.
Questions and comments
may be phoned in on 01-590-
644

9.45 Kaleidoscope: includes an
interview with Athol Fugard
about his play *A Place with
the Pigeons*; a review of David
Sorenberg's exhibition at the
Tate; and an interview with
the young Irish pianist Barry
Douglas the day before he
reopened the Glastonbury
Hammerstein

10.15 A Book at Bedtime:
Confessions of Polk Knull,
Confidence Man by Thomas
Mann (r) of 16) **10.20**

10.30 The World Tonight
presented by Alexander
MacLeod

11.10 The Financial World
Tonight: International news
and comment

11.30 Today in Parliament

12.00 News; Weather 12.33
Shipping Forecast

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News on the half-hour from 6.30am until 8.30pm, then at 10.00 and 12.00 midnight

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Newspaper [Frank Partridge] 12.45 **Gary Davies 3.00 Steve Wright 4.00 News** **4.15 Bruno Brookes 7.30 Simon May 10.00-12.00 John Peel FM Stereo** **Radios 1 and 2 4.00-6.00am** **Radio 4 6.00-7.00am** **Radio 5 12.00-4.00pm** **As Radio 2**

MFW (medium wave) Stereo on FM (see Radio 1)

News on the hour, Sports Round-Up 6.00-6.15

4.00-6.00am Colin Berry 6.30 Bill Rennells 7.30 Derek Jameson 8.00 News **8.15 John Peel 9.00-10.00am** **1.00-1.15** **John Peel 1.45 David Jensen 2.50** **Gloria Hunniford 3.30 Adrian Lowe 6.00 John Dunn 7.00 Robert Parker's A to Z of Jazz D 7.30** **9.00 News** **9.15 Radio 2** **Orchestra Show 8.35 R 11**

Charles: an appraisal (Dave Kelly 10.00) The Impressions (Ray Allen) 10.30 The Law Gams 11.00

11.00 News **11.15** **Midnight 1.00am Steve Madden presents Nightlife 3.00-4.00 A Little Night Music**

WORLD SERVICE

6.00-6.05 Newsweek 6.30 London Time 7.00 **7.00-7.05 News** **7.10-7.15** **Unclaimed Property 7.45 Newsweek UK 8.00** **8.00-8.05 Radio Reports 8.15 Health Reports 8.30-8.35** **8.40-8.45** **Review of the British Press 8.15 World** **9.00** **9.00-9.05** **French News** **9.05** **9.05-9.10** **Sports Roundup 9.45** **9.50-9.55** **Sports Roundup 10.00** **10.00-10.05** **Sports Roundup 11.00** **11.00-11.05** **Sports Roundup 11.15** **11.15-11.20** **Sports Roundup 11.25** **11.25-11.30** **Sports Roundup 11.35** **11.35-11.40** **Sports Roundup 11.45** **11.45-11.50** **Sports Roundup 11.55** **11.55-12.00** **Sports Roundup 12.00** **12.00-12.05** **Sports Roundup 12.10** **12.10-12.15** **Sports Roundup 12.15** **12.15-12.20** **Sports Roundup 12.25** **12.25-12.30** **Sports Roundup 12.35** **12.35-12.40** **Sports Roundup 12.45** **12.45-12.50** **Sports Roundup 12.55** **12.55-1.00** **Sports Roundup 1.00** **1.00-1.05** **Sports Roundup 1.05** **1.05-1.10** **Sports Roundup 1.10** **1.10-1.15** **Sports Roundup 1.15** **1.15-1.20** **Sports Roundup 1.20** **1.20-1.25** **Sports Roundup 1.25** **1.25-1.30** **Sports Roundup 1.30** **1.30-1.35** **Sports Roundup 1.35** **1.35-1.40** **Sports Roundup 1.40** **1.40-1.45** **Sports Roundup 1.45** **1.45-1.50** **Sports Roundup 1.50** **1.50-1.55** **Sports Roundup 1.55** **1.55-2.00** **Sports Roundup 2.00** **2.00-2.05** **Sports Roundup 2.05** **2.05-2.10** **Sports Roundup 2.10** **2.10-2.15** **Sports Roundup 2.15** **2.15-2.20** **Sports Roundup 2.20** **2.20-2.25** **Sports Roundup 2.25** **2.25-2.30** **Sports Roundup 2.30** **2.30-2.35** **Sports Roundup 2.35** **2.35-2.40** **Sports Roundup 2.40** **2.40-2.45** **Sports Roundup 2.45** **2.45-2.50** **Sports Roundup 2.50** **2.50-2.55** **Sports Roundup 2.55** **2.55-3.00** **Sports Roundup 3.00** **3.00-3.05** **Sports Roundup 3.05** **3.05-3.10** **Sports Roundup 3.10** **3.10-3.15** **Sports Roundup 3.15** **3.15-3.20** **Sports Roundup 3.20** **3.20-3.25** **Sports Roundup 3.25** **3.25-3.30** **Sports Roundup 3.30** **3.30-3.35** **Sports Roundup 3.35** **3.35-3.40** **Sports Roundup 3.40** **3.40-3.45** **Sports Roundup 3.45** **3.45-3.50** **Sports Roundup 3.50** **3.50-3.55** **Sports Roundup 3.55** **3.55-4.00** **Sports Roundup 4.00** **4.00-4.05** **Sports Roundup 4.05** **4.05-4.10** **Sports Roundup 4.10** **4.10-4.15** **Sports Roundup 4.15** **4.15-4.20** **Sports Roundup 4.20** **4.20-4.25** **Sports Roundup 4.25** **4.25-4.30** **Sports Roundup 4.30** **4.30-4.35** **Sports Roundup 4.35** **4.35-4.40** **Sports Roundup 4.40** **4.40-4.45** **Sports Roundup 4.45** **4.45-4.50** **Sports Roundup 4.50** **4.50-4.55** **Sports Roundup 4.55** **4.55-5.00** **Sports Roundup 5.00** **5.00-5.05** **Sports Roundup 5.05** **5.05-5.10** **Sports Roundup 5.10** **5.10-5.15** **Sports Roundup 5.15** **5.15-5.20** **Sports Roundup 5.20** **5.20-5.25** **Sports Roundup 5.25** **5.25-5.30** **Sports Roundup 5.30** **5.30-5.35** **Sports Roundup 5.35** **5.35-5.40** **Sports Roundup 5.40** **5.40-5.45** **Sports Roundup 5.45** **5.45-5.50** **Sports Roundup 5.50** **5.50-5.55** **Sports Roundup 5.55** **5.55-6.00** **Sports Roundup 6.00** **6.00-6.05** **Sports Roundup 6.05** **6.05-6.10** **Sports Roundup 6.10** **6.10-6.15** **Sports Roundup 6.15** **6.15-6.20** **Sports Roundup 6.20** **6.20-6.25** **Sports Roundup 6.25** **6.25-6.30** **Sports Roundup 6.30** **6.30-6.35** **Sports Roundup 6.35** **6.35-6.40** **Sports Roundup 6.40** **6.40-6.45** **Sports Roundup 6.45** **6.45-6.50** **Sports Roundup 6.50** **6.50-6.55** **Sports Roundup 6.55** **6.55-7.00** **Sports Roundup 7.00** **7.00-7.05** **Sports Roundup 7.05** **7.05-7.10** **Sports Roundup 7.10** **7.10-7.15** **Sports Roundup 7.15** **7.15-7.20** **Sports Roundup 7.20** **7.20-7.25** **Sports Roundup 7.25** **7.25-7.30** **Sports Roundup 7.30** **7.30-7.35** **Sports Roundup 7.35** **7.35-7.40** **Sports Roundup 7.40** **7.40-7.45** **Sports Roundup 7.45** **7.45-7.50** **Sports Roundup 7.50** **7.50-7.55** **Sports Roundup 7.55** **7.55-8.00** **Sports Roundup 8.00** **8.00-8.05** **Sports Roundup 8.05** **8.05-8.10** **Sports Roundup 8.10** **8.10-8.15** **Sports Roundup 8.15** **8.15-8.20** **Sports Roundup 8.20** **8.20-8.25** **Sports Roundup 8.25** **8.25-8.30** **Sports Roundup 8.30** **8.30-8.35** **Sports Roundup 8.35** **8.35-8.40** **Sports Roundup 8.40** **8.40-8.45** **Sports Roundup 8.45** **8.45-8.50** **Sports Roundup 8.50** **8.50-8.55** **Sports Roundup**

Radio 3

6.55 Weather

7.00 Morning Concert: Mozart: *Overture to Dances in B flat, K 186*; Vienna Philharmonic Wind Ensemble; Beethoven (*Grosse Fuge: Philharmonie unter Klemperer*)

7.30 News

7.35 Morning Concert (cont'd): Blox (*L'Artésienne, Suite No 2: LPO under Beecham*); Haydn (*Songs, Recollection, A Pastoral Song*); Ely: Ameling, soprano, and Jörg Demus, piano; Haydn (*Symphony No 93 in D: LPO under Solti*)

8.30 News

8.35 Composers of the Week: Italian Violin School. Works by contemporaries of Monteverdi at Mantua and Venice including Francesco Cavalli (*Canzon a tre: Academy of Ancient Music under Hogwood*); C. Farini (*Capriccio stravagante*); A. V. Ciampi *Concetto* under Harmoncourt; and B. Marini (*Sonata sopra la Monto*, Op 8; *Extrait de violino: Musica Antiqua Cologne under Goebel*)

8.50 Piano: Piano recital by Peter Hahn: *Sonata in E flat (H XVII, Variations on Gott erhalte Franz den Kaiser, Fantasia in C (H XVII 4), and Sonata in A flat (H XVII 48)*

10.10 French Quartet: Modern Quartet perform Vincent d'Indy (*Quartet No 3 in D flat, Op 92*) and Faure (*Quartet, Op 161*) (v)

11.15 Midday Concert: BBC Scottish SO under Christopher Adey perform Britten (*The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra*); David Willcocks (*Concertos Concertos*) and Durckak (*Symphony No 4 in D minor*); With Heather Corbett (violinophone), Alan Cuckston (harpsichord) and Martin McCracken (bass). Interval recorded 12.05

1.00 News

1.05 Debussy Etudes: Piano recital by John Bingham includes: *Pour les échos, Pour les lions, Pour les bêtes, Pour les agréments, Pour les arpegges, and Pour les accords*

2.00 Les Orgues de Sainte-Colombe: Christopher Simpson (*Suite No 2 and Spring Fantasia Suite*) and Martin Locke (*Suite No 7 in G major/Minors*). With Richard Camplin (violin).

Pianist John Bingham plays Debussy Etudes (R3, 1.05pm)

and Le Bal masqué) and Lutoslawski (*Dance Preludes*). With Alan Watt (baritone) and Peter Sawright (piano). Conductor is David Davies

3.30 Jacqueline du Pré: Highlights of the cellist's recording career including Beethoven (*Piano Trio in D, Op 70 No 1*), with Daniel Barenboim, piano, and Pinchas Zukerman, violin) and Elgar (*Cello Concerto in E minor*, with the LSO under Barbirolli)

5.00 Mainly for Pleasure: Presented by Roger Nichols

7.00 Turkish Giggets: Recorded dance music by the Erdos family of Bourne

7.30 News

7.35 English Chamber Orchestra: includes Bloch's (*Symphony No 1 in D*); Donizetti (*O luce di quest'anima*); Bellini (*Ecce mi in aeta vesta*); and Donizetti (*Quel guardo li esvalera*). With Arleen Auger (soprano). Conducted by Raymond Lippard

8.10 Dialogues on a Broken Sphere: Play by Stephen Davis, starring Freddie Jones (see Chicks) (v)

11.00 Composers of the Week: Nielsen, *Overture: Maskerade* (1906); String Quartet No 4 in F (1908); Sleep (1904); At the Bier of a Young Artist (1910) (v)

12.00 News

12.05 Wolf 88: Songs by the prolific composer performed by Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (baritone) and Daniel Barenboim (cello) (v)

FREQUENCIES: Radio 1:1053kHz/285m;1089kHz/275m; Radio 2: 893kHz/433m; 808kHz/330m; Radio 3: 1215kHz/247m;VHF 90-92.5; Radio 4: 200kHz/1500m; VHF 92-95; LBC:1152kHz/261m; VHF 97.3; Capital:1549kHz/194m; VHF95.8; BBC Radio London: 1458kHz/206m; VHF 94.9; World Service: MF 648kHz/463m

Kinnock puts bus ban on TV-am

By Philip Webster
Political Staff

The Labour Party stepped into the three-month TV-am dispute yesterday when Mr Neil Kinnock banned the company from the official press party covering his Middle East tour.

Mr David Foster, a journalist, and two non-union technicians recruited locally, were turned off the coach provided by Egypt's information ministry for use by the Labour leader's press party in Cairo.

The TV-am crew had been told the coach was not for their use, but they clambered aboard as it waited outside a Cairo hotel. A vehicle of their own was standing by.

In London, Mr Tim Wight, leader of the 229 striking technicians, warned that his members were dismissed the Labour Party and unions would stop TV-am's access to news. This would seriously hamper the station's ability to provide a news and current affairs service.

Mr Wight told a press conference, called by the Association of Cinematograph, Television and Allied Technicians, that the union had won the dispute. "TV-am advertising is falling, its targeted audience has been lost to the BBC and other TV companies are fed up with illegal pirating of their material."

"We have not been warned that dismissal is a possibility, but if it came to that our situation would not be altered. We are not getting paid now and we are not working."

Until now, the Labour Party has kept a low profile in the strike at TV-am, where the technicians are paid an average of £38,500 a year.

The TV-am crew was refused permission by Mr Kinnock to travel with the official press party. But in all other ways they have received co-operation from his staff.

Alexandrian palms for a People's Palace



The Palm Court at Alexandra Palace, north London, being prepared for its re-opening next month (Photograph: Peter Trievnor). Right: The Great Hall after the fire in 1980.

Ally Pally, the "people's palace" in north London which was destroyed by fire in 1980, will rise from the ashes on March 17 for the second time in its history with a grand reopening to mark its £45 million refurbishment.

The final touches being put to the Palm Court, the restored Victorian focal point, in which eight 20ft palm trees shipped from Alexandria in Egypt have been successfully planted beneath an arched canopy of 2,500 panes of glass.

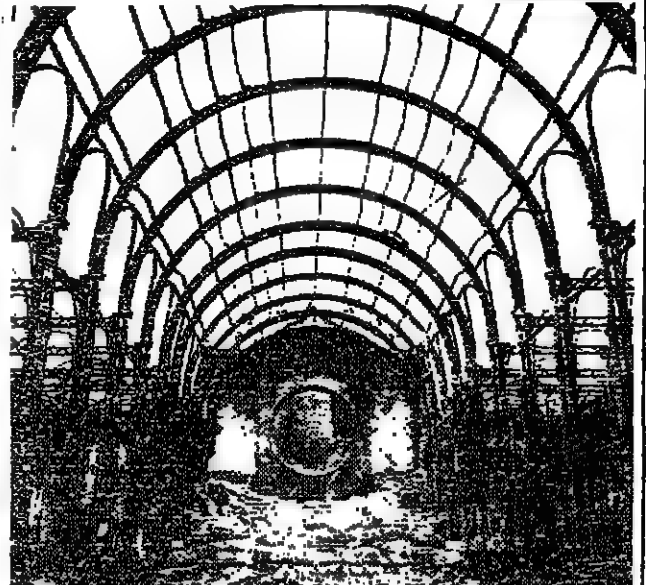
Alexandra Palace, north London's answer to the Crystal Palace on the other side of the Thames, was opened on Queen Victoria's birthday, May 24, 1875, but burned down 16 days later. It

was restored in less than two years but was destroyed by fire again eight years ago.

The money for its second restoration, which includes £3 million for the 200 acres of surrounding park, has been raised by a charitable trust established in 1901.

A huge range of amenities has been created at Ally Pally, from which the BBC made its first high definition television transmission in 1936. They include sports, exhibition, conference and banqueting facilities, and an hotel.

Mr Louis Bizat, the palace's general manager, said: "It's been a long process which has demanded a great deal of hard work."



New training scheme to aid 600,000 jobless

Continued from page 1
are worried that too many employers reject jobless people simply because they have been unemployed for some time when it is frequently no fault of their own.

Campaign posters will carry the message "The Unemployed aren't Unemployable" to employers, job agencies and personnel officers.

The Department of Employment sees it as an effort to remove misconceptions about the long-term unemployed.

The new training programme to be announced in the White Paper will operate on the principle of paying people "benefit plus". Designed to ensure that the individual is better off in work, it is targeted at the family man with children who has found that it pays him to stay on the dole.

The new scheme, based on

recommendations by the Manpower Services Commission, replaces about 30 existing schemes such as the Youth Training Scheme and the Community Programme.

Ministers hope to attract additional funds from employers as training schemes are devised to suit their requirements and the needs demonstrated by the jobs market.

The Opposition criticized the scheme as a form of creeping compulsion. Ms Clare Short, a Labour employment spokesman, said yesterday that the White Paper would be a "move towards an Eastern European labour market". She said: "This is an insult to the unemployed. It will involve penalising the unemployed, penalising them, lead to a lack of freedom and choice and a lack of decent employment standards."

Waldheim will not go

Continued from page 1
that there was "much about my wartime career which must remain open".

Speaking clearly and slowly he said: "I have often had to say that I did not know and that I could not remember. Part of the report by the historical commission, however, was not in accordance with the facts."

In an unprecedented admission of a mistake in his subsequent handling of his wartime activities, Dr Waldheim said: "I mistakenly described my wartime career as doing my duty, but there were not many possibilities to escape the demands of war. I respect those heroes and martyrs who acted differently but they were very few."

"It was perhaps a mistake to talk so little about this time but it was not a strategy of subterfuge."

Waldheim commando link

By Tom Bower

A Foreign Office file destroyed 10 years ago by the British Government connected President Waldheim of Austria to the interrogation of British commandos who were captured in Greece in 1944, according to sources at the US National Archives.

The so-called Alimnia file, which concerned the capture and interrogation of British commandos on reconnaissance in the Aegean in April, 1944, was recovered after the war and microfilmed by the US Government in 1950.

The file contained Dr Kurt Waldheim's name, although he has denied any involvement in the handling of captured British commandos. A copy handed to the British Government was destroyed by the Foreign Office in 1978.

Since *The Times* revealed the destruction of the Foreign Office file 10 days ago, the department, despite questions

by MPs, has failed to explain the destruction.

Mr Robert Rhodes James, Conservative MP for Cambridge and historian, intends to table another question in the Commons today.

He told *The Times* yesterday: "There is a consistent pattern by the British to cover up. We need to find out what we knew (about Waldheim) and when we knew it. It is either incompetence or a conspiracy. Unless I get a satisfactory reply to my question, there will have to be a special debate."

It has emerged that the file was forwarded to the Government from Washington in 1950, and was almost certainly used in the British investigation of Sub-Lieutenant Allan Tuckey's fate.

After their capture off the island of Alimnia on April 7, 1944, he and five other commandos were interrogated at

Araski, near Salonika, intelligence HQ for Army Group E, where Dr Waldheim was an intelligence officer. They were executed in 1942.

However, in the early 1960s when the US government microfilm of wartime documents was copied and sent to West German archives in Freiburg, the Alimnia file was specifically removed from the microfilm at the express request of Britain.

At that time Dr Waldheim was a senior official in the Austrian Foreign Ministry and about to be promoted to Deputy Foreign Minister. In 1971, Britain first opposed, then supported, his appointment to the post of UN Secretary-General.

A Whitehall source said that the British blocking of the file may have been because it involved material which is generally kept secret longer than the 30-year rule.

Commons sketch

Jocular garb and the moral climate

It is not every politician who manages to be pictured on the front of a Sunday newspaper dressed only in jockstrap and judge's gown. It is inevitable, then, that among a chamber full of attention-seekers, any politician who succeeds in this objective will be subjected to a certain amount of envious ribaldry from his fellow members.

It was Mr Paul Boateng (Labour, Brent South) who, having donned this jocular garb, had found himself celebrated in no less a Sunday newspaper than the *News of the World*. All eyes, therefore, fell upon him as he waltzed his way into the Chamber while Questions to the Secretary of State for Energy dribbled to their close.

Always a snappy dresser, Mr Boateng more usually appears clothed in the style of The Chi-Lites, a popular singing group of the 1970's noted for the close formation dancing of its three backing vocalists. "Oooh-wah! Oooh-ooh-wah! Bay-bee!" are the words expected from him as he struts about the House, but more often than not the speech that emerges is rather less catchy, rather more laden with grievance.

With red and white embroidered socks, a red tie, a red and white striped shirt, a heavily shouldered double-breasted suit, and hair swooping forward above his forehead in the manner of a less reticent Little Richard, Mr Boateng took his seat with no air of contrition. He was clutching a Filofax.

The theatrical theme of Sunday's photograph was pursued by Mr Dennis Skinner quoting *The Merchant of Venice* at the Secretary of State for Energy, Mr Cecil Parkinson. "The quality of mercy is not strained," cracked Mr Skinner, "it drippeth like the rain from heaven". He wished to know why mercy had not been shown to the 200 miners who had not been reinstated since the miners' strike when it had dropped so heavily on Mr Parkinson. Mr Parkinson looked avidly at the floor.

So far, so good for Mr Boateng. Had he been a Conservative rather than a Labour member, the combination of Judicial Robes, jock-strap and Filofax would have singled him out as a High Tory Freemason, and

socialist conspiracy theorists would already have been attacking him. But most members on the Tory benches seemed to find nothing but healthy reassurance in the revelations of Mr Boateng's casual-wear, and for a long while not a mutter of dissent was heard.

The issue was a complicated one. Mr Boateng had dressed as a near-naked Judge not in the privacy of his own home but as part of a theatrical event: it was this public element that perplexed a number of Tories. It was inevitable that, during Questions to the Minister for the Arts, the topic should be raised.

Mr Toby Jessel (Conservative, Twickenham) blundered to his feet, the batty Professor from a 1950s "B" movie. He blustered about having proof that the Conservatives were much more civilized than Labour, but it appeared that he was talking of art and music becoming foundation subjects in the new education proposals. Mr Tony Banks (Labour, Newham North West) sitting next to Mr Boateng, posed the question of Clause 28. Was he worried that Mr Boateng's public performances might be curtailed by council clampdowns on male nudity? Not a bit of it. He merely wanted the minister's assurance that the arts would not suffer damage.

Aha! Up rose Mr Boateng, happily still clad in his double-breasted suit. He asked the minister for the arts, Mr Richard Luce, a question concerning the finance of black theatre companies. "I hope he'll take this in good heart," replied Mr Luce, congenially, "but I have observed that his own artistic performances leave plenty of room for improvement."

Mr Boateng laughed sheepishly, looking downwards. Immediately, a portly Labour backbencher slid towards him to ask what on earth old Luce meant, and Mr Boateng had to explain. In a world of declining moral standards, how reassuring it is that there are still some MPs who have better things to do with their time than to sift through the Sunday papers for nude photographs of their colleagues.

Craig Brown

Bush hits wimp factor

Continued from page 1

England. Mr Bush became a man pursued through the New Hampshire woods by this terrifying vision thing.

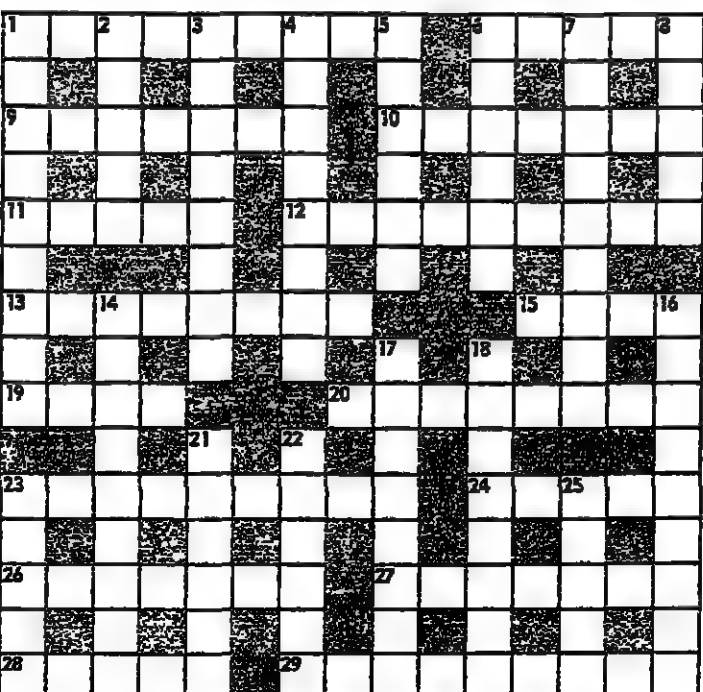
There is also a hint of science fiction. Referring to Mr Robertson's potential voters, Mr Bush's campaign manager, Mr Andy Card, says: "They're out there, but we just don't know how many of them there are. They seem to come from all directions." He was referring to evangelical Christians, but he somehow made them sound like invading aliens — yet another super-

natural threat to the Bush campaign.

On Sunday night, Mr Bush made one last desperate appeal to the voters during a debate, held in a high school at Goffstown, of all the Republican candidates. Sadly, he sounded all too desperate. "I may not be eloquent," he said, "but don't take that for a lack of passion, a lack of belief." This sounded all too defensive. The vision thing had struck again.

Second place battle, page 6

THE TIMES CROSSWORD PUZZLE NO 17,593



- ACROSS**
- Private teacher finally rising above head (9).
 - Fight for a press cutting (5).
 - Pompous idiot thrown back in breaking down door (7).
 - Dicks into which Lear's daughter put some flavouring (7).
 - Bush-dweller prominent in 27 (5).
 - Republic accommodating a student is part of the Commonwealth (9).
 - It's an exciting business, finding the channel in the river (8).
 - Eager to identify a biblical king (4).
 - Wild animal's claim to be to windward in retreat (4).
 - Government representative torn to pieces in Times? Right (8).
 - Illegal activity of student in second assault (9).
 - Headress I found in the seat of 27's ancient kings (5).
 - Spool illegally imported wine (7).
 - Country music composer (7).
 - Headgear assumed by baronet before entering (5).
 - Book 8 recited by saturn (9).
- DOWN**
- Stiff-legged progress of king leaving Stoke Poges, perhaps (5,4).
 - Cesar's instrument? (5).
 - Lines which identify military aircraft (8).
 - Journal supporting aim to print nothing on this? (8).
 - Married person starts to swap puns on river (6).
 - Lady is on the right lines serving wine (6).
 - Correct setting for peer's mobile illumination (4,5).
 - Where, in Maharashtra, a small number work standing up (5).
 - Strange athletic engaged in 23 ac (3-8).
 - Bloomer made by Sandhurst in sex case (9).
 - Trendy turn in Jim's frantic national pride (8).
 - Exam inducing a degree of listlessness (6-2).
 - Stag has taken fright apparently (6).
 - Coin the Spanish used for up-keep of gaol (6).
 - Drunk leads to hour trapped in overturned vehicle (5).
 - A scholar bating with great force (5).

WORD-WATCHING

A daily safari through the language jungle. Which of the possible definitions is correct?

By Philip Howard

- IGNORSCY**
a. Oblivion
b. Inflammability
c. Forgiveness
- MACARONIC**
a. Mixed language
b. Made from flour dough
c. Idiomatic
- KELLY POOL**
a. The Irish Sea
b. A sort of billiards
c. Casual building labour
- PAS D'ANE**
a. A sword guard
b. A ballet step
c. A slow pace

Answers page 20, column 1

Solution to Puzzle No 17,592

ACROSS
1. MENTOR
2. CUT
3. LAR
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TUESDAY FEBRUARY 16 1988

Executive Editor
David Brewerton

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 Share
1389.1 (+4.1)

FT-SE 100
1739.2 (+5.2)

Bargains
21129 (20092)

USM (Datastream)
145.49 (+0.72)

THE POUND

US dollar
1.7460 (+0.0060)

W German mark
2.9813 (+0.0033)

Trade-weighted
74.2 (+0.1)

Questions to bank on Birmid

Baring Brothers, adviser to Blue Circle Industries, was obliged to account for its movements to the Takeover Panel yesterday, after the bank's announcement late on Saturday that Blue Circle had won control of Birmid Quilcast by just over 9,000 shares out of a total of 72 million.

Concern was voiced earlier that Hoare Govett, Blue Circle's broker, was still prepared to pay \$380p for Birmid shares.

However, Lord Verulam, a Baring director, said the Panel had indicated that everything was in order. The bid was now unconditional. He said: "We are just buying, as before, wanting to secure our position."

The Panel is understood still to be awaiting a report of the bid. But a spokesman said he did not expect to discover anything untoward.

Bid talk wanes

Speculation has waned that the construction group, CH Beazer, is planning a bid for fellow building company George Wimpey on the back of a stake estimated at 1.5 per cent. But market experts believe Beazer has decided not to issue the further shares needed to finance a bid.

Temper, page 24

SUMMARY

STOCK MARKETS

New York	1988.28 (+1.72)
Dow Jones	24207.47 (+226.83)
Hong Kong	2301.75 (+14.52)
Hang Seng	2284.4 (+5.3)
Sydney: AO	1210.1 (+10.8)
Financial	Closed
Commerzbank	Closed
General	4410.0 (+87.0)
Paribas	288.4 (+3.9)
Zarich SCA	442.5 (+7.5)
FT-A 100 Share	1382.47 (+4.21)
FT-500	1822.33 (+2.17)
FT Gold Mines	261.9 (+0.0)
FT Fixed Interest	35.18 (+0.06)
FT Govt Secs	98.31 (-0.14)
Recent issues	Page 28
Closing prices	Page 27

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Anglo	4225p (+10p)
Brown Shipley	435p (+10p)
Beaz	785p (+20p)
Body Shop	100p (+10p)
Canterbury	100p (+10p)
M&G	2975p (+25p)
Electronic Mach	90p (+10p)
Read Intl	405p (+10p)
Alumina	325p (+20p)
Highgate & Job	215p (+10p)
Arlington Sec	185p (+11p)
AC	3825p (+25p)
British Aerospace	355p (+10p)
Perry Group	210p (+20p)
VPI Group	301p (+9p)
FALLS:	
Stylo	250p (-70p)
Byz Wimbleton	595p (-30p)
Parish	225p (-10p)
Peter Knoll 'A'	225p (-10p)
East	270p (-10p)
Closing prices	

INTEREST RATES

London: Bank Base	9%
3-month Interbank	9%-9.1%
3-month eligible bills	8.9%-9%
buying rate	8.5%
US Prime Rate	8.5%
Federal Funds	8.1%
3-month Treasury	5.75-5.74%
30-year bonds	10.4-10.4%

CURRENCIES

London:	New York:
\$1.7460	\$1.7405
DM2.9813	DM1.7115
Sfr2.4505	Sfr1.4070
FF110.0822	FF5.7795
Yen226.98	Yen181.00
Index: 74.2	Index: 95.5
ECU 1.692220	SDR 10.772203

GOLD

London Fixing:	
AM \$443.50	pm \$445.50
close \$445.25-445.75	(255.00-255.50)
New York:	
Comex \$445.70-446.50	

NORTH SEA OIL

Brant (Mar.)	pm \$75.96/bbl (\$18.07)
Denmark Friday's close	

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Bell Group in record loss

Holmes à Court empire shaken by market crash

By Graham Searjeant and Richard Battley

Mr Robert Holmes à Court's Bell Group yesterday recorded a net loss of Aus\$498 million (\$203 million) for the six months to the end of 1987, the first half of its financial year.

It was the biggest loss recorded in Australian corporate history, and shows the full effect of the October crash on Australia's most aggressive corporate raider. He was left holding large blocks of quoted shares in Broken Hill Proprietary, Standard Chartered Bank, Texaco and other groups at the moment of collapse.

Bell Resources, the associate company set up to own the group's stake in BHP, recorded a net after-tax loss of Aus\$270 million for the full year, after taking Aus\$561 million losses on investments, and the agreed sale of two thirds of its holding in BHP, which after cancellation of the stock, would leave Bell with 12 per cent.

Bell Group recorded

extraordinary losses of Aus\$357 million before tax, and took a further Aus\$200 million share of losses in associated companies, chiefly Bell Resources. These swamped pretax operating profits of Aus\$153 million for the six months, up a quarter on a year before.

The beleaguered Perth entrepreneur, assiduously adhered to the Australian Stock Exchange's (ASE) directive to all listed companies to reveal fully the extent of the losses due to the crash.

The Bell Group and its associates have sold Aus\$5 billion of investments, and the rest have been valued at their stock market quotation on December 31.

The group said the losses were due to the Bell companies adopting a very conservative accounting policy. There were "severe one-off write-downs in the value of their listed investments - to recognize the full effects of the

share market crash".

This approach, and 5 cent dividends from both companies, earned some approval on the Sydney stock exchange, where Bell Group shares were quoted at Aus\$1.40-1.45, up from Aus\$1.38 on Friday. This compares with a peak of Aus\$11.30 before the crash and an estimated current asset value of Aus\$4.60 per share.

The fall is estimated to have cut Mr Holmes à Court's personal fortune from Aus\$1.4 billion to about Aus\$200 million.

Shares in Bell Resources, 42 per cent owned by Bell Group, have plunged from a peak of Aus\$6.40 to Aus\$1.30 and registered no change yesterday. The preliminary report indicates that Bell Resources had shareholders' assets of Aus\$2.36 per share at the end of the year.

Bell Group has not written down its holdings in associates Bell Resources and JN Taylor.

SE investigates sudden rise in Stylo share price

By Cliff Feltham

The Stock Exchange is investigating a sharp rise in the shares of Stylo Shoes, a long-standing takeover target. The rise took place after a meeting between Mr Arnold Ziff, the company chairman, and Kitch & Aitken, the stockbroker.

Stylo dampened speculation yesterday by issuing a statement saying it knew of no reason for the recent fluctuations in the price of the limited voting shares.

The shares, which jumped 110p to 360p in dealings on Friday, fell 70p on the announcement to close at 290p.

The Stock Exchange's increasingly efficient surveillance department went on to the alert after the sudden rise in the shares.

Yesterday a furious Mr Ziff said he had already asked the Stock Exchange to look into the affair.

He said that within 30 minutes of the meeting the shares had gone up 110p.

Normally they move in a range of about 20p.

"I want to know who dealt in our shares and how many were dealt in. I did not give the broker any confidential information. If I had anything new to say about the business I would have told our shareholders first."

Last night Kitch & Aitken confirmed that Mr Ziff had been angry following the move in his share price after a meeting with members of its dealing and corporate finance departments.

Mr Brian Raynor of the investment research department said: "A number of matters were discussed but at no time was there any comment on current trading or any indication of future prospects. No one here bought or sold a share. We were surprised as anybody else by the reaction in the price during the afternoon. The whole thing is a total mystery. Mr Ziff was quite annoyed about the way the price had moved."

Mr Raynor pointed out that

the previous day the share price had started to edge higher following speculation that British Land, which holds a 25 per cent stake in Stylo, might decide to offload a number of its shareholdings following the naming of its chairman, Mr John Riddell, in an insider dealing investigation by the Department of Trade and Industry.

Mr Ziff, who fought off a takeover bid from British Land in January 1985, said yesterday he still intended to keep the business independent. He said he did not think the buying had come from British Land. Stylo Shoes runs a chain of 235 shops from which it has struggled to make a profit.

However, Mr Ziff has been able to keep the predators at bay because of the share structure of the company. The Ziff family retains voting control through ownership of management shares. These represent 5 per cent of the share capital but control 45 per cent of the votes.

Record retail trade figures confound fear of slowdown

By David Smith

Economists Correspondent
Retail sales showed a surprise increase to reach record levels last month, confounding expectations of a slowdown. The buoyancy will add to the pressure on the Chancellor to limit personal tax reductions in his March 15 Budget.

The volume of retail sales rose by 0.75 per cent last month, to exceed the previous high recorded in November. Sales volume was up by 8.8 per cent on a year earlier, well above recent 12-month growth rates.

Retailers may have discounted more than usual in their January sales in order to keep trade moving, as suggested by the figures for retail price inflation, released last Friday. But, even allowing for this, the underlying picture was of strong spending. The weekly value of sales last month was £1.97 billion, 11 per cent up on January 1987.

Officials at the Department of Trade and Industry said that the upward trend in retail sales was continuing, but cautioned against reading too much into the strong 12-month increases recorded last month.

The increase of 6.6 per cent in sales volume in the latest three months compared with a

	Index (1980=100)	12 Month increase
Aug	132.1	6.9%
Sept	132.0	5.9%
Oct	133.0	6.4%
Nov	133.5	5.1%
Dec	133.5	5.4%
Jan	134.5	8.8%

Source: Department of Trade & Industry

year ago, regarded by officials as a better measure, suggests a strong growth picture.

But City analysts said that the strength of retail sales, which could show through in poor trade and bank lending

figures, underlined the need for a cautious Budget.

"These confirm the need for the Chancellor to be cautious and not give too much of a fiscal stimulus," said Mr Kevin Boakes, economist at Greenwell Montagu Gilt-Edged. "The problem is that he has so much potential for tax cuts it will be difficult to hide it."

Gifts fell by around a quarter of a point on the figures but recovered to close unchanged on the day. "The gift market requires evidence that the economy is slowing, which is exactly what we did not get today," said Mr John Shepherd, economist at Warburg Securities.

The Confederation of British Industry/Financial Times Distributive Trades Survey, published yesterday morning, suggested some slowdown.

Natwest forecast, page 25
Comment, page 25

New Zealand's Petrocorp bought for £300m

Bargain buy for British Gas

By David Young

Energy Correspondent

British Gas has beaten off three other companies, among them the oil giant Shell, to win control of the New Zealand Government's oil and gas company Petrocorp in a deal worth £300 million. Agreement has been reached whereby British Gas will buy 70 per cent of the Petrocorp shares still held by the New Zealand Government, which has been attempting to ease its debt burden by selling off state-owned assets. The selling off 30 per cent was sold off in two remaining 30 per cent tranches over a year ago and British Gas is now likely to pick up the entire company.

The deal, which was forecast in *The Times* two weeks ago, gives British Gas a foothold in an expanding market and control of a company which has large gas assets, sizeable proven oil reserves and the potential to make considerable profits in the next two years. The purchase price is a bargain in compar-

son with prices paid recently for North Sea oil and gas assets and the deal comes close on the heels of the British Gas purchase of the Canadian company Bow Valley, another firm which analysts now feel British Gas picked up at a bargain price.

Oil analyst Mr Humphrey Harrison of Banque Paribas said: "British Gas is utilizing its balance sheet and its expertise very well in this deal. The New Zealand gas industry is in its infancy and is precisely the type of company to which British Gas can add its technical know-how. It is a very good deal for British Gas and a very astute move into an area where there is enormous potential."

British Gas hopes to complete the deal by the end of March and then make a similar offer for the other 30 per cent of the shares, which would take its total spending on Petrocorp up to £430 million.

The New Zealand Government first put 15 per cent of the company on the

market by tender, which resulted in the shares being bought by Sir Ron Brerley. The other 15 per cent was floated on the open market, 9 per cent being bought by the New Zealand public and 6 per cent by Swiss banking interests.

Brerley Investments said yesterday that it would consider the sale of its holding to British Gas once a formal request was made, but also disclosed that it had made an offer to the New Zealand Government for 55 per cent of Petrocorp and offered to underwrite the sale of the remaining 15 per cent to the public.

Brerley's chief executive, Mr Paul Collins, said: "My initial reaction to an offer from British Gas is no, but we will make a judgement when the time comes."

It is understood that the New Zealand Government had invited British Gas and three other companies to look over Petrocorp, the Brerley bid, another from a consortium of local businessmen and one from Shell.



Into the big time: Lord Blakenham announcing Pearson's £162m acquisition yesterday (Photograph: Denzil McNeelance)

Pearson buys US publisher

By Joe Joseph

Pearson, whose interests range from Penguin books and the *Financial Times* to *Le Monde* and *Le Figaro*, has launched itself into the senior league of world book publishers with the £283 million (£162.64 million) purchase of Addison-Wesley Publishing, one of America's top educational publishers.

The acquisition follows a secret auction between seven international bidders and marks yet another change in the rapidly shifting ownership of the world's top publishing houses. Pearson says that buying the US company will fulfil most of its main ambitions in publishing, the core of its business.

Addison-Wesley, which specializes in mathematics, science and computer science books for the 34 billion-a-year US school and college markets, will merge with Longman, Pearson's educational and professional book publishing subsidiary. The enlarged company, to be called Addison-Wesley-Longman Group, will have world sales of £250 million.

The friendly cash purchase is a strategic move for Pearson. With Addison-Wesley, which made pretax profits last year of \$15.4 million on sales of \$167.4 million, Pearson will rank among the five biggest book publishers in Europe and the US with a dominant foothold in the growing world market for books that teach English as a second and foreign language.

Lord Blakenham, the chairman of Pearson chairman, said: "Pearson is in the business of building international businesses that are capable of competing on an international basis. We have done it with *Le Monde*, we have done it with *Le Figaro*, we are doing it with the *Financial Times* and we have done it with Penguin."

"To do it with Longman, what has been missing is a leading United States presence. The opportunities that come up are extremely rare. Addison-Wesley has long been identified as an ideal merger partner and will transform Longman by adding a large US educational and inter-

national publishing dimension."

Mr James Joll, the finance director of Pearson, said the acquisition would swell Pearson's debt/equity ratio to about 30 per cent and admitted that "the exit price-earnings multiple of more than 29 was a high one."

But he added: "That is not the critical point. The point is to see what we can make out of it. We feel this price is one on which we will earn a satisfactory return."

Lord Blakenham quashed suggestions that the acquisition of Addison-Wesley, or the proposed purchase of *Le Monde*, the French business newspaper, were made in response to the 20.5 per cent shareholding in Pearson built up by Mr Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation.

"They haven't been prompted by that," he said. "Most have been started before Mr Murdoch came on the scene."

Lord Blakenham added that he had "no concrete plans" to meet Mr Murdoch but said "if Mr Murdoch comes up with proposals that are, on their

own merit, sensible proposals, we will consider them whether or not he is a shareholder. What those proposals might be are not obvious."

Asked if he found the News Corporation stake unwise, Lord Blakenham replied: "The thought of anyone coming in with a 20 per cent holding would always be unwelcome because it is a destabilizing influence."

Mr Murdoch has said he would like to form an association with Pearson to produce a special US edition of the *Financial Times* to compete with the *Wall Street Journal*. Lord Blakenham said yesterday: "A mass circulation newspaper in the US is not an objective of the *Financial Times*. It is the quality of the readership that matters. We are not in the business of becoming a mass market newspaper."

He said that a high quality readership had paid dividends for the *Financial Times* in the US, where its advertising revenues had grown from \$4 million to £15 million a year despite a modest circulation of 20,000.

Woolworth pays £32m for Share

By Michael Tate

Woolworth Holdings is pepping up its High Street drugstore network with a £32 million agreed takeover bid for the quoted Share Drug group. Terms offering shareholders 30p in cash or 290.8 in convertible loan stock for each share have won the blessing of Mr Alan Prince, the Share founder, chairman and managing director, and his family, who have committed holdings of 60.7 per cent.

Talks between the two companies began late in January, when Mr Prince let it be known that he was interested in selling, and Woolworth, which only entered into the drug-store business last spring with the £233 million purchase of Superdrug, was swiftly installed as favourite among the potential buyers.

The acquisition of Share will lift Woolworth's share of the £3 billion toiletries and cosmetics market to around 12 per cent, from nowhere a year ago. It has emerged as the principal High Street rival to Boots, which is currently estimated to have more than 30 per cent of business.

Union Bancorp sale likely soon

By Our Banking Correspondent

Standard Chartered, the London-based international bank, is expected to announce the sale of Union Bancorp, its Californian subsidiary, this week - possibly tomorrow when the Standard board meets to agree the deal.

The announcement will end negotiations to sell the subsid-

iary which have been dragging on for more than three months. Bank of Tokyo is strongly rumoured to be the buyer. Experts expect the US bank to be sold for about \$800 million (£459 million).

Standard had originally hoped to sell Union together with the United Bank of

Arizona but could not find a buyer. As a result it has had to dispose of the banks separately. It sold United for \$200 million to Citicorp last month.

Meanwhile, Union yesterday announced unchanged profits in 1987 compared with the year before.

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Enterprise Oil 'encouraged' by discovery in Lincolnshire

By David Young, Energy Correspondent

A new onshore oil discovery has been made in Lincolnshire by Enterprise Oil, the independent oil company formed by the Government from the oil assets previously held by British Gas.

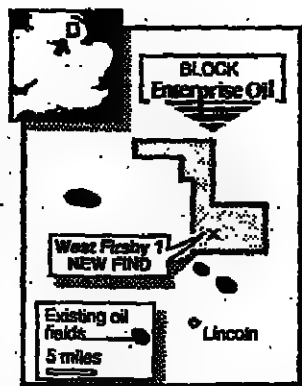
Enterprise has found oil at West Firsby, within sight of the spires of Lincoln Cathedral, and initial test wells have produced 864 barrels a day. Flow rates of that size indicate the discovery could be commercially developed.

The oil has been found at a depth of 6,000 ft, close to the existing BP oilfield at Welton, which went into commercial production two years ago, and in an area where oil was first discovered immediately after the war. The Welton field is

the second most productive onshore field in Britain, after the BP Wytch Farm field.

Under the rules governing onshore oil developments, Enterprise now has to seek permission from the Department of Energy, and planning permission for the work from Lincolnshire County Council. A further appraisal well could be drilled this year, and if flow rates are confirmed an application for development approval could follow by the end of the year.

Enterprise is unlikely to encounter much local opposition to its development plans. The county council and other planning authorities



have worked closely with the BP onshore team based in Nottinghamshire, and have developed ways of bringing oil into production without affecting the local environment. Enterprise is likely to benefit from the environmental suc-

cess of the fields already in operation in the area.

Mr Graham Hearne, the Enterprise chief executive, said yesterday: "This well result is very encouraging. The flow rate is high by the standard of other onshore discoveries. To have found what looks like a significant commercial discovery with only our third exploration well is good news for Enterprise and our partners."

The licence is held by Enterprise, which has 46.67 per cent; Pict Petroleum, 20 per cent; Carless Exploration, 13.33 per cent; Industrial Scotland Energy, 13.33 per cent; and Marinet Petroleum, 6.67 per cent.

Although potential daily

output from the field is small in comparison to North Sea standards, costs are dramatically lower, and distribution of oil from the field could be possible through a pipeline linking it with the BP rail facilities at Welton, which takes the oil to the complex of refineries on South Humber-side.

Recent onshore oil exploration has been concentrated in the Hampshire and Dorset areas, but planning problems there have slowed the pace of development. In Lincolnshire, where onshore oil was first discovered, there have been fewer problems in obtaining planning permission, so the West Firsby field stands a fair chance of being brought on stream.

Peachey accused in Epic defence

By Cliff Feltham

Peachey Property Corporation was yesterday accused of trying to buy the smaller Estates Property Investment Company (Epic) "at a knockdown price".

Epic, which owns a portfolio of industrial properties, took the unusual step of issuing its defence before Peachey has sent its own offer document.

In it, Epic is forecasting an 11 per cent rise in pretax profits for this year of £4.2 million and gives a net asset value a share of 288p. This compares with Peachey's offer worth 243p.

Mr Geoffrey Barnett, of merchant bankers Baring Brothers, who are advising Epic, said: "There have been a number of approaches from other companies which we are considering, and as we have information available we thought we should make all shareholders aware of it without delay. This may be the first time a company has published a defence before seeing an offer document from the other side."

Epic said its growth prospects were the sign of a strong property market, "which the directors believe is the result of a scarcity of good quality floorspace and investors' revived interest in the sector".

Peachey yesterday reacted coolly towards the Epic defence, describing the fully diluted net asset value of 255p as "disappointing".



Setting his sights high: Terry Pryce in London yesterday. (Photograph: James Morgan)

Buoyant Dalgety produces record £47m interim profit

By Carol Ferguson

Dalgety, the food and commodities group, was in a buoyant mood yesterday when it reported record results for the half year to December 31, 1987. Pretax profits rose by 11 per cent to £47.4 million on turnover which was 8 per cent lower at £2.3 billion.

There was some disappointment among analysts that the 6p interim dividend was not increased. But Mr Terry Pryce, the chief executive, said that it was not the group's custom to raise the interim dividend. It had only been done in the past to reduce the disparity between the interim and final dividends, and the

group reviewed the dividend at the year end.

Earnings per share rose 5 per cent to 13.6p, and the share price slipped 6p to 295p.

Mr Pryce said that the group was now almost exclusively food and agriculture, with such brand names as Golden Wonder, Pot Noodle, and Kennamore being either market leaders or number two. "We are adding value from the farm gate to the back door of the supermarket, restaurant or hotel," he said.

He said that he was still looking for acquisitions, and that US opportunities are looking better than they have

for some years. "We can now make acquisitions that give a proper return for shareholders, and now you will see us expand in the US," he said. Mr Pryce expressed confidence that Dalgety's most recent US acquisition, Oshita International, could expand in Europe. It has a new cleaning process which significantly extends the shelf life of fruit and vegetables.

"The process cleans off all the bacteria and mould which would cause deterioration from external sources, making the produce superclean," he said.

Temper, page 24

NatWest predicts fall in UK growth

By David Smith

Economics Correspondent

Britain's growth rate will slow sharply this year, but will still rank among the highest in Western Europe, a forecast from the National Westminster Bank says.

The forecast, contained in a new publication *Western Europe Review*, is for a slowdown in growth in Britain to 2.4 per cent this year from 4.2 per cent last year.

This is mainly due to muted growth in consumer spending, expected to grow by 3.5 per cent after a 5.2 per cent rise last year, and a poorer performance from exports.

The forecast is for a 3.4 per cent increase in export volumes, after a 5.8 per cent increase last year, and a widening of the current account deficit from £2.7 billion to £4 billion.

Base rates are expected to rise to 9.5 per cent later in the year, as the authorities act to counter inflationary pressures. Even so, the pound is forecast to fall gradually against the mark, to DM12.72 by the end of next year.

In spite of this year's slowdown, Britain's growth rate will comfortably exceed the European average, National Westminster says. Growth in the European Economic Community is forecast to be 1.8 per cent, and in the non-EEC countries 1.6 per cent.

Growth next year is expected to continue at a slow pace, with the EEC forecast to expand by 1.7 per cent.

Only three of the smaller European economies - Spain, Portugal and Finland - will exceed Britain's growth performance this year, Mr David Kern, National Westminster's chief economist, said. Both Germany and France are expected to grow by 1.5 per cent this year.

"Economic growth in Western Europe is forecast to remain slow," the *Review* says. "Although the direct consequences of the stock market crash will be more muted in Europe than in the US, indirect effects, including slower growth in world trade and downward pressure on the US dollar, will be significant."

COMMENT David Brewerton

Barker's Low road to victory at Dee

In the battle for Dee Corporation, Barker & Dobson totters on the brink of defeat. Dee has not fully earned its independence but it is unlikely that Mr John Fletcher, B&D's chairman, will be able to untie the apron strings of Grocer Alec Monk. The wind is blowing gently in B&D's direction, but unless the forecasters get it wrong again, it will not build up enough strength to blow half the Dee capital into B&D's hands by 1pm on Friday.

Dee has made one fabulous error, not of direction but of timing. It bought Hermans, the American sports shop chain, for a high price, against stiff opposition, and then expanded it without knowing that a substantial number of the shops were immature and not making an adequate return. There were simply not enough established cash and profit generators in the old Hermans to carry the new branches.

Dee could have risen above that if it had not then grasped the opportunity to buy Fine Fare from Associated British Foods. Hermans was the mistake, rather than Fine Fare, but having done the Hermans deal Mr Monk should have let Fine Fare go elsewhere. Had he bought Fine Fare first, he would not even have looked at Hermans. Now he is stuck with two under-performers in a stock market environment which looks only to the next set of figures.

In time, two or even three years, Dee may be able to pull both Hermans and the grocery business into shape. Last week there was a "misunderstanding" about whether or not Mr Monk had said £300 million was a profit target - if it isn't, it should be. Meanwhile, the forecast for the current year is £185 million.

Dee's problem is one of mistiming rather than mismanagement, and it is not odd that John Fletcher of B&D has been led into the self-made trap? His little company is doing well and the estimate of profits of £13 million from a small base earns him high praise. He is already worrying, however, about his encore. Analysts are saying the next step has to be £18 million, a figure which looks beyond the reach of B&D as it currently stands.

So Mr Fletcher has opted for "the deal," but just like Mr Monk has set his sights too ambitiously. Financing of the

package stretches both the imagination and the balance sheet, while the price he has already set on the superstore disposals, £750 million, is one from which he may have to retreat. Somebody should have told him that prices of second-hand goods in shop windows get lower with haggling, not higher.

Most of the potential buyers of the superstores are already busy with their own projects. Tesco is having an uphill struggle bedding down Hillards while Argill is happily working on Operation Sainsbury. Sainsbury has a huge store expansion programme and in any case demands higher quality real estate than most of the Gateway superstores. Asda? One buyer does not sound much of an auctioneer. Any of them may still buy, but on their own terms.

Mr Fletcher has been bounced into premature action by the demands of the stock market and because Citibank, which had already given Dee the once-over when it proposed a management buyout to Grocer Monk and his merry men, came along with a fat, open, cheque-book.

Mr Fletcher would be well advised to relax the fight at this stage, and instead return to his original idea to bid for William Low, the Scottish supermarket chain. Low would add bulk to the slim framework built up at B&D. At a cost of maybe £120 million (Low is currently capitalised at £73 million, but Mr Fletcher could be generous), he would collect a decent asset base and double his profits. He could spend a year showing off his management skills and push the B&D market value to £350 million or more. Mr Fletcher already knows all about Low, and has a dossier containing a photograph of every store.

In the meantime, Dee will either dig itself deeper into the mire of investor disappointment or will pick itself up. If it is the former, such will be the mood of the institutional investors, including Associated British Foods with its 15 per cent stake, that Mr Monk would be persuaded to talk merger with a larger B&D on sensible terms.

Meanwhile, Dee shareholders should give Mr Monk the benefit of the doubt and allow him to fight another day. But they should insist he finds a buyer for Hermans and concentrates on licking Gateway into shape.

Challenge for Chancellor

If the Chancellor was hoping for some pause in the economy's headlong progress in order to make tax-cutting more respectable he will have been disappointed by the January retail sales figures.

The rise of 8.8 per cent in the volume of sales over the past year exaggerates the trend because a year ago most of the country's high streets were snow-bound. But there is no confirmation in these figures of the slowdown in sales reported in December. After falling 0.1 per cent in the final month of 1987, last month saw renewed growth after seasonal adjustment of 0.75 per cent.

The increase is bigger than expected and prompted some selling in the gilt market when the figures were announced yesterday. Although it is unlikely to tip the balance in favour of another rise in interest rates the news

clearly falls on that side of the scales.

As far as retail demand is concerned this is effectively the last information Mr Lawson will have before the Budget. The February figures will not be available until the day before the Budget is delivered - too late to influence any last-minute decisions. The best guide to the immediate future lies in the latest survey of the distributive trades by the Confederation of British Industry which, not for the first time, indicates some future slowing down.

By itself the news from the high street is unlikely to change the Chancellor's decisions, but it will do nothing to dissuade him from producing a fiscally cautious package on March 15. The challenge will be to produce radical tax reforms to help the economy within the self-imposed constraints of a borrowing requirement close to nil.

Nortel sells telecom and data interests

By Derek Harris

Industrial Editor

Canada's Northern Telecom (Nortel) is selling for about £35 million its British telecommunications and data systems businesses to Britain's STC, in which Nortel has a near 28 per cent stake.

STC is Britain's second biggest electronics company and includes the ICL computer concern.

The deal is seen as the first

substantial development in what is expected to be a series of partnership moves designed to increase the competitiveness of both Nortel and STC, in tough world markets for telecommunications and computer data systems.

The deal includes some European data systems and operations in The Netherlands, France, Italy, Switzerland and Belgium. But a number of Nortel's European interests are excluded, including some research activities in

Britain and Northern Telecom Europe.

When Nortel built up its £430 million stake in STC last October, STC signalled its intention to buy 40 per cent of Northern Telecom plc, Nortel's British main arm, to demonstrate its commitment to the new partnership.

In subsequent discussions it was decided it would make more business sense to move to a complete takeover of the arm which employs about 750 people in Britain, and has

estimated annual sales of just over £55 million.

It means STC gains a wider product range in telecommunications equipment selling in the British market. The data transmission side will strengthen STC's European drive through additional products, a wider customer base and another distribution channel. One of the gains for Nortel, anxious to increase its presence in European markets, will be product sales.

Another departure at County

Mark Potashnick - the man who replaced Brian Winterflood as head of market-making at County NatWest incorporating Wood Mackenzie - has also resigned. Potashnick, aged 39, who had been with Winterflood's jobbing firm Bisgood Bishop for 19 years, handed in his notice on Friday, and fully concurs with the official line that "the parting is amicable". He told me yesterday: "It's not just the party line. The decision was driven by me - like one or two other people in the City I have decided that I want to explore other market niches." As a gesture of goodwill, Potashnick - who first made a name for himself on Bisgood's shipping pitch - will be staying at his County office until the end of next month, and while he admits to having received "several" offers of employment he says he has still not decided exactly what he will be doing. "For some time now I have been increasingly detached from the trading floor, and I want to get back to being more hands-on," he says. "But I have not yet agreed to anything - in fact I may well decide to do something on my own." His departure will, however, coincide with the return of Winterflood from a cricketing holiday in Australia. The top market-making job at County has, meanwhile, been split between two employees: Geoffrey Green, from Bisgood and Colin Mills from Wood Mac. Stay tuned for more developments...

THE TIMES CITY DIARY

Port in a storm

Antony Pilkington, chairman of the glass company, last night accepted an engraved cat-glass port decanter at a star-studded reception at the Savoy Hotel, after being voted City Personality of the Year. The award, sponsored jointly by accountancy firm Grant Thornton and the *London Evening Standard*, was presented by John Chiles, chairman of County NatWest.

The Charmer

There's been no word, but I'm prepared to bet that a queue of pension policy-clutching executives was forming outside Ian Chalmers' new office at Quinter Financial Services - the financial services arm of Quinter Goodison - as soon as



"I always thought a market regulatory mechanism was a telephone off the hook."

news of his appointment broke last week. Chalmers, aged 49, who parted company with BZW last December, had looked after the staff pension fund there and turned £2 million into £28.5 million in just nine years. At QFS he will be responsible for developing a management service for self-employed and personal pensions which will eventually be linked to clients' other investments, such as unit trusts, to provide an overall investment service.

Lee backed

Lee Iacocca, the chairman of Chrysler, has been suggested as a potential presidential candidate by some members of corporate America. In a poll of 161 chief executives of the Fortune Industrial 500 companies, 3 per cent said Iacocca would be a popular addition to the list of candidates. Of those questioned, 90 per cent said a Republican would be the next President.

Leaving the field

It is heartening to hear, in these transient times, that not all stockbrokers who leave the City simply fade away. Retiring at the end of this month - at the ripe old age of 50 - is Keith Sheppard, a divisional director of Hoare Govett and perhaps better known for being secretary of the Stock Exchange rugby club. Complaining that "since Big Bang, stockbroking is no longer the fun it once was", Sheppard is, I hear, planning to fulfil an earlier ambition, frustrated by national service, to read Philosophy and English Literature at Warwick University. He will, as it happens, be starting at university at the same time as his youngest son, Stephen, currently in the midst of his A-levels. An all-round broker, Sheppard has served time both as a fund manager and an analyst. After more than 30 years with Hoare Govett he has also earned a reputation for being a talented script-writer and mimic, taking off the firm's partners to a tee - a talent that has "not always won him friends. Finishing as he means to go on, he will, I hear, be speaking at the rugby club's dinner on February 26, his last day in the City, before embarking on a two-week Far Eastern tour as manager of the Stock Exchange side.

At Craft's Dog Show a tale was overheard about the time Joan Collins starred in *The Bitch*. A man at the press preview was asked which paper he represented. "Dog World," he replied.

Carol Leonard

Setback for Benedetti in Belgian bid

Signor Carlo de Benedetti, the Italian businessman, suffered another sharp setback in his bid to take over Société Générale de Belgique yesterday after share prices in the company rose to 4,730 francs (£75.68) on the Brussels bourse.

Although it was unclear who was behind the buying, it was thought that Signor de Benedetti's opponents might be trying to push up prices in order to spoil his public offer for 15 per cent of La Générale's shares at 4,000 francs a share. The Italian entrepreneur claimed that he and his allies had 38 per cent of the voting shares in Belgium's largest holding company and that he intended to take more than 50 per cent. However, if his offer fails, he may be unable to win a majority stake and take control of the board.

£4.3m profit for Merrett

Merrett Holdings, the Lloyd's underwriting and insurance services group, made pretax profits of £4.3 million in the nine months to September 30, compared with £5.3 million for the whole of last year.

Coates stake

The French chemicals group, Cif Chimie, has received acceptance of 87.4 per cent for its partial share offer for Coates, the industrial ink group. The deal will give Cif Chimie - a holding of 39.7 per cent - a holding of 39.7 per cent.

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TT 14/92

Hollywood stands by for war over stake in MCA

From Ivar Davis
Los Angeles

News that Mr Donald Trump, the flamboyant New York investor, may seek up to 24.9 per cent of MCA, the parent of Universal Studios, promises a battle that could overshadow anything a Hollywood script writer might dream up.

MCA, the entertainment conglomerate, has been ruled with an iron hand by Mr Lew Wasserman, who was once the agent of President Ronald Reagan when he was an actor. Mr Wasserman, aged 74, is considered the last of the old-style Hollywood moguls who has run the company unchallenged for 42 years.

Mr Trump, once known only as a builder of design-label buildings including Manhattan's Trump Tower and Trump Plaza, has become something of a business folk hero lately with a best-selling autobiography and a growing reputation in the volatile takeover market.

He owns two casino hotels in Atlantic City and is building a third. His bid could trigger a financial wrestling match pitting Mr Wasserman, the old master, against the most colourful entrepreneur of the 1980s.

As analysts in Los Angeles and New York were speculating just what the Trump bid might mean, MCA's price jumped \$5.25 a share on the news as some predicted Mr Trump's action could trigger a chain of events leading to the sale or possible breakup of the company.

MCA assets include the film factory, its successful studio and amphitheatre, a leading record company, publishing and broadcasting operations, a toy company and 50 per cent of a large film theatre chain.

Outwardly, MCA reacted calmly to Mr Trump's action



Donald Trump, taking on Lew Wasserman, the last of the old-style film moguls

calling no summit of top executives over the long holiday weekend which ended last night. The company, based in Universal City, Hollywood, shored up its anti-takeover defences last summer and has a bank borrowing capacity exceeding \$1.7 billion.

Mr Wasserman, the chairman, has long vowed that he would never pay "greenmail" or a premium over the market price to rid the company of an unwanted investor. He was not available for comment over the weekend.

"If he said it in 1984, I assure you he means that in 1988," said Mr Sidney Sheinberg, MCA's president and chief operating officer and Mr

Wasserman's right hand man. According to MCA's brief announcement, Mr Trump said he had filed with the federal anti-trust agencies in order to comply with legal requirements.

Industry observers believe Mr Trump may be after MCA's large property holdings and not the film studios.

Mr Trump's current holding of 375,000 MCA shares or less than 1 per cent appears small. By contrast, Mr Wasserman owns about 7 per cent of the company and wields some control over an additional 8 per cent. Until last summer he seemed unassailable. But a three-week stay in hospital triggered re-

mours of ill health, resulting in share price fluctuations.

Like many other companies, MCA's shares took a beating in the October market crash.

Mr Alan Kassan, an analyst at Shearson, Lehman, Hutton, noted, said: "MCA is rich in quality assets, and the company has not been able to translate them into earnings."

Indeed in the past year, although Universal's television arm has continued to produce winning shows, the film division has not had a box office hit in films that have ranged from Sir Richard Attenborough's *Cry Freedom* to Steven Spielberg's *Batteries Not Included*.

GEC in £165m Chinese project

By Our City Staff

A £165 million contract for the design and supply of a coal-fired power station at Yue Yang, in China's Hunan Province, has been won by GEC Turbine Generators, it was announced yesterday.

Subcontractors for the deal will include FKI-Babcock, which will supply the two coal-fired boilers, and LG Mouchel and Partners, which will carry out the civil engineering.

GEC will provide two 362-megawatt turbine generators, other mechanical and electrical equipment and will be responsible for plant commissioning, the company said.

The first Yue Yang unit under this contract is due to go into service in 1990, the second six months later.

The main source of funding will be a British development loan arranged under terms agreed between Britain and China in May 1986. The loan will be arranged by Chase Manhattan Corp's Chase Manhattan Investment Bank. Further finance will be in the form of a British grant.

This is the second big contract that GEC has won in China in the past two years. In 1986, it signed for part of the Daya Bay nuclear power station. The two contracts are the largest ever signed between China and a UK firm, GEC said.

PLM soars

PLM, the Swedish packaging group, almost tripled its share price yesterday, after the company announced a 20 per cent increase in its dividend to K20.35 million in the year to December, on sales up from K4,005 million to K4,218 million.

Bitterness over 'insider' inquiry on Wall Street

From Bailey Morris, Washington

The first anniversary of the highly dramatic arrests on Wall Street that rocked the New York financial establishment has been celebrated with an exchange of bitter recriminations over the insider trading probe.

Attorneys for Mr Robert Freeman, the Goldman Sachs executive accused of violations, issued a statement denouncing the "leaks" and innuendoes that have damaged the reputations of high-level Wall Street officials during the slow pace of the probe.

US government prosecutors have been criticized strongly for acting hastily, on the basis of inadequate evidence, in making the arrests and filing charges that were later dismissed while it prepared new, broader charges. So far, the case has not moved forward.

"One year later, after the lives of the men under investigation and their families have been turned upside down, they find themselves victimized by anonymous

accusers. This raises some disturbing questions about how our justice system is operating," the attorneys said.

They referred specifically to an article that appeared in *The Wall Street Journal*, which appeared to link Mr Freeman to a number of questionable trades based on an investigation by the newspaper's staff.

The *Wall Street Journal*, which also included those of Mr Timothy Tabor and Mr Richard Winton — a respected official of Kidder, Peabody who was led away in handcuffs — resulted in the filing of insider trading charges that were later dismissed by government prosecutors.

The office of Mr Rudolph Giuliani, the US prosecutor in charge of the government's case, issued a statement at the time, vowing to file broader charges that would make the first appear "merely as the tip of an iceberg."

Last week, when it outlined specific trades allegedly involving Mr Freeman, the head

of arbitrage at Goldman Sachs, *The Wall Street Journal* said it had found evidence of the broader "iceberg". The newspaper also stated that the US attorney's office in New York was about to file the new charges.

Both Goldman Sachs and attorneys for Mr Freeman vigorously denied the allegations, which they said were based on inaccurate, leaked information taken out of context.

"Key assertions of alleged facts are incorrect. Many others are misleading in that they either have been leaked out of context, which would give them a different meaning or contain innuendoes of illegality where there was no wrongdoing," Goldman Sachs said in a statement.

The verbal and written exchanges were the talk of Wall Street, which has grown impatient with the government's slowness in resolving the insider trading charges sparked by the revelations of Ivan Boesky.

Japanese trade surplus falls 28%

From Our Correspondent Tokyo

Japan had a \$3.07 billion (\$1.76 billion) global trade surplus in January, down by 28.7 per cent from the \$4.31 billion surplus in January 1987, the Japanese Ministry of Finance announced yesterday.

The ministry added that the decline was the ninth successive monthly fall recorded in Japan's trade surplus when calculated on a year-to-year basis.

It said that imports rose by 33.9 per cent to \$14,190 million while exports rose by 15.8 per cent to \$17,270 million.

The smaller surplus was due mainly to increased imports of manufactured products, including a greater number of European cars and growing imports of fuels, textiles and steel.

A fall in exports of cars and video cassette recorders also contributed to the smaller trade surplus, the Ministry suggested.

In a separate report, the Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry said that contract-based exports in the month rose by 12 per cent from the same month a year ago to \$1,930 million and contract-based imports grew 29 per cent to \$1,100 million.

Marketing switch at newsprint firms

By Our City Staff

The Swedish and Norwegian paper mills which have jointly marketed newsprint in Britain for the past 18 years, have decided to separate from July.

Press Papers, the company which is based in London and which has acted as the Scandinavian joint agent since 1970, accounting for about 22 per cent of the British market last year, is considered to have outlived its purpose and will be dissolved.

Mr Eric Ljung, its company secretary, said yesterday that the move came in response to the paper mills' increased confidence in their ability to sell their own products and was not the result of pressure being brought on Press Papers by the competition authorities.

The company was one of the key players in the series of price rises the industry put through for newsprint last year. The increases were contained by the newspaper industry, but have this year

started to feed through into higher retail prices.

Last year's price rises provoked a request from the Newspaper Publishers' Association for an investigation of a possible pricing cartel among the newsprint suppliers. A spokesman for the Office of Fair Trading said yesterday that no conclusions had been reached, but the matter was not closed.

In a letter to its clients, Press Papers wrote that significant changes within the national and provincial press called for a positive change in the method of marketing and distribution of all grades of printing paper.

Press Papers' four parent companies, Norrman, Holmen, SCA and Stora, will from July 1 market their newsprint through their own British sales subsidiaries, it said. They will absorb the present activities of Press Papers and the majority of its workers.

CBS/Sony reshuffle

Tokyo (Reuters) — CBS/Sony Group, a 100 per cent subsidiary of Sony Corp, will merge and absorb four wholly-owned affiliates on March 21, a company spokesman said.

The unification of Sony Video Software International Corp, CBS/Sony, EPIC/Sony

and CBS/Sony Records would create a unit better able to respond to emerging digital technologies and audio/visual software, he said. The merger is the first big reorganization of CBS/Sony since the January 5 completion by Sony Corp of a \$2 billion buy-out of CBS Records.

Airport Skis flying high on the slopes

By Ronald Faux

The business began, as many good business ideas begin, with two simple questions. What single point do half a million or more skiers walk past each year? And what do skiers uniquely require?

That is how Airport Skis was born, dispensing more than 12,000 pairs of ski boots and ski-sticks at Gatwick and Manchester airports, and through franchise operations at Moss Bros in central London and an outdoor sports specialist in Basildon.

From launch point three ski seasons ago turnover increased 65 per cent last year and is on course to double next year. Mr Robert Jaffe, the

company chairman, is preparing to sign an order at the International Ski Show in Munich this month for new skis with a retail value of £1 million.

He said: "We work on the principle of buying new, high quality equipment at the start of each season and selling everything off at less than half price at the end. With such a large order we can get the keenest price from the manufacturers."

"A conservative estimate is that Britain has 750,000 active skiers, only one-third of them owning their own skis. That means that half a million people hire their equipment for an average of £30 a week,

which makes a £15 million a year market, most of which goes to rental companies abroad."

Expansion to other regional airports including Birmingham, Glasgow and Bristol is under negotiation, as well as a return to Luton Airport when planning permissions have been arranged.

The commercial philosophy behind the business rests on Mr Jaffe's convictions that for the average skier who spends one or two weeks a year on skis, renting makes best sense.

The basic equipment offered for £33 a week would cost nearly £300 to buy. Test skis or "dream" skis, worth £450 are offered at up to £49 a week. "It is surely better not to

have that kind of money locked up in your attic most of the year and to have brand new equipment, the latest manufacturers are offering, every season. To me it makes good sense."

The company has a permanent staff of four and about 40 part-time ski enthusiasts employed at the hire centres. Customers offer a stockinged foot for measurement, a boot is supplied and fitted to skis of the required length.

Mr Jaffe said: "It has been really hectic recently and we've had a few problems because of the pressure, but we reckon to be charging half what a skier would have to pay for the same standard of

equipment at a fashionable resort in France or Switzerland."

The company guarantees to refund the hire cost if boots prove to be too uncomfortable and new ones have to be hired locally.

Damage is accepted philosophically, especially in a season that began with a sparse covering of snow and a graveyard of rocks protruding through the piste. He added: "It is something we have to accept. After all that is why many people prefer to hire rather than using their own equipment — but we do have a servicing workshop that can revive skis that have had a severe battering."

Molins names new managing director

Molins: Dr Michael Wright has been made group managing director.

Embassy Hotels: Mr Derek Herbert has become managing director.

Hazell Watson & Viney: Mr Martin Grant has been appointed to the board as personnel director.

IBM PC User Group: Dr Alan Solomon succeeds Mr Ian Fraser as chairman.

Thames Board & Workington Sawmills: Mr Jorgens Nerdia, Mr Leonard Sweeney and Mr Ake Wikstrom have joined the board.

Druces & Attlee: Mr Charles Attlee has been made managing partner.

Harris/3M Document Products: Mr Bill Wright has been made managing director and regional director, UK and Ireland.

Touche Ross: Mr Frederick Goodwin and Mr David Shearer have joined the partnership and Mr Robert Wrightman joins as a tax partner in Touche Ross Services.

Spring Ram Corp: Mr John Smith has been named non-executive director.



Dr M Wright: Named group managing director of Molins

Sound Diffusion: Mr Terry Haggies has been promoted to the board and is appointed group managing director.

MTM: Dr David Fyfe has been made managing director from May 1. Mr Paul Hudson has been named executive chairman of MTM Chemicals.

Barclayshare: Mr Mike Seal has been made deputy chief executive.

Management Horizons Holdings: Mr George Wallace has been made chief executive. Mr George Adams joins as an executive director.

Kalon Group: Mr Mike Hemmings becomes group managing director.

MAM has Useful holding

Mercury Asset Management, the independently quoted investment management arm of SG Warburg, the merchant bank, has built up a stake of just over 15 per cent in Mr Andrew Lloyd Webber's Really Useful Group.

The stake is held in several funds managed or advised by MAM, and largely represents continuous buying over the past six months, mainly by pension funds. With Really Useful's shares standing at 577p yesterday the stake is worth about £9.2 million, and constitutes almost one third of the Really Useful shares in public hands.

The holding was not disclosed earlier since none of the MAM funds individually had acquired 5 per cent.

The stake is clearly a passive one since Mr Lloyd Webber and the Really Useful managing director Mr Brian Broly between them own more than 50 per cent.

Institutions largely stayed away when Really Useful was floated on the stock market in January 1986.

Fall in aluminium stock lifts prices to an eight-year high

By Colin Nairn

News that the London Metal Exchange's aluminium stocks have fallen sharply pushed prices for the metal to their highest level for eight years.

Aluminium for three-month delivery climbed to \$2,030 (£1,164) per tonne, a rise of \$105 since the closing price on Friday.

The price surge came as Mr Christopher Green, the LME board chairman, was briefing the press on his visit to Japan last week.

He had gone there to study the possibility of opening up LME warehouse facilities for aluminium.

It was a large shipment of high-grade aluminium from the LME's Singapore warehouse — believed to be destined for Japan — that accounted for most of the 16,800 tonne drop in LME stocks last week.

This left stocks at 44,250 tonnes, the lowest level for nearly seven years.

Yesterday's gains saw three-month aluminium breach the important chartpoint of



Green: Japanese project

\$1,950, with traders starting to look for it reaching the \$2,250 level.

At the end of last year, total non-socialist world stocks were at their lowest level since July 1974, while recent market surveys point to demand staying firm for the first half of this year.

Mr Green made clear that establishing LME warehouses in Japan was expected to attract a greater volume of business for aluminium, as it would open the way to greater hedging activity by small and medium-sized Japanese firms.

British electrical goods boom

By Derek Harris, Industrial Editor

British makers of domestic electrical appliances have captured a bigger share in crucial sectors in the home market while also boosting exports.

This encouraging picture emerges from the 1987 trade figures from the Association of Manufacturers of Domestic Electrical Appliances (Amdea) whose director-general, Mr Jim Collis, said: "The UK appliance-makers have enjoyed another outstanding year, particularly in exports."

The British makers of the electrical appliances, known in the trade as white goods, increased exports of tumble-dryers last year by 63 per cent, two key markets being France and West Germany. Sales of British-made refrigerators abroad rose 39 per cent while fridge-freezer exports also increased by just over 27 per cent. Exports of British-made automatic washing machines rose 42 per cent.

Technology leads by British makers in instant water heaters have led to an exports boom, with 60 per cent of the Singapore market for this equipment being supplied from Britain. The Taiwan market is also being penetrated despite Japanese competition.

The British manufacturers are doing better in the home market because they are producing better designed and better quality equipment, said Mr Collis.

A sector round-up of the British market prepared by the Amdea reveals:

● Dishwashers — Deliveries to the trade in the year of 430,000 was a record, putting growth over 1986 at just above 27 per cent. Candy, the British arm of the Italian manufacturer of the same name, and Hotpoint, part of the General Electric Company, are now both making dishwashers in Britain in a revival of British dishwasher manufacture that had ceased in the early 1980s.

● Laundry — In a automatic washing machines, a stable market running at 1.5 million units annually, British makers increased their market share to 59 per cent, the highest penetration since 1980. Imports came mostly from Italy. Washer-dryer versions of the automatic machines are "highly popular" but the tumble-dryer market still appears to be growing, deliveries reaching 699,000, a 7 per cent increase over 1986. The British makers' share of the tumble-dryer market rose to 89 per cent. But sales of twin-tub washing machines, nearly all made in

Britain, dropped nearly a fifth compared with the year before.

● Refrigeration — Single-door refrigerators sold one million units, an 11 per cent increase with the British makers' share falling slightly to 51 per cent. Fridge-freezer deliveries showed a marginal increase in the year with British makers improving their market share to 70 per cent. For the first time more chest freezers originated in Britain than from abroad as imports dropped from 53 per cent of market share in 1986 to 46 per cent last year. Deliveries of upright freezers showed a further 8 per cent increase following a 13 per cent rise in 1986. The British market share rose to 37 per cent.

● Cooking — There was a 2 per cent increase in deliveries of free-standing electric cookers, where British makers account for three-quarters of the market. British makers increased their share of the expanding market for built-in hobs. Deliveries by British makers of built-in electric ovens also rose 77 per cent despite a 2 per cent decline in overall deliveries. Import penetration in microwave ovens has fallen back to 77 per cent as manufacture in Britain was increased.

RECENT ISSUES

Equities		
Adm Restaurants	61	78
Adm-Henriques (20p)	77	123 +3
Brit Pet PZP	77	78 +3
Carson Phoenix (120p)	143	111
City Group (100p)	112	88
Euromed	289 +1	106 -1
Euromed Wm	19 +2	66
Firstard	60 +2	32 +1

BASE LENDING RATES		
ABN	9.00%	
Adam & Company	9.00%	
BCCI	9.00%	
Consolidated Crds	9.00%	
Co-operative Bank	8.50%	
C. Hoare & Co	9.00%	
Hong Kong & Shanghai	9.00%	
Lloyds Bank	9.00%	
Nat Westminster	9.00%	
Royal Bank of Scotland	9.00%	
TSB	9.00%	
Citibank NA	9.00%	

RIGHTS ISSUES		
Agri Eng N/P	12	
Cooper Eng N/P	75 +10	
Crain (J) N/P	21 +1	
Gr West Eng N/P	6 -1	
Howden N/P	56	
Imperial N/P	11	
Parsons N/P	3 +1	
Version N/P	3 +1	

(Issue price in brackets).

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Portfolio PLUS NEW Accumulator

From your Portfolio gold card check your eight share price movements on this page only. Add them up to give you your overall total and check this against the daily or accumulator dividend figures. If it matches or better this figure you have won outright or a share of the daily or accumulator prize money. If you win, follow the claim procedure on the back of your card. Always have your card available when claiming. Game rules appear on the back of your card.

No.	Company	Group	Gain or Loss
1	T & N (sa)	Industrials S-2	
2	Hogg Robinson Plc	Drugs/Stores	
3	Tate & Lyle (sa)	Food	
4	Grand Met (sa)	Hotels/Caterers	
5	LDH	Industrials L-2	
6	Cadbury-Schwepp (sa)	Food	
7	Woolworth (sa)	Drugs/Stores	
8	Blockways	Building/Funds	
9	Trinoco	Motors/Aircraft	
10	Mount Charlotte	Hotels/Caterers	
11	Kode	Electronics	
12	Tesco (sa)	Food	
13	Stanley (AG)	Drugs/Stores	
14	Seller Inc	Industrials S-2	
15	Yellowferris	Paper/Print/Adv	
16	Trojan Rutledge	Food	
17	Reynolds	Industrials L-2	
18	Sater	Industrials S-2	
19	Hartwell Plc	Motors/Aircraft	
20	Pearson (sa)	Industrials L-2	
21	Stag Furniture	Industrials S-2	
22	Barker & Dobson	Food	
23	GKN (sa)	Industrials E-K	
24	Hampson Ltd	Property	
25	Hunter Saphir	Food	
26	Oricrest	Property	
27	Ud Newspapers (sa)	Newspapers/Print	
28	Perce Chabrea	Industrials L-2	
29	Edara	Industrials E-K	
30	Maceo 4	Electronics	
31	Barker (Charles)	Paper/Print/Adv	
32	BTR (sa)	Industrials A-D	
33	Logica	Electronics	
34	Eversed	Industrials E-K	
35	Bolton	Textiles	
36	NMC Group	Industrials L-2	
37	BSR	Electronics	
38	Priddy (Alfred)	Drugs/Stores	
39	Telfee	Industrials S-2	
40	Avis Europe	Industrials A-D	
41	Bagdon	Chemicals/Plas	
42	Scors	Textiles	
43	Hunting Group	Industrials E-K	
44	Buysse	Industrials A-D	

Please take into account any minus signs

Weekly Dividend
Please make a note of your daily totals for the weekly dividend of £5,000 in Saturday's newspaper.

MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	WEEKLY

BRITISH FUNDS	
High Low	Price

SHORTS (Under Five Years)	
High Low	Price

FIVE TO FIFTEEN YEARS	
High Low	Price

OVER FIFTEEN YEARS	
High Low	Price

UNDATED	
High Low	Price

INDEX-LINKED	
High Low	Price

BANKS, DISCOUNT, HP	
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ELECTRICALS	
High Low	Price

CINEMAS, TV	
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DRAPERY, STORES	
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HOTELS, CATERERS	
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INDUSTRIALS A-D	
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 (6) Saturday, (7) Sunday, (8) Monday
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 Thursday of month, (26) 4th Thursday
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 Last Thursday of month, (28) 2nd
 month: (28) 1st of month, (31) 1st
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 Wednesday of month, (29) 3rd
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 month: (43) 1st and 6th Wednesday
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 (48) 2nd Tuesday of month.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

LONDON FINANCIAL FUTURES

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TECHNOLOGY

Birth of the bright superstar

Andrew Pollack in
San Francisco on
computer power

Cray Research introduced its newest and most powerful supercomputer last week, hoping it will be viewed as a symbol not of what the company was but of what it will be. The \$20 million (about £11 million) machine, the Y-MP, is the last one Cray will market that was inspired by Steve Chen, the brilliant computer designer who stunned the industry and rattled Wall Street in September by leaving after another project on which he was working was cancelled.

Though Mr Chen started the project, he left it in 1985, and the design was completed by a team headed by Lester Davis, an executive vice-president who is expected to head many Cray design efforts in the future.

Success of the new supercomputer is essential for Cray to retain its supremacy and to make sales grow quickly again in an increasingly competitive industry that is evolving from a highly specialized business catering largely to the US Defence Department to one with a broad range of industrial and academic users.

After a decade in which it was not unusual for the company to grow 40 per cent or more annually, growth slowed to 15 per cent last year. Company officials expect increases in revenues and earnings to be

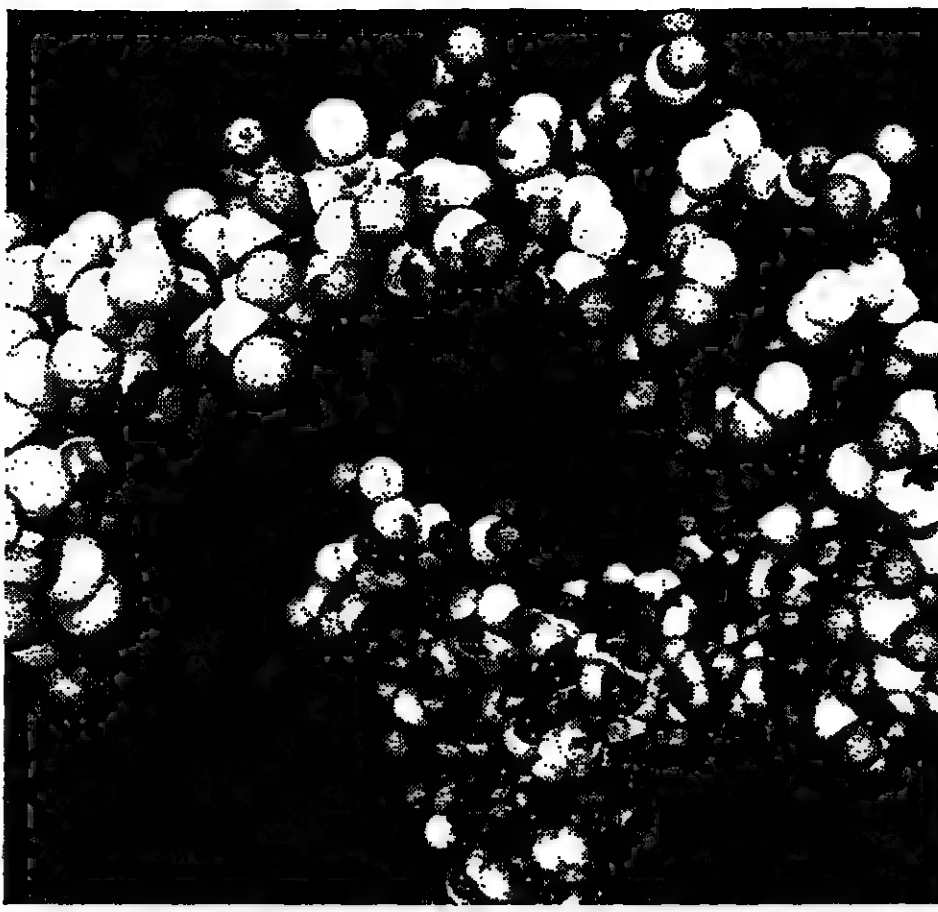
less than that this year. The Y-MP is the successor to the X-MP, the line of machines that have been the company's mainstay for several years. The Y-MP's performance is two or three times greater than that of the most powerful X-MP, for a price only 25 per cent higher. Under ideal conditions, the Y-MP, which has eight processors working together, will be able to perform two billion to four billion arithmetic operations a second.

Next year the company will introduce the Cray 3, a machine expected to be three times as powerful as the Y-MP, though it is geared for different uses. Yet the Y-MP will not make a difference for a while. The company, which is limited in how many of the machines it can make, will be able to ship only three or four of them this year and one a month in 1989.

And the introduction of the new machine will put pressure on Cray to reduce the price of the X-MP.

Since introducing the Cray 1 in 1976, Cray has been the superstar of supercomputers, the multimillion-dollar machines that are the fastest calculating devices known to man.

At the same time, competition is growing. Cray is facing a renewed head-on



DNA by numbers

This computer-generated picture of the DNA molecule is an example of the latest piece of software to try to integrate highly complex animated graphics into the heavy computation of the supercomputer world.

Arden Computer is developing what it describes as a single-user supercomputer at the relatively modest price of £80,000. One particular flourish is the program that will build automatic graphics.

Arden hopes to sell enough copies of the package to establish it as a *de facto* standard for the process. To encourage this, it will provide a licence for the graphics software, which will also run on Cray and Sun workstations, to universities and research laboratories for £200 compared to more than £10,000 for more commercial users.

challenge from ETA Systems, a subsidiary of Cray's traditional rival, the Control Data, as well as from three Japanese computer giants, Fujitsu, Hitachi and NEC Corp.

Cray is beset by mini-supercomputer companies such as the Convex Computer and Alliant Computer Systems, whose machines, though less powerful than Cray's, are cheaper.

There are also competitors such as Thinking Machines with radical new parallel-processing architectures in which many smaller computers work in tandem. These machines, though sometimes cumbersome, can run rings around the Cray on certain scientific problems.

On top of this came the departure of Mr Chen, who was considered the heir to Cray's founder, Seymour

Cray, as chief designer. Mr Chen was working on a futuristic parallel processing machine known as the MP that Cray cancelled when it was determined that the project was too expensive and too technologically ambitious. Mr Chen left to form his own company, Supercomputer Systems which has received backing from IBM.

Mr Chen's company and IBM have said that they will

develop jointly a supercomputer for release in the early 1990s that is likely to use 64 processors working in parallel and be far faster than any current machine.

He has also announced plans for a Cray 4, which would appear about 1992 or 1993 and is expected to be 10 times as fast as the Cray 3, or 1,000 times as powerful as the original Cray 1. It might use up to 64 processors in parallel.

PERSPECTIVE

In search of the good consultant

The business community generally holds mixed if not differing views about computer consultants, depending on their own particular experiences. They may represent a tried and tested source of valuable advice to a pleased client, a badly disguised salesman to a client who was not or a band of interfering parasites forcing an unnecessary wedge between customer and supplier to the frustrated salesman.

The term consultant, often used by computer manufacturers, software houses, bureaux and others to denote a senior adviser on their products, is legitimate but has another meaning.

Their use of the term is a throw in the flesh of the genuine independent consultant. There are many such people to whom the term consultant represents a marketing ploy or a promotion in their career development between, say, salesman and manager.

The audit-based firms provide a career path for consultancy and many people follow it. While their independence may be questioned — some are in fact selling hardware or software — the audit firms have traditionally provided professional training and careers for many people.

There is an additional band of consultants, independent in their judgement but rather lonely. These are the experienced outsiders brought into large group companies in order to foster, implement and control information-technology matters.

They usually reside at group head office and strive to provide the compatibility, integration and operational aspects of computing. Sometimes they fall into the morass of politics between head-office and subsidiary companies.

Both big and small may be beautiful in business but in between the consultancy giants and the individual practitioner there is a small number of independent consultancy firms.

Many, however, have fallen to the lure of sales commission and lost their independent status by selling equipment and software often to vertical markets.

Consultants tend to specialize. Vertical markets are attractive as the experience once gained can be used many times over and referrals have a direct impact on marketing their services.

Be it the motor trade, the legal profession or the National Health Service, all have their specialists providing a highly individual service. Others specialize by applications.

Here the audit firms have an obvious advantage with accounting functions, the CAD/CAM specialist in manufacturing, the trainer in implementation and expert witness in litigation matters.

The consultant who does not

specialize or limit his or her advice by vertical market or by application concentrates on the skills of consultancy, providing a management consultancy or business service to his clients, by the analysis of problems and the provision of recommendations.

What is the role of this plethora of consultancy types and what service do they or



William Jacot makes an appeal for the independent operator

should they provide to their clients? All should have the same objective: to provide their client with unbiased, professional and informed advice on the questions asked.

That is after all what the client is paying for. Most consultants belong to an appropriate professional body and many own, the Association of Professional Computer Consultants (APCC), has a code of conduct which insists such an objective is met.

Too many computer people are vulnerable to the criticism that their excessive and self-imposed jargon blinds them to the realities of business life.

But computer skills wrapped in business knowledge are not enough. The successful computer consultant requires a further characteristic which while difficult to define is essential to success. He or she needs to be a good communicator.

Senior management, recent trends suggest, in the professions, industry and commerce is becoming very much more aware of the essentials of computing; more interested in the control of the computer function and less confused by the marketing jargon.

It is a fair assumption that consultants will find themselves increasingly subject to informed interrogation as to their experience, competence, independence and professional skills. The professionals are at last talking over.

● The author is a past chairman of the Association of Professional Computer Consultants and managing director of a computer consultancy.

Japanese scientists are devising new solutions for sea transport and in the depths are finding help from snails

Robots on the ocean wave

By Andrew Wiseman

More than 100 years after the Mary Celeste was found crewless, but otherwise fully operational, in the North Atlantic, Japanese ship-builders believe that an ocean-going, sail-assisted robot fleet will become a viable proposition next century.

According to Doctor Noboru Hamada, president of the Japan Marine Machinery Development Association, his experts are convinced that this innovative system of sea transport could compete favourably with air freight.

Researchers are working on the assumption that each unit will consist of a mother ship, with a small crew of 20 to 30 people, who will remotely control four to five robot barges from its bridge by a computerized system.

All barges will have an engine, but will also be equipped with modern sails for auxiliary propulsion. Designed to take advantage of any available wind, these are automatically controlled and greatly reduce fuel consumption.

Research has shown that such sails cut a vessel's rolling, pitching and yawing, making it easier for it to hold its course. Ships equipped with them can operate efficiently in rough seas and have a much better punctuality record.

Doctor Hamada is certain that all efficient ships of tomorrow will have to incorporate a sail-assisted system.

All crew members of a robot-fleet unit will be quartered in the mother ship and control the barges under their command by radio. As the unit approaches its destination, selected sailors will be flown to the barges by helicopter, to navigate them into port.

Among the advantages claimed for such a system are reduced crewing levels, the constant presence of the mother ship to cope with accidents or damage to the barges and better living and working conditions for the crew. But, perhaps most importantly, it should be much cheaper to build, operate and maintain than conventional freight carrying vessels.

The Japanese are so confident that the idea will work, that sea trials should start later this year. An experimental voyage from Tokyo to Los Angeles is planned for the summer of 1989, when an ocean-going tug will act as the mother ship to a specially designed robotized research ship of 100 tons.

Determined to give continued employment to their yards, Japanese ship-builders are also developing a high-speed, 14,000-ton, ocean-going container

carrier, more than 100 metres long. Powered by a gas turbine, it should be capable of 45 knots, with a cargo of 1,000 tons in a submarine-shaped and semi-submerged hull about 20 metres below sea level.

Doctor Hamada believes that another research programme, now in full swing, will also help sea power in its fight against air freight. It is a super-conductive, electric-propulsion system. Work on lightweight and compact marine generators and motors, based on the principle of superconductivity, is now being vigorously pursued by JAMDA.

Significantly smaller and lighter than convention generators — about a tenth of their size and weighing 80 per cent less, they should give a much-needed boost to container ships — particularly those with semi-submerged hulls — by increasing their speed.

The Japanese are building a 480 kilowatt, super-conductive direct-current experimental engine. If tests prove successful, they will develop a 15,000-20,000-kw generator for practical use. This will inevitably lead to freighters of a totally new design. For one thing, because such engines could be installed anywhere on a ship, the traditional engine room will, like the crew of the Mary Celeste, disappear forever.

Neural secrets of the little molluscs

By Robert Matthews

Japanese scientists believe that sea molluscs hold the key to the design of a revolutionary new type of intelligent computer.

By designing machines which mimic the structure of the brain, researchers believe that they will be able to build computers capable of performing similar feats, such as rapidly recognizing patterns and working on many tasks at the same time.

But the complexity of the human mind has greatly hampered efforts to copy its abilities. Scientists at Mitsubishi's central research laboratories in Tokyo have decided to attack the problem by working on the thought processes of sea molluscs, creatures with only about 100,000 brain cells, compared to the 10,000 million in the human mind.

Though the sea mollusc has a far smaller brain, it still exhibits the ability to learn, making it valuable in research on the design of intelligent computers.

Dr Kazuo Kyuma, one of the Mitsubishi researchers, said that the experimental results are now being combined with models of how brains work to provide blueprints for the design of intelligent "neural" computers.

These are likely to use beams of light, rather than electricity, to carry information inside the machine. This is because by splitting the beams, a problem can be divided up and worked on simultaneously by different parts of the computer, greatly increasing its speed.

The researchers are working on an radically new type of memory for an optical computer, which has the human-like ability to recall large amounts of information after being given small clues.

Some of the key components of the memory have already been built by Mitsubishi, claim the researchers.

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TECHNOLOGY

Hard schedules for software

A big increase in computer workload is in the offing with new government legislation, says Caroline Berman

The proposed changes in the way local authorities are run may mean upheavals in most departments, and for the computer departments it will certainly mean some hefty work.

New systems to administer the poll tax, competitive tendering and the Education Reform Bill will all have to be written, since without computers these schemes would be impossible to administer.

Local authority computer departments may not be renowned for paying the highest wages but the work is growing and there are other advantages. "The main advantage of

JOBSCEENE

working in local government is the variety of the work, and a positive approach to career development and training," insists Roger Toms, County Information Systems Officer at Surrey County Council.

Surrey County Council currently has 13 different "businesses" within the one organization, providing a variety of computing services, from technical systems for architects and engineers, financial systems for accountants and administrative systems for solicitors and committee clerks, to systems for social services to personnel records.

That gives the opportunity for staff to get experience of a number of different types of computer use — instead of working in an organization like a bank where you're just dealing with financial systems.

"We're as big as a large company,



Roger Toms: "We're as big as a large company with a £500 million budget"

with a £500 million annual budget, 20,000 employees and 100 systems live on machines," said Toms. And the public sector is one of the few ways an inexperienced newcomer can enter the computing profession.

Local authorities' policy has always been to take on trainees. "There is a well-established career and training path which private sector companies don't have. We take on 14 to 16 trainees a year, out of a total staff of 150 people," said Mr Toms.

But the reason why so many trainees are needed is that it is difficult for the local authorities to attract experienced staff. "The basic salaries are not far off the market but there is not such a good overall earnings package.

"We don't have cheap home loans, non-contributory pension schemes, BUPA membership etc. We can't attract experienced staff, who get all the perks elsewhere."

However, the public sector has made an effort not to fall too far behind the going rates for the job by offering increments for those staff most in demand.

Although traditionally local councils haven't been able to offer company cars, several authorities are now going half way there by providing leased car arrangements, car allowances and car loan facilities. Relocation and removals expenses are also being offered as incentives.

Local government can also be fairly progressive employers, offering flexible working hours, job sharing or even home working. Councils can also offer employees a fixed number of working hours each week and long holidays. Walsall has a 37-hour week and 26 days annual leave (plus public holidays) and Peterborough Council has a 36½ hour week.

Another important element of working in local authority computer departments is the feeling that you are doing something for the community. Many of those who work in the local government would not want to work in a place where the motive was purely commercial.

The social services systems, in particular, are built to offer a better public service, and not for any profit motive. Information technology can improve local people's lives.

In some parts of the country, the local authority may be the only major computer user in the area, and so tends to employ people who live in the area. Mike Glarvey, computer services manager at Doncaster Metropolitan Borough Council, said it was difficult to attract people into the area so offers extensive training schemes to help in retaining existing staff.

Working for local authorities has traditionally been seen as a job for life — secure and with an index-linked contributory pension. But Surrey had to make 10 people redundant in 1984 because of cutbacks, although it hasn't happened since then. "The idea of a job for life was never really true. It was just assumed to be so," said Mr Toms.

Most local government computer jobs are still fairly secure despite the cutbacks, since local authorities can still economize by expanding their computer services. And as more government-initiated changes come in, so the challenges for the local authority computer departments look set to increase.

BRIEFING

Three large Japanese firms are expecting work on a new range of standardized computers and chips to result in the first products by the middle of next year. They will be based on a Japanese-developed structure called TRON, which should make all the equipment and software based on it interchangeable. TRON has also been designed to allow processing in the Japanese language — something which the current US developed software and systems are not good at. The firms involved are Fujitsu, Hitachi and Mitsubishi Electric, though more than 90 other Japanese manufacturers have said they will support TRON.

The US Defence Secretary, Frank Carlucci, has rejected West European calls for loosening controls on high-technology exports to the Soviet Union. Mr Carlucci, addressing a seminar in Munich last week, attended by 180 Nato leaders and defence experts, criticized appeals for the COCOM list of banned technology, to be cut in response to Soviet reforms and recent progress in disarmament. Such calls have emanated in particular from West Germany.

COCOM, the Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls, agrees limits on high-technology exports to the Soviet Union from Japan and all members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, except Iceland. It is currently updating its ban list. A two-day meeting of the organization last month in France agreed to redouble policing of sensitive exports but reduced the number of items subject to restrictions.

Borrowing from sculptors, scientists have developed a new technique that reveals the microscopic cracks that form as rocks or buildings collapse under pressure. Tiny, branching fissures are often the key to the stress failure that leads to the collapse of dams or building walls. By making three-dimensional casts of such microcracks, researchers at the University of California, at Berkeley, hope to shed light on problems ranging from earthquake-resistant construction to building nuclear waste repositories.

The scientists, Ziqiong Zheng and Neville Cook, inject molten metal into the tiny rock fissures under extreme pressure. When the metal hardens, they use acid to burn away the rock. The complex forms exposed by the technique show two different kinds of cracks. Fissures exist at the boundaries of individual grains in the original rock. And the researchers find that stress cracks are also created, generally in the direction of the pressure applied to the material.

Japanese firms to serve up the chips

One of the new generation of companies to emerge from Scotland's strong electronics base has opted for Livingston, West Lothian, as its headquarters. The firm, 3L, has been spun out of a division of Lattice Logic when it merged with ESS (European Silicon Structures). The new firm is to concentrate on the market for compilers and systems software for the transporter industry. Employing seven staff, 3L hopes to persuade application engineers to introduce parallel computer networks, based on the Vimos Transporter, rather than the massive financial investment required to establish mainframe computer systems.

South Korea has developed its own super semiconductor chips and is planning to export them next year. It is the third country after the United States and Japan to develop the superchip, which can store as much information as 30 newspapers. The 4 megabit dynamic random access memory (DRAM) chip, the most sophisticated semiconductor commercially available, has been a source of fierce competition and trade friction between Japan and the United States. The chips were jointly developed by a government-backed institute and three local electronic firms. One of them, Samsung Semiconductor, paid an undisclosed sum to the US-based Texas Instruments last year in an out-of-court settlement of its alleged copying of chips used in computers, printers, facsimile machines and electronic switching boards.

An interdisciplinary Research Centre in surface science — one of the key areas on which Britain will concentrate its research effort in the next decade — is to be set up at Liverpool University, which had competed with a number of other universities and institutions of higher education to get such a centre. It will have a staff of about 50, including academics, post-doctoral research workers, technicians, and visiting scientists from other universities in Britain and overseas. The SERC will contribute up to £10 million over the next six years to the centre, which is being established to find out more about the surfaces of materials.

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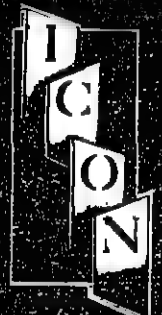
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A simple route over the jumps for the point-to-point copier

By Ken Young

There are now estimated to be more than 150,000 facsimile users in Britain — double that of last year, and with predictions that sales will double again this year.

Fax, a kind of point-to-point photocopier, has succeeded where other technologies have failed, mainly because it's so simple to use. Most people have heard of the concept, and even newcomers can learn to use a machine in a matter of minutes.

John Innes, national sales manager for Sharp, the UK's fourth largest supplier, says that fax is spreading throughout office life: "It is moving out of the telex room as portable and desk-top products become more available." Mr Innes predicts a 10 per cent decline in prices this year due to the introduction of new models.

He says one of the main design trends will be the incorporation of a telephone as standard. Currently, users must supply their own phones for most models.

With more than 22 suppliers and more than 100 different products, it is not surprising that the average buyer is often confused.

Caroline Dey, head of the fax division at British Telecom, says this influenced the development of its fax range and, particularly, its latest launch, a £1,900 unit, which



can also act as a photocopier and phone. It has already been dubbed the "Yuppiefax" and could become an executive toy to supplement the personal computer.

A trend which is likely to take off in 1989 is that of plain paper fax machines. Standard thermal fax paper degrades over time and is not suitable for long-term storage. Near-plain paper machines are aimed at small businesses and the professional market — solicitors, accountants, estate agents.

But critics of plain-paper fax say it increases paper costs. A standard sheet of A4 fax costs less than a penny. Plain-

paper fax works out at around eight pence. For most users a photocopy of a fax sheet, at about a penny a time, is the cheapest and simplest option.

Buying a fax is seen by the companies involved as like buying a car. Reliability is not really a big issue, what really counts is the features, the look and the price. Manufacturers are bending over backwards to offer features that offer some extra attraction to prospective buyers. They are also making the machines a matter of child's play to use.

At the bottom end it is possible to buy a fax for as little as £1,500 and shopping around is recommended, as

retail outlets seek to out-bid each other for the business.

From there, you can spend as much as £5,000 for an advanced machine with all mod cons.

Despite the fall in prices, potential small users are still holding back because of the running costs. This includes the installation of a new phone line, the monthly rental, the phone bill and the paper bill. It is, of course, cheaper, but very inconvenient, if used on an existing phone line.

Ninety-nine per cent of the fax machines in use are known as Group 3. This is a standard that allows competing machines to link, and is characterized by being able to transmit an A4 page in 20 seconds.

The one to watch over the next 18 months is Group 4, which can reduce transmission time to three seconds by using digital technology and offers the potential for colour fax. Market leaders, NEC and Canon, both sell Group 4 machines, but at over £12,000 a unit.

Peter Edmondson, of Canon, is sober about the sales potential of such a machine. "Its market is limited at present due to the lack of digital lines. But the market should grow this year as the digital network comes on stream and digital PABXs come into use."

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MICROGNOSIS
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A 'domino' theory used in automation

By Frank Brown

A low-cost device the size of a domino could help accelerate the adoption of automated manufacturing techniques in the world's industrial countries.

It is a computerized tag, which promises to increase the flexibility of automated production lines by enabling them to make mass-produced items in a wide range of variants. Attached to either the item being made or its pallet, the tag guides it through its various manufacturing stages.

At each stage, a special microchip in the tag is automatically "interrogated," providing information which instructs and controls the production equipment to carry out the appropriate processing or assembly work on, and up-date the computerized memory of the tag.

The chip can store up to 20 kilobytes — about 2,000 characters of information. Its designers — the French firm, Statex Technologies — claims it will last more than 10 years, even in harsh conditions.

Statex says the system is more versatile than the bar code methods of product identification, currently used on mass-produced lines. It can also decentralize product information databases to where they are needed on the production line, reducing shop-floor dependence on

centralized computer operations.

In an automatic warehouse, for example, the tags could be attached to pallets and rack shelves, with the interrogator units, connected to automatic cranes.

Each shelf tag could hold all the information needed for efficient stock-handling — product-description, quantity, weight, reservation ability and date of manufacture.

The company first put the tag on the production line in 1981. These earlier systems were simpler — the storage capacity was only 64 bytes — and physically much larger in size.

Nevertheless, the French company has since secured over 60 per cent of the European market for production-line identification systems — currently estimated to be around £200 million, and growing by more than 30 per cent a year.

It also has more than half the equally fast-growing US market.

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Cadcam 88, March 22-24, National Exhibition Centre, Birmingham (01-508 1161)
Vital Replenishment Fair, March 25-26, Cumberland Hotel, London, (01-262 1234)
Computer Recruitment Fair, March 25-26, Rainbow

Rooms, London (0491 881010)
Computers in Retailing, March 29-31, Metropole Hotel, Brighton (01-804 1717)
Scottish Computer Show, April 12-14, Glasgow (01-891 5051)
Computer Recruitment Fair, April 15-16, New Century Hotel, Manchester (0491 881010)
Atari User Show, April 22-24, West Hall, Alexandra Park, London (0625 878888)

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TECHNOLOGY

At last, a forgery-proof note?

By Nick Nuttall

An Australian 10-dollar note issued for the bicentenary could lead to a transformation in the manufacture of the world's currencies. Though it behaves and feels like a traditional paper note, the bill is made from plastic — a secret cocktail of polymer fibres.

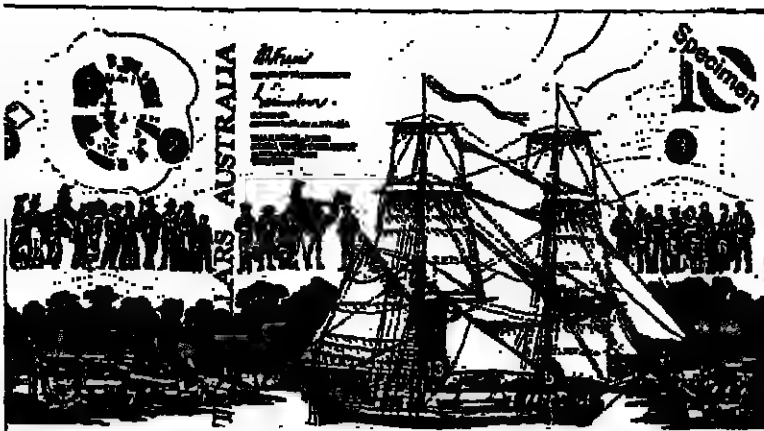
Scientists at the Commonwealth Industrial Research Organisation and the Australian Reserve Bank printing works have developed special inks to print the designs. They claim the note is a great technical breakthrough with several key advantages over conventional paper.

Not least is the belief that the polymer base will be more durable giving the bill a longer circulation life especially in hot and humid countries where moisture is a particular problem.

However, it is the ability to incorporate new weaponry in the war against counterfeiters, which is delighting the scientists and intriguing central banks worldwide, including the Bank of England.

Sandwiched between wafer-thin reflective aluminium coating is an optical variable device (OVD) which depicts a high-tech Captain Cook surrounded by a clear area.

As light rays strike the device, they are deflected into the colours of the rainbow. A shift in the angle of viewing creates different colour patterns.



The plastic new Australian \$10 note

Bob Pearson of the Reserve Bank's Sydney office, said: "It is important to stress that this is not a hologram. If a counterfeiter tried using a photocopying technique to reproduce the note he'd find it very difficult because the OVD turns black. A forger's only alternative would be to print and fix an OVD himself. And that would be very expensive because the technology is highly sophisticated."

Other security aspects include watermark-type effects such as waves and diamonds built into the plastic during the early stages of manufacturing.

From the outset, the Australian scientists knew that successfully exporting either the technology or the blank polymer note itself rested on

central banks' being able to harness existing printing techniques.

Consequently traditional features such as raised or intaglio printing for designs, signatures, legal tenders clauses and denominations require no special technology. The cost of producing plastic money is, they say, no more expensive than manufacturing paper bills.

The Australian government clearly believes the \$20 million spent on research and development is well spent; plans to phase in plastic throughout the country's currency have already been drawn up.

However, though public acceptance of the new bill appears high, some unpatriotic Australians have gone in for bicentennial note-bashing and

have found Captain Cook's high-tech head less durable than the scientists had hoped.

This is being blamed more on poor quality control than flawed technology. As Bob Pearson is at pains to point out, "Conventional currency under a sustained attack by someone determined to deface doesn't bear up particularly well."

"We have people going at the OVD with knives, razor-blades, anything you care to name. We are confident that the note stands up better than paper under normal usage."

Despite this slight setback Australia's Reserve Bank believes the plastic note will be a real money-spinner. Talks with other nations' central banks have been going on and Mr Pearson believes several countries are close to bringing in the plastic bill.

He added: "Officially the Bank of England has no plans but we know they are very interested."

In the secretive world of bank-note production, inquiries are received with as much enthusiasm as a request for a four-figure personal overdraft. However an official of the old lady of Threadneedle Street admitted that scientists at the bank's Deben, Essex printing works would be carefully scrutinizing the new note.

He said: "There are some very interesting security features on the plastic notes. Clearly, if it stands up to examination it could well be something for us."

Blinkered suppliers miss out on wider markets

By Matthew May

Poor computer suppliers into "a false sense of security" which enabled them to miss out on a huge potential new generation of users.

Suppliers are continuing to make the same mistake, he argues, by pricing innovations such as desktop publishing too high for mass markets to develop. The components of a laser printer, for example, argues Mr Virgo, are such that there should be no problem in producing them at well under a £1,000.

Mr Virgo said: "The problem is that suppliers see a low volume of sales and so want an extremely high mark-up, but there are several products where mass production costs mean you could divide the price by four and see sales increase tenfold."

Hence personal computer equipment and software is growing little faster than prices are falling and suppliers "will probably again be caught by surprise when a consumer marketer repackages the



Philip Virgo: 'A false sense of security'

same components at a quarter of the price next year."

Innovations in storage, communications and display, says the report, are often between four and 10 times the price at which the markets for them will take off.

Mr Virgo is equally scathing about the difficulties of getting information in and out of equipment and helping customers use computers, dial up services and even video record-

ers to their full effect. Strategy Services, argues that with innovation being technology driven rather than being market-led suppliers are missing out on a huge potential new generation of users.

This group "has yet to be matched by those suppliers who rate raw power more highly than deliverable performance and technical features more highly than user features."

The bulk of systems is described as unfit for use by senior management partly because electronic mail and database access systems "are not in tune with the ways in which such individuals commonly work". It is a view that of British Telecom's electronic mail service Telecom Gold are likely to consider something of an understatement.

The State of the UK Micro Market is published by IT Strategy Services on 01 992 3575 at £180

PERSONAL COMPUTER SALES

	1983	1984	1985	1986
Average price (£)	3,000	2,400	2,200	1,000
Systems sold	140,000	340,000	375,000	650,000

Sales and Support Professionals
£25,000 to £75,000
Earnings Objective

The Company

SMM is an expanding company which over the past four years has become the largest Hewlett-Packard reseller in the UK. Our company style is one of aggressive professionalism — with the emphasis on service to clients. We demand high commitment to the company and in return offer outstanding rewards to our staff. SMM provides services and products to corporate purchasers of PCs and Local Area Networks.

The People

To continue our growth we seek individuals who are ambitious for the success and financial rewards we can offer and are prepared to commit the time and energy to ensure success. The key personal attributes we are seeking are self-discipline and the motivation to be of service to our clients. These professionals are now needed to join the team and help in achieving our next phase of growth. Your success and the company success will be one and the same thing. If you are ready for the challenge read on —

The Opportunities

● LAN SALES MANAGER We supply Local Area Networks to the Hewlett-Packard base using Novell, Ethernet and StarLAN Networks. This is a rapidly expanding market and we need an individual who can build on the installed base we already have and accelerate our penetration of this market. This is a new post which provides the opportunity for the right individual to create a separate business unit. You will need a proven sales track record in this field preferably with an IBM dealer or specialist LAN supplier. Age range 25-35, degree or equivalent.

● LAN CONSULTANT In order to support our drive into this market we require a senior LAN specialist to provide pre and post sales support. This post is key to ensuring our success in this market and the remuneration package will reflect this. The ability to install and configure LANS is a prerequisite for obtaining this post as is extensive experience of communications and the PC market in general. Age range 28-35, degree or equivalent — Salary guideline £25-35k package.

● PC SALES Are you selling the T1000? If you can prove outstanding achievement in the business of PC sales and want a remuneration package in line with your achievement then apply for this position. You will need to demonstrate a wide knowledge of the IBM PC compatible market and have the ability to relate PC solutions to real business needs. Age range 23+.

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Present Occupation _____ Age _____

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with an impressive background in sales, sales support or marketing, gained during at least ten years in the computer industry. Packages you've also had previous experience of using the VAR channel as the route to success. At the same time, knowledge of specific industry sectors such as finance, government and retail distribution would be a distinct asset.

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For more information and an informal but confidential discussion, please telephone our Personnel Manager, Vance Kearney, on 01-572 7455 during office hours. Alternatively, write with full career details to Data General Ltd, Hounslow House, 724-734 London Road, Hounslow, Middlesex TW3 1PD.

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Call Jane Ratcliff immediately on 01-409 2844 or evenings on 01-785 9065. REF: TJ 4742

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You will have:

- Project Management experience
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- Experience of Marketing Information or Direct Mail systems will be an advantage.

Our business philosophy is that our growth is closely tied to the growth and performance of our major asset — our people. For this reason we offer an attractive benefits package where rewards and promotion are based on personal performance.

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We have opportunities for professional programmers with experience of software development in a commercial environment. The work will involve your own systems and applications development programme. This includes research and development of market modelling methods and geographical information systems on VAX and personal computer equipment.

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- modelling methods
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If you would like to join in our success then please write, enclosing a full CV to:

Clive Humby, Division Manager,
CACI Market Analysis,
59/62 High Holborn,
LONDON WC1V 6DX
Telephone: 01-404 0834

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CAN YOU initiate, motivate and contribute to corporate systems development helping computer users plan the way forward, including initiative in Community Charge and Competitive Tendering?

WOULD YOU like to live in a thriving historic Cathedral City in the heart of England where a number of exciting new developments are about to take place?

IF YOU would like an informal chat about the appointment please ring Tony Eden, City Treasurer on (0905) 723471, Ext. 245.

INTERESTED? Then you may obtain an information pack and application form (returnable by 24 February 1988) from the Chief Personnel Officer, Guildhall, Worcester WR1 2EY (Tel: 0905 723471 Ext. 267).

WORCESTER - WORTH WATCHING

COLLINGWOOD COLLEGE
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BURSAR

A vacancy exists for the post of College Bursar on the retirement of the present holder in September, 1988.

The College, (opened in 1973), derives much of its income from a wide range of vacation activities. It is hoped to appoint a person with good business acumen and experience in management, as well as a firm commitment to the broader needs of a residential academic community of some 320 men and women.

The post is residential and a recently built house is provided, free of rent and rates, in the College grounds.

Further particulars may be obtained from:

The Principal,
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Durham, DH1 3LT.

Closing date for applications: 4th March 1988

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You will provide a full legal service to the Council, advising both Senior Officers and Members. Your workload will be appreciable and varied incorporating responsibility for advising and taking the Land Committee as representative of the Chief Executive, advising the Council on their power to prosecute, preparing and conducting cases, plus representing the Council at Planning Inquiries and Tribunals.

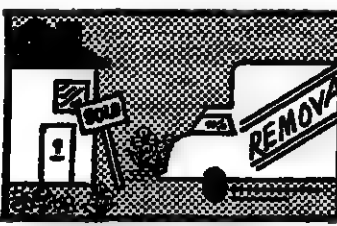
We need someone who has the flexibility to undertake this stimulating variety of legal work.

Interested? Phone us to discuss your application or ask for a job description and application form from Personnel Officer, 12 Dunstable Street, Amptill, Bedford, MK45 2JU, tel Amptill (0526) 420651 Ext. 267 or after hours (8pm-9pm) on Bedford (0234) 48903.

The closing date for applications is 28th February 1988.

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FROM LEAVE ALLOWANCE

Think again before
you take up jogging

We neglect shamefully
the part of the body
which carries us, but as
Joan Llewelyn Owens
points out, there is no
lack of opportunity to
correct the damage

The foot, consisting of 26 bones, is subject to more pressure and to more injury than any other part of the body. We mistreat it by cramming our feet into tight shoes; we go jogging on hard pavements; we let children wear shoes made of materials which won't allow the feet to breathe, or dress babies in stretch garments which distort their toes.

Feet may also be congenitally deformed, or affected by certain diseases, including circulatory disorders, diabetes and other metabolic diseases, dermatitis and arthritis. Painful feet are had enough and may eventually lead to complete loss of mobility, but poor foot function can also cause backaches, stiff necks and hip pain.

Foot trouble is alarmingly widespread. Studies show that more than 90 per cent of schoolchildren in the United Kingdom have problems with their shoes or feet, and 89 per cent of elderly people need some kind of footwear.

Yet there are nothing like enough

themselves in the feet and lower leg. These include diabetes and varicose veins and other circulatory problems.

Chiropodists work in many different settings. In hospitals, they cooperate with medical teams in, for example, diabetic, antenatal, orthopaedic, neurological and rheumatology wards. There are opportunities, too, for district chiropodists in health centres, old people's homes and mobile clinics in rural areas. They also visit the elderly housebound.

Many industrial companies provide a chiropody service for their employees, and so do a number of sporting organizations and ballet companies. Chiropodists accompany our national teams to the Olympic Games and attend sporting events, such as the World Cup.

All need some form of treatment. Another useful service the chiropodist can perform is to analyse the movements of a runner or marksman through biomechanics (the study of human gait). It is then often possible to provide custom-built inserts for their shoes, in order to improve performance and posture.

Many chiropodists go into private practice, probably after experience in the Health Service. Private practice can offer a very good living and complete independence, with the opportunity to specialize, and possibly to combine with part-time teaching, one of the schools of chiropody recognized by the Chiropodists' Board of the Council for Professions Supplementary to Medicine.

The training lasts three years full-time. Students must be at least 18 and should have obtained a minimum of five GCE or GCSE passes (grades A to C), to include English language and preferably two sciences.

Normally two of the passes should be at A-level, and most schools prefer the A-levels to consist of two sciences. Occasionally, particularly in the case of a mature student, schools will waive some of the entrance requirements.

The London Foot Hospital and School of Chiropody, which currently receives

about 250 applications for 36 places, looks for well-motivated, mature people with some knowledge of the profession, manual dexterity and a caring attitude.

Subjects studied are: theoretical and practical chiropody, anatomy, anatomy dissection, dermatology, life sciences, materia medica, medicine, microbiology, pathology, pharmacology, physiology, interpretive radiology, surgery, local anaesthesia and skin surgery, appliance construction and shoe fitting.

By courtesy of the principal, Miss Anne Wilson, and her deputy, Mrs Moira Wood, I watched second and third year students at work in clinics, under the supervision of their teachers. In the diabetic clinic, Mr K.P. Robertson, a senior teacher, explained that in this disease the skin becomes thick because of lack of collagen.

So they were carrying out clinical trials, which involved the implantation of collagen in the soles of the feet. The patient had lost all sensation in her feet.

Orthotic devices for a
congenital lack of toes

"Before I had the implant", she told me, "I used to get a lot of ulcers on the base of my foot." These had now cleared.

Another patient had developed frostbite as a result of sleeping rough, and had received a skin graft in hospital. He was suffering deep ulcers, and a third-year, and a third-year student were "debriding," or removing the callous from the edges in order to promote healing. A surgical boot had been made for this man, "but," said Mr Robertson, "we think he should have a moulded insole, to take the pressure off the open ulcers. We shall make a cast of the under surface of his feet, and when we had provided the insole, will see him regularly to make sure that it is working."

In the appliance laboratory I saw third-year students making up some of these orthotic devices, including an insert for the shoe of a 15-year-old girl who had a congenital absence of toes. With the insert she should be able to walk more comfortably.

I also watched more everyday procedures, including the removal of corns (one under a toenail), the cutting of overlong toenails, and the thinning, with a special drill, of nails which were abnormally thick and tough. And I was reminded that, in any chiropody practice, the bulk of the work consists of maintaining mobility.

© Careers literature is available from The Society of Chiropodists, 53 Welbeck Street, London, W1M 7HE.

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For further details and an application form please contact the Personnel Department, Kingston Polytechnic, Penrhyn Road, Kingston upon Thames, Surrey KT1 2EE. Telephone 01-549 1386 extension 2153.

Applications should be returned by 28th February, 1988, however, late applications will be considered until the final short-list for interview is decided.

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Assistance required immediately principally for child care work. Initially on a temporary fixed basis with the prospect of possible permanent appointment. Or extension of satisfactory completion of that term. Previous experience not essential and applications from those with relevant experience in articles or returning to practice will be considered.

Assistance with temporary housing may be possible and if a permanent appointment is made the successful applicant would be entitled to the benefit of the Council's relocation package. An appropriate car allowance will be paid.

For further information please write to the County Secretary and Solicitor, Mr. J.K. Whitcutt, County Secretary and Solicitor's Department, County Hall, Taunton, Somerset, TA1 4DY or contact his deputy, Mr. N.M. Pringle for an information discussion (Tel: Taunton (0823) 33451 Ext. 8022).

Closing date for applications: 11th March, 1988.

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Salary to c.£16,500

A keen energetic solicitor is required to join a legal section which serves a busy and progressive authority. Whilst preference will be given to experienced applicants newly qualified solicitors will be considered. The successful applicant, who will have the opportunity to attend committee meetings, will handle conveyancing, litigation (including advocacy) and general legal work. Duties are ideal for candidates seeking further experience in a wide range of legal duties and understanding these on their own account.

Conditions of employment include:
Temporary accommodation
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Access to BUPA group scheme
Staff Restaurant

For an informal chat about the position contact Tony Currow: Tel Dorset 85501 ext 124 or obtain particulars and an application form by telephoning the Personnel Section on (0306) 76230 (24 hrs).

Closing Date: 19th Feb 1988

MOLE VALLEY
DISTRICT COUNCIL

PUBLIC & HEALTH CARE

MENTAL HEALTH
FOUNDATION -

a charity, is looking for an Audio Secretary to work in its friendly West End office. Salary £8,000. For further information, please contact Emma Dunford on 01-580-0145

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Principal/Honorary
Senior Lecturer

NORTH DEVON, EXETER & TORBAY
COLLEGE OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY

DNE1+ (£20,750 - £25,150)

As part of an exciting initiative designed to further improve the standards of nurse and midwifery training, the North Devon, Exeter and Torbay Health Authorities intend to integrate their nurse training facilities. It is anticipated that the restructuring will enhance career opportunities for college staff - whilst also producing considerable cost benefits. There are currently 815 learners throughout the three areas, and 100 teaching and administration staff.

The position of Principal of the combined college calls for a nurse or midwife who is registered, is a graduate with a registered nurse teaching qualification, with leadership and management skills necessary to inspire, motivate and direct others and who can effect change within constrained resources without disruption to a high team spirit.

Exeter University has agreed to confer Honorary Senior Lecturer status to the appointee. The post will be based in the Post Graduate Medical School of the University situated on the Exeter District General Hospital campus.

Informal enquiries and requests for a detailed information pack should be directed to Mrs BMEiks, Chief Nursing Adviser (acting on behalf of the three Districts) Torbay Health Authority, Torbay Hospital, Lawes Bridge, Torquay TQ2 7AA. Tel: (0803) 64567 - ext. 5750.

Closing date 9 March 1988.

Key Development Roles
in Mental Health Services
LOCALITY
MANAGER

In this period of radical and significant change in approach to mental health education and care, East Surrey Health Authority is well advanced in its plans for the development of Community Mental Health teams, Community Units, Group Homes and in its associations with Social Services, Housing Agencies and Voluntary Organisations.

A talented and enthusiastic individual is now sought to play a vital role in the initiation, integration and co-ordination of mental health services in the Mole Valley area.

The role of Locality Manager is a demanding and complex one calling for proven management flair and insight, enabling you to increase the effectiveness of the service in its transition from a hospital to a community based service. Highly motivated and ambitious, you will also have the personal presence and strength of character to influence others and to make things happen.

To find out more contact Mrs. M. Piniro, Assistant Unit General Manager, Clinical Services. Application forms are available from Mrs. B. Murphy, Personnel Officer, Netherne Hospital, O. Box 150, Coulsdon, Surrey CR3 1YE. Tel: Downland (073 75) 56700 ext 26.

Closing date: 4th March, 1988.

EAST SURREY HEALTH
AUTHORITY

CITY & HACKNEY HEALTH AUTHORITY
BACK TO NURSING

Thinking of returning?
Worried about coping
Concerned about changes?

LET US DESIGN A BACK TO NURSING
PROGRAMME FOR YOU

We are having open evenings in your local hospitals to let you see what is going on, to meet the staff and to talk to nurse educationalists about your needs.

Why not come and have a cup of coffee and a chat about your future.

Date	Time	Place
16th February	5-8pm	Education Centre Homerton Hospital
22nd February	5-8pm	Education Centre Homerton Hospital
23rd February	5-8pm	Central Nursing Office St Bartholomews Hospital

If you cannot attend on one of these days, or would like more information, please contact Meriel White, Nurse Recruitment Officer, Hackney Hospital, Homerton High Street, London E8.

Tel: 01-985 5555, ext 8719.

Continued on next page

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Starting salaries will be within the range of £14,241 - £20,388; actual salary and range dependent on qualifications and experience. If you are interested in finding out more about us then ring Frances Ware on 041 8104 and she will arrange for you to talk to an appropriate member of staff and send you further details. Closing date 4 March 1988.

SURREY
COUNTY COUNCIL

صلى الله عليه وسلم

01-481 1066

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

01-481 1066

HAMPSHIRE

Chief Constable

Applications are invited from suitably qualified serving Officers for the post of Chief Constable, which arises from the retirement, on 31st August 1988, of John Duke, CBE, QPM.

The Force has an authorised establishment of 3,105 officers and 1,062 civilian staff. It is in the forefront of developments in policing, training, computer and communications technology, and serves Hampshire and the Isle of Wight with a population of 1.6 million.

The salary is £44,097 per annum, with a maximum limit rent allowance of £4,570, a local allowance and an official car is provided. The post is subject to the Police Act 1964, the Police Regulations and to such other conditions of service as may from time to time be approved.

Application forms may be obtained from me, and must be returned by 1st March 1988.

A.R. Hodgson, Clerk to Hampshire Police Authority, The Castle, Winchester. Hampshire. SO23 8UJ.

HAMPSHIRE POLICE AUTHORITY

DIRECTOR-GENERAL

£30,000 + Car and Benefits

A major trade/employers' association for the road transport industry will be seeking a new Chief Executive to replace the present incumbent who retires in October 1988.

The successful candidate will be:-

- Between 35 and 55 years of age.
- Fit and energetic with a lively mind and an ability and willingness to work long and frequently "unsocial" hours.
- An able administrator with a working knowledge of accounting and finance. He or she will be required to oversee a substantial budget and manage a large head office in Outer London while at the same time giving direction to District offices throughout mainland Britain.
- A good communicator. Able to write fluently and well and skilled at speaking convincingly both in public and on the media.

Desirable assets will be:-

- A working knowledge of road transport and distribution.
- Experience in dealing with MPs, civil servants and Government departments.
- Industrial relations experience.
- Some knowledge of commerce. The position entails close contact with the commercial services provided for the Association's members.

The new Director-General will operate from the Association's new Head Office at present under construction at Weybridge in Surrey.

Applications should be written, enclosing full personal details and CV under confidential cover to:-

The Director General
The Road Haulage Association Limited
Roadway House
104 New Kings Road
London SW6 4LN



INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SERVICE OF GREAT BRITAIN

SOCIAL WORKER

International Social Service is a professionally-staffed voluntary agency dealing with problems which may arise when people move from one country to another. It provides some of the most interesting opportunities in social work today.

At present there is a vacancy for a social worker with relevant training and experience to join the intercountry casework team.

Work on this team, calls for the ability to think and write clearly, for an imaginative approach to problems and for a knowledge of and sympathy with other cultural patterns. It is demanding and very absorbing. Some administrative experience would be helpful.

Applications in writing to:

Miss W.J. Rouse,
Director
International Social Service (GB),
Cranmer House,
London, SW9 6DD.

THE INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SERVICES MANAGEMENT



The Institute of Health Services Management as the professional body for people involved in management of health services is seeking a

MANAGEMENT EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

The Manager will be responsible for implementing career-long education and development programmes for health service managers from a variety of professional backgrounds. Review of the Institute's portfolio of professional qualifications and the courses leading to them is a high priority.

Achievements in management development are essential and knowledge of health services and higher/professional education is highly desirable.

Salary will be not less than £19,000 p.a. The job will involve frequent travel in the UK to keep in touch with the Institute's members and students.

Further details are available from Dr Maureen Dixon, Director, IHSM, 75 Portland Place, London, W1N 4AN. Tel: 01-580 5041.

Applications, with a curriculum vitae and the names and addresses of two referees, should be marked Personal and sent to the Director.



Lancashire Constabulary

PROSECUTIONS ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

Salary: Scale PO (33-39) £12,804 - £13,812 per annum

An experienced administrator is required for a new post in the Prosecutions Office at Divisional Headquarters, Blackpool.

The successful applicant will be responsible to the Inspector (Prosecutions) for the efficient running of the Prosecutions Office and the supervision of 25 civilian staff.

Applicants should have an appropriate final or degree level qualification, together with several years administrative experience at a senior level preferably with a legal background.

Disturbance allowance up to a maximum of £1,760 will be paid in appropriate cases.

Lancashire County Council APT & C Conditions of Service and Superannuation Scheme apply.

Further details and application forms, to be returned by 26th February 1988, are available on written request only from the Civilian Personnel Manager, Lancashire Constabulary Headquarters, PO Box 77, Hutton, Preston, Lancs.

Lancashire County Council is an Equal Opportunities Employer welcoming applications from all sections of the community.



MINISTRY OF DEFENCE GRADUATE RETRAINING SCHEME

MSc Degrees in OR or Computer Science

Do you already have or expect to obtain in 1988, a good honours degree (normally upper second or above) in a scientific or numerate discipline, including those for which there is limited demand among employers?

Would you like to be retrained in Computer Science or Operational Research with subsequent employment as a scientist in the Ministry of Defence?

If the answer to the above questions is yes, the Defence Science Group of MOD is offering successful candidates:

- A grant of £5,000
- Payment of tuition fees
- An assigned senior MOD scientist as personal tutor

Retraining will be accomplished using suitable MSc or Diploma level one year courses available at universities or polytechnics and commencing in the Autumn of 1988.

Successful students will be expected to take up their appointment with the MOD Science Group on completion of their course.

A limited number of immediate appointments of SO or HSO level may also be offered, with subsequent training to follow where appropriate.

Further details and application forms are available from: Mr. Mike Taylor, CM(S)1R, Room 8117, St. Christopher House, Southwark Street, London SE1 0TD.

The closing date for applications is 31 March 1988.

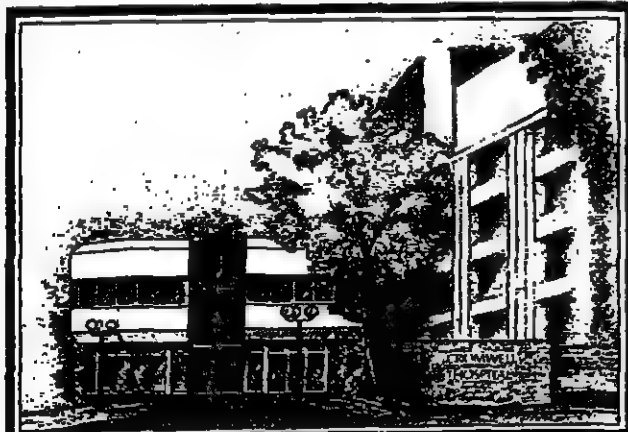
PUBLIC & HEALTH CARE

Continued from page 32



CLINICAL EXCELLENCE

- with opportunities to match



The Cromwell Hospital is one of the best equipped and most technically advanced private hospitals in Europe with an outstanding reputation for speciality medicine, clinical excellence and total patient care.

To meet our expansion plans we need additional nursing professionals.

DEPUTY THEATRE SUPERINTENDENT

We now seek an experienced Deputy Theatre Superintendent with outstanding leadership qualities. This is a challenging assignment, calling for the ability to direct and develop a high calibre, enthusiastic team. ENB 176 + 10 years of operating theatre experience (5 of which should have been in management) is essential, as is previous Cardiac experience. Neuro experience would be a great advantage.

For this senior position we are offering a competitive salary and our full range of benefits.

SENIOR SISTERS AND CHARGE NURSES

c.£13,000 + benefits

to join our Renal Dialysis or our Oncology Units. Each Unit comprises 18 beds with some 20+ staff and will involve budgetary responsibilities. In particular we are seeking RGN's with ENB certificates or, alternatively, those with at least 6 years specialist nursing experience.

RGN's

for our Oncology and Renal Dialysis Units - ENB certificates preferred. The Cromwell Hospital in Kensington is ideally situated for transport and access to the West End. Salary and benefits are attractive and include staff pension and health scheme. A creche facility is also available to staff, as is residential accommodation.

If you have the necessary experience and qualifications and an interest in a positive career move, please telephone or write for an application form to Ms S. L. Page, Director of Nursing, Cromwell Hospital, Cromwell Road, London SW5 0TU. Tel. 01-370 4233. Ext. 5045. Closing date for applications 12 November 1987.



THE REHABILITATION GROUP LIMITED HUNTERCOMBE MANOR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CENTRE

The Rehabilitation Group plans to open a major new Chemical Dependency treatment centre at Huntercombe Manor, Berkshire, in August 1988.

The Group invites applications from suitably qualified candidates to join a highly professional treatment team in the following disciplines:

DIRECTOR OF NURSING SENIOR NURSE NURSES SENIOR COUNSELLORS COUNSELLORS

The posts offer outstanding career prospects for applicants who can demonstrate substantial records of achievement in either the public or private sectors of the chemical dependency treatment field.

Huntercombe Manor, an historic Grade I listed country house set in 10 acres of beautiful grounds, provides a secure and pleasant environment. The Manor is strategically located near junction seven of the M4 and affords fast, convenient access to the Greater London area via M25, M3 and M4 motorways.

Applications with curriculum vitae should be addressed to: **Adrian Lee**, Operations Director, The Rehabilitation Group Limited, Huntercombe Manor, Huntercombe Lane South, Tapscott, Uxbridge, Middlesex, Ux8 3PP.

The Hospitals for Sick Children

Great Ormond Street, London WC1N 3JH

RGN/RSCN'S

RGN/RSCN'S with ENB 160 or ENB 415

EN's with ENB 174

RGN's with ENB 100

Applications are invited from enthusiastic nurses holding any of the above qualifications. Excellent experience in all aspects of Cardiology and Cardiothoracic Surgery.

There is a progressive department of continuing education. Staff are encouraged to participate in both in house and National Study days.

The wing which opened at the end of December has three ward areas, intensive care - to include heart transplantation - high dependency and progressive care, all with facilities for resident parents. Twin Operation Theatres, twin Catheter Suite and extensive research facilities.

Residential accommodation is provided close to the hospital which is only ten minutes walk from the West End.

For further information and to arrange for an informal visit please contact Miss Taylor, Senior Nurse Manager, on 01-405 9200, ext 559. For application forms please write to Miss Taylor at the above address.

HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN & ST. ELIZABETH

80 Grove End Road, London NW8 9NH

Tel: 01-286 5126

We need the following nurses:-

RENAL NURSES

ENB Course or experience required

R.G.N.s Day/Night

THEATRE SISTER

THEATRE STAFF

(Full and Part Time)

This independent Hospital is under the care of the State of Maryland, with 100 beds covering General Adult Surgical, Medical patients, Renal Dialysis Programme, Kidney Transplants and we also have an R.L.S. Psychiatric Unit with 10 beds for day patients.

We offer good conditions, accommodation, in an attractive part of London. Please apply by writing to Miss Taylor, Personnel Manager, at the above address.



TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

District Building Control Officer

£13,965 - £14,997

We now need a District Building Officer to work in the Building Control Section of the Borough Architect and Planning Officer's Division.

You will join one of the 2 teams responsible for Building Control in half the Borough which is under the overall supervision of a Divisional Building Control Officer.

You should be suitably qualified, preferably also with corporate membership of RICS, IAS or IBC and building experience.

We currently have many interesting and varied developments in course of construction including residential, offices, industrial and central area shopping schemes. Sutton is a member of the national promotion of the Local Authority Building Control Service, and you will be expected to participate fully in the provision of a fast and efficient Building Control Service.

An essential car user allowance will be payable. Fringe benefits may be offered in appropriate cases which are equivalent to:

- Legal expenses up to a maximum of £2,000.
- Disturbance allowance up to a maximum of £300 per week.
- Lodging allowance up to a maximum of £55 per week for up to 26 weeks.
- Removal expenses up to 100%.

Application forms and further details obtainable from:

Borough Architect and Planning Officer, Technical Office, 34 Denmark Road, Carshalton, Surrey. Tel: 01-861-5374.

Closing date: 26 February 1988.

LONDON BOROUGH OF SUTTON

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

NEW SOUTH WALES GOVERNMENT OFFICE, LONDON

HEAD

PUBLIC RELATIONS SECTION

£17,643 - £19,596 per annum

The New South Wales Government Office, London wishes to appoint a Head of their Public Relations and Information Section for the U.K. and Europe to:-

- implement an annual promotion programme;
- provide management of staff and budgetary control;
- organise window displays and arrange exhibitions of Australian art;
- represent UK and NSW film corporation in Europe.

Essential requirements for the position are experience and proven ability in Public Relations, the management of staff and a knowledge of Australia. Appropriate tertiary qualifications and experience in the visual arts are highly desirable.

Applications in writing, with names and addresses of two referees, and marked confidential, should be sent by the 4th March, to The Secretary, New South Wales House, 66 Strand, London, WC2N 5LZ.

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNICAL SERVICES

Guildford is a town with much to offer as a place to live and work. It is an historic borough and has an attractive shopping centre surrounded by areas of outstanding natural beauty. It has abundant sport and leisure amenities and quick, easy access to the motorway network and, of course, London.

To ensure the most positive approach in meeting the needs of the government's competition legislation the department of Technical Services now requires two Heads of Division to take a leading role.

Engineering Services Officer AND Works Services Officer

TO £22,600 P.A.

PLUS CAR AND BENEFITS

The Engineering Services Officer (Post BD1) will head the Division responsible for undertaking the client role and primarily for providing the authority with professional, contractual and commercial services across a wide range of activities including engineering, cleaning, car parks management and vehicle maintenance. The Council also acts as Agent for Thames Water Authority. Candidates should be experienced managers, appropriately qualified to undertake a demanding role to obtain the best value for the Council.

The Works Services Officer (Post BK1) will head the Division primarily responsible for acting as contractor in providing operational and work services across the above range of activities including building maintenance, cleansing and transport management. The role will require an experienced manager able to motivate, meet objectives and to develop the Division to ensure the provision of the most economic and efficient service. This is a challenging role, vital to the future of the Council.

For both posts there is a substantial range of benefits to reward your expertise - performance related pay, non-contributory contract car, private medical insurance and, where necessary, significant relocation assistance, including a mortgage subsidy scheme.

For further details please telephone Guildford (0483) 502007 ext 2007 (24 hour answering) or write to the Personnel Officer, Guildford Borough Council, Millmead House, Millmead, Guildford, Surrey GU2 5BB quoting the appropriate post number.

The Head of Department, Brendan Hanvey, will be pleased to discuss the posts informally if you contact him on Guildford (0483) 505050 ext 3000.

Applications should be returned by 7 March 1988.



Guildford BOROUGH COUNCIL

NUFFIELD COLLEGE, OXFORD OS1 1NF GWILYM GIBBON RESEARCH FELLOWSHIP

Applications are invited from men and women, preferably with experience of one of the public services, wishing to undertake a year's research into, or study of, a problem in the field of government and administration. The Fellowship carries free rooms, secretarial services, common table rights, and reimbursement of necessary expenses, but normally no stipend. In exceptional cases a supplementary stipend is payable. Further particulars from the Admissions Secretary. Closing date Monday 18 April 1988.

To Advertise in
Appointments
Telephone
01-481 1066

Continued on next page

01-481 4481

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

01-481 4481

Lombard
North Central
PLC

Solicitor

Lombard North Central PLC, a member of the National Westminster Bank Group is one of the leading finance houses in Great Britain. A vacancy for a young solicitor has recently arisen within The Legal Services Department at their new head office in Redhill, Surrey.

The Legal Services Department provides all the legal advice required by Lombard and its dependent subsidiaries. This involves a wide range of company/commercial work including the drafting and negotiation of industrial and consumer finance schemes of all kinds, joint ventures, acquisitions and advising on and approving all marketing initiatives and advertising. The successful applicant will have up to 2 years' experience, be keen to learn and to take part in commercial activities. Eventually the legal aspects of a substantial range of Lombard's business will become the applicants primary responsibility.

A very attractive benefits package including reduced-rate mortgage is offered with this position. For further information please telephone Gary James on 01-831 2000 or write to him at The Legal Division, Michael Page Partnership, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.



Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants
London Bristol St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham
Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide

**REUTER
SIMKIN
RECRUITMENT**

MATRIMONIAL

WC1. Expanding practice is seeking an assistant, 18 months+ qualified, to work on an interesting and quality caseload with a young (38 year old) partner. Salary at 2 years qualified will be circa £23,000. Call Piers Williams in London.

LITIGATION

EC4. Practice with an international reputation seeks young litigators, from NQ to 2 yrs PQ, for general commercial work. The practice has 25 partners, overseas offices and is expanding. Highly competitive remuneration package. Call Belinda Worlock in London.

LONDON
26-28 Bedford Row, London WC1R 4HE
Tel: 01 405 8852, Telex 884064
BIRMINGHAM
Fountain Court, Steelhouse Lane,
Birmingham B4 6DR. Tel: 021 200 2660
MANCHESTER
Sunlight House, Quay Street,
Manchester M3 3LF. Tel: 061 831 7127

COMMERCIAL

SWINDON. Established practice seeks assistant solicitor of 4/5 years qualification to specialise in company law or commercial property. Excellent opportunity to develop specialisation and enjoy a high level of responsibility. Call Stewart Keller in Winchester.

CRIMINAL

SURREY. Enthusiastic advocate is sought by a successful medium sized firm in Kingston to work with a specialist partner. Varied and often substantial matters. A minimum of six months PQE and a forceful personality essential. Call Carolyn Hand in Winchester.

LEEDS
Victoria House, 143-145 The Headrow,
Leeds LS1 5RL. Tel: 0532 446535
WINCHESTER
Castle Chambers, Upper High Street,
Winchester, Hants SO23 8UT. Tel: 0962 849466
NATIONWIDE
Confidential counselling and placement.

TAX, TRUST, ETC

BIRMINGHAM. Challenging and creative private tax and trust work awaits a well trained solicitor, ideally with up to 3 years' relevant experience. This leading city centre practice offers appropriate rewards up to £20,000. Call Helena McDonnell in Birmingham.

COMPANY COMM.

LEEDS. The opportunity to deal with superb quality PLC work, Yellow Book, rights issues, takeovers, acquisitions, j.v. agreements etc. offered by prestigious city firm. 2 years PQ preferred. Interviews in London on February 19th. Call Gerard Corcoran in Leeds.

BANKING SOLICITOR
CAPITALISE ON YOUR EXPERIENCE

A high-profile role with a small,
fast moving team in a progressive City firm.

Our client is a vigorous legal practice housed in prestigious City accommodation. It has an excellent reputation and the partners are committed to continued growth plus maximum usage of up to date technology.

The banking team, although small, is extremely busy and profitable and makes a significant contribution to the fee income. Its activities are focused mainly on Bank Security Documentation and the volatile Capital Markets Instruments sector.

To meet business development objectives the firm needs to appoint an additional banking lawyer.

ideally having in excess of 2 years banking experience. Candidates with 5 years experience would be of particular interest.

Prospects are excellent and the remuneration package will be highly competitive, emphasising the importance of this appointment.

To find out more about this opportunity telephone Eric Sutton on 01-222 7733 or send a copy of your cv marked for his attention to Harding Legal Recruitment,

2 Queen Anne's Gate Buildings,
Dartmouth Street,
London SW1H 9BP.

Harding

LEGAL RECRUITMENT
A MEMBER OF THE SMCL GROUP

**Pensions
Lawyer**

Linklaters & Paines, a major firm of City Solicitors, are looking for a young lawyer to join their team advising clients on all aspects of company pension schemes. The work is varied, creative and challenging and has an increasingly international outlook.

The job needs someone with good powers of analysis, commercial common sense, toughness and the ability to get on with others. Experience of pensions work would be useful, but is not at all essential.

Pay and conditions will be very competitive. Prospects are highly attractive for those who show themselves to be "high fliers".

If you would like to discuss the job further then please contact Tony Thurnham, Partner in the Pensions Fund Department. Alternatively you can apply by sending a full CV to:

Mrs Alizoun Dickinson,
Linklaters & Paines,
Barrington House,
59-67 Gresham Street,
London EC2V 7JA.

LINKLATERS & PAINES

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

Continued from page 33

GRAMPIAN
REGIONAL COUNCIL

**SENIOR ESTATES
SURVEYOR**

A demanding post in a growing city

Aberdeen is a flourishing dynamic city, offering an excellent working environment and unparalleled leisure facilities, including superb golf, fishing and skiing, and outstanding countryside for walking, within easy reach.

Industries are a blend of the traditional and the state-of-the-art, and Grampian Regional Council now need a Senior Estates Surveyor who can recognise, develop and manage projects which will further stimulate employment and business opportunities in the city.

Based in Woodhill House, the Estates Department is run on strictly commercial lines, and deals with the Council's large and varied range of property holdings which produce a multi-million pound income. The Senior Estates Surveyor will be concerned with acquisition, sales leasing and management of property, and must be an experienced Chartered Surveyor, qualified in the General Practice Division.

Salary Scale is up to £15,930, and an attractive relocation package provides for payment of full removal expenses and generous assistance towards legal and other costs. Temporary rented accommodation may be available. Essential User Car Allowance. Assisted car purchase scheme. Application forms from Director of Manpower Services, Woodhill House, Aberdeen, AB9 2LU. Answerphone service out of office hours, telephone Aberdeen 682887. Closing date for applications February 26. Ref. 100/88.

RELATE
National Marriage Guidance

**THE COUNTRY'S PREMIER
COUNSELLING AGENCY**

Here's an opportunity to make a lot of money - for you...and for us!

RELATE, the country's new look Marriage Guidance, is committed to promoting its new image, expanding its present services as well as developing new ones. To do this a vital new fundraising strategy has been devised - an integral part of which is the appointment of regional fundraisers.

You will be paid monthly - part fixed and part productivity related. Expect to earn over £20,000 in your first year. This exciting new approach demands people of vision, ideas, enthusiasm, dynamism and hard work. The hours and location are yours to choose.

For more details ring Ric Holland, marketing director, on 0788 72341. Relate, Little Church St, Rugby CV21 3AP.

The Ackers Trust require an

**Outdoor Activity
Manager**

£11,322-12,075

**Outdoor Activity
Instructor**

£7,122-7,674

Application form from
NORMAN STANIER
ACKERS TRUST, GOLDEN HILLOCK ROAD
SMALLS HEATH, BIRMINGHAM B11 3PY
CLOSING DATE FEBRUARY 25TH 1988



**THE RATING AND
VALUATION
ASSOCIATION
DIRECTOR**

Salary £30,000 pa Plus lease car

THE ASSOCIATION

The Association is one of the pre-eminent professional societies in the country for persons engaged in rating, revenues collection and valuation. With the advent of Community Charge the expertise of its members will be in great demand. It was founded in 1882 and has members drawn from those employed both in the public service and in private practice.

THE APPOINTMENT

This is a new, challenging and demanding appointment which will involve taking a leading role in the development and promotion of the Association's interests, aims and objectives at national level. A key part of the Director's role will be to enhance the status of the Association during an important period of change with the introduction of the Community Charge.

The post calls for wide practical or managerial experience and knowledge at some senior level, though not necessarily in local government or valuation. It also requires a proven track record in communication skills particularly with the media and politicians.

The appointee will need to have a successful record as a dynamic and enterprising free thinker and a professional qualification or evidence of academic or administrative ability will be required.

The appointment is subject to the Local Government Superannuation scheme. The Association's offices are located in Central London. Further information may be obtained from Mr J C Price at the address below.

Applications should be sent to Mr J C Price FRVA, Acting Secretary, The Rating and Valuation Association, 115 Ebury Street, London, SW1W 9GT. Telephone No. 01-730-7258/7259. Closing date 14th March 1988.

**COMPANY SECRETARY
KNIGHTSBRIDGE LOCATION**

The National Farmers' Union seeks to appoint a Company Secretary, ACIS qualified and preferably a graduate, to assume in the first instance, responsibility for all statutory matters for the associate companies of the NFU and to administer its wide ranging property portfolio, pension scheme and insurance.

The appointment requires someone who is self motivated, versatile and who can communicate at all levels within a diverse organisation.

The successful applicant is likely to be aged between 28 to 33 years and the appointment will be at a salary commensurate with qualifications and experience.

For further particulars and application forms apply to: The Director of Personnel (BRK), The National Farmers' Union, Agricultural House, Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7NJ.

**THE ROYAL ASSOCIATION FOR
DISABILITY AND REHABILITATION**

Has a vacancy for an INFORMATION OFFICER to deal with every day telephone/enquiries on matters affecting disabled people. The ability to type is essential.

Salary NJC scale 3-5 (£8,622 - £11,373)

Job description and application form available from The Office Manager, RADAR, 25 Mortimer Street, London W1N 8AB.

RADAR is an equal opportunities employer

**ASSISTANT GROUP
LEGAL ADVISER
FINANCIAL SERVICES**

This is an opportunity for a well qualified lawyer, barrister or solicitor to assist the Group Legal Adviser of a London (West End) based financial services and property investment group. Between 3 and 5 years experience in corporate finance, financial services regulatory and company secretarial matters is required. The ideal candidate will also have some experience in U.K. and international tax matters and property finance.

An attractive benefits package, including health insurance will be offered. Salary will be negotiated depending upon experience but will not be less than £22,000. Please send full education and career details to:

Mr. A. M. Tamosos,
Securities & Commodities Investments plc,
7th Floor, Leconfield House,
Carson Street, London, W1Y 7FB.

**WEST SUSSEX MAGISTRATES' COURTS COMMITTEE
MID-SUSSEX DIVISION**
Population: 124,000
Appointment of:

DEPUTY CLERK TO THE JUSTICES

Applications are invited from solicitors, barristers and other persons suitably qualified for the above post which has become vacant as a result of the present holder being appointed as a Justice's Clerk.

There are two court houses situated in the Division - one at Haywards Heath where the administration is centred and the other at East Grinstead. The court premises at East Grinstead are modern and Home Office approval has been given for the provision of a new court house at Haywards Heath in the very near future. A fully computerised pre- and post court administrative system is in operation at the Haywards Heath office.

The salary is at the rate of 80% of the Clerk's salary producing a scale of £17,170 to £10,644. Candidates should be fully conversant with all aspects of magisterial accounting and administration and have substantial experience as a Court Clerk. The normal conditions of service apply and removal expenses, legal expenses and disturbance allowances incurred will be paid to the successful applicant, subject to certain conditions, and it will be anticipated that the successful applicant will hold a driving licence and be the owner of a motor car.

Applications marked 'personal' should be sent to the undersigned stating: age, qualifications, experience and the names and addresses of three referees and should reach me not later than Friday the 26th of February 1988.

Interviews will take place on Friday 18th March 1988.

ROBERT L. STENT, Clerk to the Justices, The Court House, Balto Road, Haywards Heath, West Sussex RH16 1BZ.

GREGSON'S

CELEBRATES THE FIRST 200 YEARS OF THE FIRM IN 1988

Despite our age, we are a young progressive firm with modern offices and all the latest technology. We are seeking an enthusiastic solicitor to join our busy but still expanding conveyancing department.

As part of a friendly team, the successful candidate will deal with a volume of residential property matters of all types. He or she may be newly qualified but must be able to work without supervision. Excellent salary package (plus BUPA) and prospects for the right applicant.

Apply with CV to Jacqueline Scott, St. Christopher's House, Tabor Grove, Wimbledon SW19 4EX. Tel: 01-946 1173.

**Technical
Services Manager**

HERTS £20-25,000 + CAR

At Confederation Life we are justifiably proud of the very high standard of service we provide to our clients and in 1987 this was reflected in the fact that almost 70% of our new business came from existing policy holders.

To maintain these standards we require a Manager to give technical and legal advice on our full range of financial services and products to our field force and head office departments.

Our ideal candidate will possess a law degree coupled with in-depth knowledge of company law and taxation as well as several years experience in the Life and Pensions business. Although preference will be given to qualified solicitors, relevant experience is considered more important than a full legal qualification.

A full benefits package is offered, which includes a company car and subsidised mortgage. Relocation expenses will be available where appropriate.

The Company is currently based in Chancery Lane in Central London but will be relocating to Stevenage, Hertfordshire at the beginning of April 1988.

If you require more information or would like us to send you an application form, please contact: Caroline Bradfield, Assistant Personnel Manager, on 01-438 4804, or alternatively, send her your C.V. addressed to Confederation Life Insurance, 50-52 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1NE.

Contracts Manager

Salary c. £17,500 North London

Our client is the specialist electronics research division of a multi-national organisation.

As Contracts Manager, you will be responsible for a variety of contract-based issues. These will include initiating and drafting contracts and tenders; evaluating and negotiating terms and conditions, order reconciliation and acceptance; monitoring contractual performance; post contract settlements; and representing the company at meetings with customers.

You should have at least three years relevant contract or legal experience combined with a strong personality and good communication and negotiating skills. A science degree would also be an advantage.

In the first instance please send you c.v. to Bob Gunning at Austin Knight Selection, 17 St. Helen's Place, London EC3A 6AS or telephone him on 01-628 5021 (01-256 6925 evenings/weekends). Please quote ref: 133/IRC/88.

**Austin
Knight
Selection**

صكا من الامل

01-481 4481

THE TIMES TUESDAY FEBRUARY 16 1988

35

01-481 4481

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

01-481 4481

AMBITIOUS AND MOTIVATED

CITY
The documentation unit of this well-known insurance company requires a young self-motivated Solicitor with the drive to lead and the ability to promote a new image within this department. Experience in Pensions and Life Assurance Schemes would be useful but the ability to communicate with style and verve is essential. Do you feel that you could meet this challenge? Salary to £28,000 + Car.

CITY EXPORTS

YORKSHIRE
One of the leading firms in Leeds is committed to recruiting a number of Lawyers, preferably with experience from either a City or Provincial Commercial firm. Vacancies are available in the taxation, investment and commercial departments and this is a good opportunity to settle your future in a City of thriving economic growth and surrounding rural beauty.

COMPANY/COMMERCIAL

CENTRAL LONDON
If you are young, dynamic, and can demonstrate ability in the Company/Commercial field this vacancy could be for you. Assisting the senior partner in this 4 partner firm you will be given early responsibility and a quality workload which includes a high international content. Ideal candidates should have two years relevant PQE although outstanding qualifiers will be considered. Excellent rewards.

For further details please contact Anna Ponton or Carl Betty on 01-831-2288 (days) or 01-585 3729/01-350 0630 (eves & w/ends) or write with full C.V. to:-

Gabriel Duffy Consultancy

31 SOUTHAMPTON ROW LONDON WC1B 5HJ

THE DEMISE OF THE CONVEYANCER?

CENTRAL LONDON
There is a growing fear amongst the profession that young property lawyers are nearing extinction - if you are a member of that rare breed who actually enjoy conveyancing and you would like to further your career in one of London's most reputable firms call us for an informal discussion and discover your true market worth.

NEWLY QUALIFIED - BANKING

CITY
Established City firm has a vacancy for a young Solicitor, preferably at the tail end of articles, to train towards becoming an established member of their Banking and Insolvency team. Previous experience is not essential but a quick mind and an aptitude for early success are a must. Full training will be given and the prospects are really first class.

1988 QUALIFIERS?

If you are qualifying in 1988 and are looking to move on we are at your service. We have vacancies for young qualifiers in both London and the Provinces and can give you the benefit of objective advice on your current career prospects, the presentation of your C.V. and interview techniques. Our service is completely free to candidates and we could hold the key to your future.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE RECENTLY QUALIFIED

BEDFORD from £12,000

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The difficult concept of possession in relation to drugs

Evidence needed of inability

Regina v McNamara
Before Lord Lane, Lord Chief Justice, Mr Justice Drake and Mr Justice Henry
[Judgment February 12]
The concept of "possession" and the effect of section 28(3) of the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 were explained by the Court of Appeal when dismissing an appeal by James Joseph McNamara, aged 22, from his conviction at Southwark Crown Court (Judge Owen Stubbins, QC and a jury) on a count of possession of a quantity of cannabis resin with intent to supply unlawfully to another, contrary to section 5(3) of the 1971 Act. He was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Section 28(3) provides: "Where in any proceedings for an offence it is necessary, if the accused is to be convicted of the offence charged, for the prosecution to prove that some substance... in question was that controlled drug, the accused (a) shall not be acquitted of the offence charged by reason only of proving that he neither knew nor suspected nor had reason to suspect that the substance... in question was the particular controlled drug alleged; but (b) shall be acquitted thereof... (i) if he proves that he neither knew nor suspected nor had reason to suspect that the substance... in question was a controlled drug."

Mr Stephen Kamlish, assigned by the Registrar of Criminal Appeals, for the appellant; the Crown did not appear and was not represented.

The LORD CHIEF JUSTICE, giving the judgment of the court, said that the appellant rode up on his motor cycle to the house of a co-defendant. On the back of the motor cycle police found a cardboard box containing the cannabis resin.

He said that he did deliver for a man called John but declined to give any further information about him. He thought the stuff he was delivering was pornographic or pirate videos. He never thought for a moment that he was carrying any drugs.

The judge directed the jury that they should convict the appellant if they were satisfied so as to be sure that he had possession of the contents of the cardboard box, which admittedly was cannabis resin, and knew that the box contained something, and unless on the balance of probabilities he had proved that he neither knew, suspected nor had reason to suspect that the box contained any controlled drug.

The jury were directed to acquit the appellant, notwithstanding that they were satisfied that he was in possession of the cannabis resin, if they concluded that he probably did not

know nor did he suspect nor did he have reason to suspect that the box contained a controlled drug.
Mr Kamlish contended that the direction was wrong and that the prosecution had to prove knowledge on the part of the appellant as to the nature of the contents of the box.

He was forced to concede, however, that if his argument was correct then the words of section 28(3) were otiose. He was unable in his argument to provide those words with a sensible meaning.

His Lordship said that the operation of section 28 was, to say the least, not free from difficulty.

For example, section 28(2) provided that, subject to subsection (3), "in any proceedings for an offence to which this section applies, it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that he neither knew nor suspected nor had reason to suspect the existence of some fact alleged by the prosecution which it is necessary for the prosecution to prove if he is to be convicted of the offence charged."

If one read the words literally they seemed to cast on the appellant the burden of disproving all facts adduced by the prosecution in support of the charges. That could not possibly have been the intention of the draftsman.

The view in *R v Ashford-Richards* (1978) 1 WLR 372 was certainly that section 28(2) did not have that extraordinary effect.

However, in considering a passage from *Smith & Hogan Criminal Law* (3rd edition) (1973) p.73, Lord Justice Roskill, giving the court's judgment, went further than was necessary for the point in issue in that case and his remarks in that respect were obiter.

One started off with the proposition that the prosecution had to prove basic possession. That sounded simple. It was not simple because the concept of possession was itself an extremely difficult one to understand.

Before the passing of the 1971 Act the House of Lords in *R v Warner* (1969) 2 AC 256 tackled the question of the position when a defendant knew that the "box" contained something but was mistaken as to the nature of the "thing".

Unhappily it was not altogether easy to extract from the speeches of their Lordships the *ratio decidendi* of that case. The following propositions seemed to their Lordships in the present case to emerge from *Warner*: doing the best that they could and appreciating that they might not have done full justice to the speeches in *Warner*.

2 A mere mistake as to the quality of a thing under the defendant's control was not enough to prevent his being in possession, for example, in possession of heroin believing it to be cannabis or aspirin.

3 If the defendant believed that the thing was of a wholly different nature from that which in fact it was, then, to use the words of Lord Pearce, at p.305 in *Warner*, "the result would be otherwise."

4 In the case of a container or box the defendant's possession of it led to the strong inference that he was in possession of the contents. But, if the contents were quite different in kind from what he believed, he was not in possession of them.

The *prima facie* presumption was discharged if he proved or raised a real doubt in the matter either (a) that he was a servant or bailee who had no right to open the box and no reason to suspect that its contents were

illicit or were drugs, or (b) that, although he was the owner, he had no knowledge of, including a genuine mistake as to its actual contents or of their illicit nature and that he received them innocently and also that he had no reasonable opportunity since receiving the package of acquainting himself with its actual contents.

It seemed to their Lordships that it was with a view to elucidating some of the problems which arose from the speeches in *Warner* that the 1971 Act was passed.

In order to make sense of the provisions of section 28 and also to make as clear as could be possible the decision in *Warner*, the draftsman of the 1971 Act intended that the prosecution should have the initial burden of proving that the defendant had and knew that he had the box in his control and also that the box contained something.

That, in their Lordships' judgment, established the necessary

possession. The prosecution had also, of course, to prove that the box contained the drug alleged.

If any of those matters were unproved there was no case to go to the jury.

The speeches in *Warner* seemed to have qualified that comparatively simple concept by saying that the defendant had the burden thereafter of showing or suggesting that he had no right or opportunity to open the box or reason to doubt the legitimacy of the contents and that he believed the contents were different in kind and not merely in quality from what they actually were.

To implement those considerations as they stood and to explain them so that a jury could understand them and apply them would have been a daunting task for any judge.

Accordingly, it was to those matters that the words of particularly section 28(3)(b)(i) were directed.

Once the prosecution had proved that the defendant had control of the box, knew that he had control and knew that the box contained something which was in fact the drug alleged, in their Lordships' judgment the burden was cast on him to bring himself within those provisions.

The judge's direction was correct. Before parting with the case their Lordships were bound to draw attention to the sort of difficulties which the judge had to face in the case. Mr Kamlish rose to his feet on a number of occasions during the direction to the jury in a way which, in their Lordships' view, was quite unnecessary.

Finally, in the jury's presence Mr Kamlish suggested that the judge had summed up improperly. That was a matter deserving of further comment. Eventually Mr Kamlish had grudgingly apologised to their Lordships.

The appeal failed.

Proving intention to possess

Regina v Lewis
Before Lord Justice May, Mr Justice Mansfield and Mr Justice Turner
[Judgment February 11]

What constituted "possession" was an elusive concept at common law but what it came down to was that the trial judge had to be satisfied, on the facts, whether, on the facts, the defendant was proved to have had, or ought to have had imputed to him, the intention to possess.

The Court of Appeal so held when allowing an appeal by Gareth Edmund Lewis against his conviction at Merthyr Tydfil Crown Court (Judge Powell and a jury) on March 20, 1987 of two counts of possessing a controlled drug and sentence of nine months' imprisonment and three months' imprisonment concurrent respectively.

Mr Philip Brian Richards, assigned by the Registrar of Criminal Appeals, for the appellant; Mr Neil Bidder for the Crown.

LORD JUSTICE MAY, giving the judgment of the court, said that the prosecution case was that the appellant had been the sole tenant of a house in Troedyrhiw. On June 13, 1986 the house had been searched by police officers who found 42½ of amphetamine sulphate, with a street value of £750, and 1mg of cannabis resin.

The appellant was not present and the police left the search warrant behind, having endorsed it with a list of the property found.

The defence case was that the tenancy was a device whereby the appellant obtained social security benefits to which he was not entitled. He never intended to live there and visited only occasionally. When there he never looked in any cupboards and never suspected there might

be drugs there. Other people went to the house. His wife and landlord testified that he was an infrequent visitor.

One of the grounds of appeal was that the trial judge had wrongly directed the jury on the meaning of "possession". It was clear that the trial judge had relied for his direction on the case of *R v Warner* (1969) 2 AC 256.

While respectfully agreeing that that was the leading authority their Lordships took the view that the speeches in *Warner* as a whole seemed to reflect a substantial number of different shades of meaning and approach from which it was not easy to distill a conclusion relevant to the present appeal.

Their Lordships proposed to follow the approach of Lord Scarman in *R v Boyesen* (1982) AC 768 (in approving and applying the description of "possession" given by Lord Wilberforce in *Warner*'s case) when he said: "The question to which an answer is required, and in the end a jury must answer it, is whether... the accused should be held to have possession of the substance rather than mere control... the jury should be invited to consider all the circumstances... by which the custody commences and the legal incident in which it is held... what knowledge or means of knowledge or guilty knowledge as to the presence of the substance, or as to the nature of what has been received, the accused had at the time of receipt or thereafter up to the moment when he is found with it; his legal relation to the subject or package..."

"On such matters... they must make the decision whether, in addition to having physical control, he has, or ought to have imputed to him,

the intention to possess, or knowledge that he does possess, a prohibited substance. If he has this intention or knowledge it is not additionally necessary that he should know the nature of the substance."

What the authorities made clear was that the question in the end was whether on the facts the defendant had been proved to have, or ought to have imputed to him, the intention to possess, or the knowledge that he did possess, what was in fact a prohibited substance.

On that approach their Lordships considered that the trial judge was not guilty of any misdirection and correctly left the proper question to the jury. It was not necessary for the jury to be directed that they had to be satisfied that the defendant had actual knowledge of the nature of the substance under his control before they could convict.

On a second ground of appeal that the trial judge had erred in, at the least, implying to the jury that an adverse inference could be drawn from the fact that the defendant had made no reply when being questioned after arrest, their Lordships held that, while the actual words used could have been better ex-

pressed, the ground of appeal was not made out.

However, the third ground, that the verdict of the jury on both counts was unsustainable, in that it was not clear from the transcript whether there had been a unanimous verdict on the one hand or a majority verdict on the other, was made out.

Their Lordships wished to emphasize that it was essential that the statutory procedure for taking verdicts should be followed precisely by the court at trial and by its officers, and that it was not clear from the transcript whether the jury had been asked to return a verdict on both sides to see that that was done.

If the exchange between the clerk of the court and the foreman of the jury was as recorded in the transcript, each counsel should have been on his feet seeking to address the judge and to make sure that the verdict as received and recorded was unequivocal.

As the appellant was shortly to be released there would be little point in ordering a re-trial and the only proper course was to quash the convictions and sentences.

Solicitors: Crown Prosecution Service, Merthyr Tydfil.

Personal approach by officer is necessary

Regina v Worthing Justices, Ex parte Waste Management Ltd

Before a defendant could be convicted under section 140(3) of the Highways Act 1980, of failing to remove a building skip from the highway when required to do so by a constable in uniform under section 140(2) 1980, it was necessary that a constable had appeared in person to tell the defendant to remove the skip. A request by the constable over the telephone was insufficient.

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court (Lord Justice Russell and Mr Justice Tudor Evans) so held on January 29 in allowing an appeal by Waste Management Ltd against its conviction by Worthing Justices of the offence under section 140.

Grady v Pollard
Before Lord Justice Glidewell and Mr Justice French
[Judgment February 3]

The fact that an appellant said that he had made every effort to provide a sample of breath when requested under the provisions of the Road Traffic Act 1972, as substituted in Schedule 5 to the Transport Act 1981, was not capable of amounting to a reasonable excuse in itself; some additional evidence was necessary to show that he was unable to do so. Such evidence would normally be that of a doctor but it could be other evidence including, in some cases, that of the defendant himself.

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court so held in dismissing an appeal by Leonard Grady by way of case stated from Nottingham Crown Court which on November 26, 1987 had upheld his conviction by Workson Justices on June 25, 1986 for two offences of failing to provide specimens of breath on August 6, 1985, contrary to sections 7 and 8 of the 1972 Act, as substituted.

Section 8 provides: "... (3) A person who without reasonable excuse, fails to provide a specimen of breath for a breath test... shall be guilty of an offence."

Mr Jeremy Barnett for the appellant; Mr Nigel Godsmark for the Crown.

LORD JUSTICE GLIDEWELL said that much of the evidence was uncontentious. The appellant was stopped by a police officer and asked to provide a specimen of breath.

The appellant attempted to blow into the breath test device but failed to illuminate the light on it. He told the police officer that he was trying as hard as he could. He stated that he was not suffering from any chest complaint or other ailment.

He was arrested and failed to provide a specimen of breath at the police station after apparently attempting to do so and then refused to undertake a second test. He was again asked if he was suffering from any chest complaint and replied in the negative.

At the crown court hearing the appellant had contended that he had blown as hard as he could. The prosecution contended that the appellant had no reasonable excuse for failing to provide a specimen.

The crown court found that there was no reasonable excuse and dismissed the appeal. The crown court said that they did not consider whether the appellant would have had a defence to the charges if they were satisfied that he had tried as hard as he could to provide a specimen of breath.

Shortly afterwards, on December 19, 1986, the judge

ment in the case of *Cotgrove v Cooney* (1987) RTR 124 was reported in *The Times*. That was a decision of the Divisional Court in a case where the defendant had not provided a specimen. The facts there found by the magistrates were that the defendant had tried as hard as he could, that there was no wilful refusal and that the defence could raise reasonable excuse.

The question for the Divisional Court in that case was whether the defendant had a reasonable excuse. Mr Justice Peter Pain said that it seemed to him to be a matter of fact for the justices. Lord Justice Croom, agreeing, said that the justices had seen the police officer and the defendant and were in the best position to judge.

In the instant case, the question the crown court had put was: "Were we mistaken in law in failing to consider whether or not we were satisfied that the appellant had tried as hard as he could to provide a specimen of breath in each case?"

Counsel for the prosecution referred to a line of authorities which he submitted established that a defendant's trying as hard as he could was not good enough for a reasonable excuse.

The authorities started with *R v Leonard* (1973) RTR 252 where Lord Justice Lawton said: "In our judgment no excuse can be adjudged a reasonable one unless the person from whom the specimen is required is physically or mentally unable to provide it or the provision of the specimen would entail a substantial risk to his health."

Other cases were *R v John* (1974) RTR 332, *Woodman v Lawton* (1985) Crim LR 516, *Lawton v Harding* (1986) RTR 74 and *Dawes v Taylor* (1986) RTR 81.

Those authorities, in his Lordship's view, bound the court unless there was some evidence that the defendant was unable through some physical or mental disability, such evidence would normally be that of a doctor but it need not necessarily be so and could be other evidence including, even, that of the defendant himself.

Prosecution counsel said that *Cotgrove v Cooney* was wrongly decided. It was not necessary for their Lordships to decide whether that case was wrongly decided because it did not avail the appellant in the present case.

The simple fact that the appellant had tried as hard as he could did not, in his Lordship's view, amount to a reasonable excuse. His Lordship would answer the question posed with a simple "No".

Mr Justice French agreed.
Solicitors: Crown Prosecution Service, Nottingham; Tracey Grant & Co, Doncaster.

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صكتا من الامل

Talented Proud Pilgrim ready to atone for series of costly errors

By Mandarin (Michael Phillips)

Jimmy Fitzgerald and Mark Dwyer, the Malton-based team responsible for a double at Huntingdon last Thursday and successful yesterday with Comeragh King, can hit the target again at Towcester today by winning the Louise Stockdale Challenge Cup for their owner Lady Blacker with Proud Pilgrim.

While conceding that I may have deemed myself certifiable in the eyes of some by going nap on a horse who has fallen in both his races this season, I maintain that the risk is well worth taking.

It is my unshakable belief that Proud Pilgrim has only to put in a clear round this afternoon to win.

Over this course four days before Christmas, Proud Pilgrim's name went straight into my notebook as one to follow. On that occasion he had a similar race in his pocket when he fell at the penultimate fence.

That left the prize at the mercy of Mithras, who proceeded to beat Harvest Fortune and Glenside Jerry comfortably. Mithras has since won again at Worcester where he accounted for Aquilifer, who has won twice in the meantime, so the form has a very solid look about it.

As for Glenside Jerry, he was so far behind Proud Pilgrim that I cannot fancy him now under top weight because they meet on the same terms.

A far greater danger is surely Team Challenge, even though he got no further than the

third fence at Doncaster last time out. Before that he had been successful at Plumpton and Stratford.

However, what I find significant is that Team Challenge was beaten 10 lengths by Aquilifer over today's course and distance in November.

In preferring Proud Pilgrim

Worcester hopeful
Prospects for the meeting at Worcester tomorrow have improved considerably. The course was waterlogged on Sunday but after a mean inspection yesterday a clerk of the course Hugo Brown said: "We are more hopeful that racing can take place provided there is no more rain." A further inspection will be held at 3pm today.

now I am relying upon that Mithras-Aquilifer form link coming good and giving my nap the edge at a difference of 9lb.

Royal Gambit. Josh Gifford's runner, was not well placed or even going well when he fell at Wincanton last month, and in my opinion the man who has trained more winners than anyone else in the past four weeks has a far better chance of winning the Hoechst Panacur EBF Mares Only Novices' Hurdle with Tarahumara, who has already won a similar qualifier at Fontwell in good style.

Gifford is also asking last year's Grand National fifth You're Welcome to make a speedy return to profitable duty in the Manning Hunters' Challenge Cup after failing to

get further than the third fence in a similar race at Newbury only last Friday.

However, in this instance I prefer Eliogarty, who can proudly boast winning the Foxhunters' Chase at both Cheltenham and Liverpool.

Last season Caroline Beasley's veteran campaigner proved that he can still come to hand early by winning his first two races of the season at Plumpton and Kempton.

Over The Road, who is trained locally by Terry Casey and is already a winner on the course this season, looks good enough to capture the Bet With The Tote Novices' Chase Qualifier having run that talented stayer Motivator to a neck at Leicester on New Year's Day when he was attempting to give him 9lb.

That was probably asking a lot of him and, on paper at least, looks a better opportunity.

Eliogarty has clear chance

Eliogarty looks to have a straightforward task in the Manning Hunters' Challenge Cup at Towcester today (Brian Beal writes). He keeps his form well and heavy going will be in his favour.

Daltmore, the three year old, could be the one for the forecast as Alexandria Embriicos will not be over-confident on You're Welcome having fallen on him at her first attempt over the stiffer jumps at Newbury last Friday.

Scudamore date not yet fixed

The Jockey Club has still to fix a date for the inquiry into an incident between Peter Scudamore and Bruce Dowling at Newbury last Friday (George Rae writes).

"It is a matter of finding a date which is convenient for both jockeys, and the consideration of whether they wish to be legally represented," David Pipe, the Jockey Club spokesman, said yesterday.

"The inquiry will certainly be in the near future but I would be most surprised if it could be arranged for as early as this week," he added.

Scudamore and Dowling were referred to Purton Square by the local stewards after an embarrassing harp, match, Scudamore, 21, and Dowling, 27, were charged with the 27-race Novices' Hurdle.

Scudamore, on Gifford's Hills, and Dowling, on King Of The Lot, were battling for position on the inside approaching the cross hurdle - where there is no running rail - and could be seen on the video pulling at the reins, tagging at each other. King Of The Lot then fell at that flight.

Weaver registers first training win

Former jockey Red Weaver recorded his first winner as a trainer when Neltama - a half brother to the 1982 Grand National winner Critter - sprang a 30-1 surprise in division one of the Charnwood Novices' Hurdle at Nottingham yesterday.

Weaver, based at Markfield, Leicestershire, rode some 200 winners but hung up his boots after a bad fall at Uttoxeter. He has had a trainer's licence for four months.

"I did not get off to the best of starts because Coke's Nephew, my first runner, broke a leg at Worcester," he said. "Neltama was my fourth runner and will improve on that showing."

Neltama, ridden by Jamie Burton, aged 19, who was also gaining his first success, held off the favourite, Invasion, over the last three flights to win by a length.

Acacine easily won the Dingley Dell Hunters' Chase but Peter Harris will probably take the 12-year-old out of the Seagram Grand National. "He has too much weight at Liverpool," Harris said.

Harris is embarking on a swift programme to get Acacine qualified for the Foxhunters' Chase at Cheltenham.

Bile gives Elliott a taste of his finishing speed

From Pat Butcher, Athletics Correspondent, Fairfax

Abdi Bile's winning time of 3min 59.14sec for the mile in the latest Mobil United States Indoor Grand Prix meeting, here in Virginia late on Sunday night, afforded a glimpse of the finishing speed which won him the world championship 1,500 metres last summer.

After the onset of a cold and the killing pace of Brian Abshire's American 3,000 metres record had forced Coo to drop out of his first race for nine months, he is still deciding whether to race in Los Angeles this weekend. But Bile leaves for the West Coast, and an interesting clash against Marcus Sullivan, of Ireland, with the memory of a clamorous reception from the crowd, who were virtually climbing up the walls of the Fieldhouse at George Mason University, his Alma Mater in Fairfax.

Bile's victory probably had much to do with his home track advantage and the fact that Peter Elliott, the Rotherham athlete who was second in 4min 00.09sec, had to deal with two races in two nights. For the Somali runner, who was slightly better than Coo when he had run in the Millrose Games two weeks before, At Madison Square Garden, Bile was completely out of his element.

Bile's reasonable excuse for his Milrose performance, notwithstanding, was that he had long legs, was 25 days around Christmas spent carousing and celebrating his first trip back to Somalia since winning the world title. "After Rome, I had to come straight back to

George Mason, I'd missed three weeks' classes (in marketing). Back at home, with all the receptions, I must have averaged two hours sleep a night."

Like many, he claims that indoor racing is only a distraction from training, but he was somewhat better prepared for Sunday night's race. He tucked in on the kerb and, one by one, picked off the half dozen runners in front during just over "even pace" quarter miles until he pulled back Elliott's own burst for glory and shot away from the Briton looking faster than the 27.2sec last 200 metres with which he was credited.

Talking the previous evening about the severe rivals for his Olympic title, Coo had said ominously: "The one thing you can say about Abdi Bile is that, at 23 years old, providing he stays healthy, he's only going to get fitter, stronger and faster." But Friday will be a better measure. For Sullivan is proving that recurring scatica is no bar to brilliant performance. He had shocked even himself ("I thought it was about 3min 55sec") the night before at Meadowlands when he ran the second fastest indoor mile in 3min 50.94sec in Fairfax. He wisely dropped down to 800 metres and looked capable of winning until he was blocked in the finishing straight and finished fourth.

Elliott was 0.10sec from two sub four-minute mile times in successive heats.

RESULTS: 1000 Yards: US: 1min 55.00sec; 1500m: 3min 59.14sec; 2000m: 8min 00.09sec; 3000m: 10min 00.09sec; 4000m: 14min 00.09sec; 5000m: 19min 00.09sec; 6000m: 24min 00.09sec; 7000m: 29min 00.09sec; 8000m: 34min 00.09sec; 9000m: 39min 00.09sec; 10000m: 44min 00.09sec; 11000m: 49min 00.09sec; 12000m: 54min 00.09sec; 13000m: 59min 00.09sec; 14000m: 64min 00.09sec; 15000m: 69min 00.09sec; 16000m: 74min 00.09sec; 17000m: 79min 00.09sec; 18000m: 84min 00.09sec; 19000m: 89min 00.09sec; 20000m: 94min 00.09sec; 21000m: 99min 00.09sec; 22000m: 104min 00.09sec; 23000m: 109min 00.09sec; 24000m: 114min 00.09sec; 25000m: 119min 00.09sec; 26000m: 124min 00.09sec; 27000m: 129min 00.09sec; 28000m: 134min 00.09sec; 29000m: 139min 00.09sec; 30000m: 144min 00.09sec; 31000m: 149min 00.09sec; 32000m: 154min 00.09sec; 33000m: 159min 00.09sec; 34000m: 164min 00.09sec; 35000m: 169min 00.09sec; 36000m: 174min 00.09sec; 37000m: 179min 00.09sec; 38000m: 184min 00.09sec; 39000m: 189min 00.09sec; 40000m: 194min 00.09sec; 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ROWING
Wraps to
come off
in Ely and
Tideway

WINTER OLYMPICS: HOW THE HOST NATION'S ICE HOCKEY AMBITIONS WERE ALMOST SCUTTERED BY THE POLES

Canadian dreams on thin ice

From David Miller
Calgary



Gabriel Samolej, a deputy goaltender for Poland at Bytom, almost caused the first casualty of the Games on Sunday. Canada's dream of regaining the ice hockey title, six times theirs but the last having been won as long ago as 1952, was so nearly frustrated by this fearless Pole. Eventually the Canadians won a tense match at the Saddledome 1-0, despite the fact that there were more shots than you would see over the course of 10 football matches.

Canada's opening game should have been a formality. In previous meetings with Poland, the goal aggregate had been 261 to 9. Poland had been training under their coach, Leszek Lejko, for five weeks. Dave King has been planning Canada's gold medal for five years with a full-time team. The Poles were supposed to be a soft introduction to the sterner test ahead.

Back in 1969, a group of influential Canadians established "Hockey Canada", a programme which would attempt to rebuild the national game. There was the famous Canada-Soviet Union series of 1972, followed by the Canada Cup tournament in 1976, a return to the world championship the following year and to the Olympic Games at Lake Placid. Collaboration with the Canadian Amateur Hockey Association in 1982 established the Olympic programme for 1984 and 1988. At Sarajevo, Canada lost to Sweden for the bronze medal, and in April last year, King took Team Canada to another fourth place in the world championship.

In 1986, the IOC eligibility commission had accepted, in their changing world, the rights of ice hockey teams to include professionals, but Canada's superstars — such as Wayne Gretzky, of Edmonton Oilers, not only the most famous sportsman but the best known name in Canada, his colleague, Mark Messier, and Martin Lemieux of Pittsburgh Penguins —

stayed with their millionaire club contracts. King was confined to unestablished National Hockey League players such as Randy Gregg, a defender, who walked away from a \$200,000 annual salary with the Oilers for a mere \$20,000 with Team Canada.

King and his assistant coach Guy Channon, a former NHL player, have been in a cleft stick. Many of their players are under NHL contracts and on loan. If they start to play too well, the clubs recall them. Besides Gregg, the leading NHL players are Zarek Zalewski (Penguins), and the two brilliant goalkeepers, Andy Moog (Oilers) and Sean Burke (New Jersey Devils).

Gregg first played for the Olympic squad in 1980, and he says: "I've never done anything that mattered more than playing for my country in the Olympics." Yet on Sunday the ambitions of him, Moog and the rest almost foundered as the plots took a wrong turn.

With Canada fresh from warm-up

matches in Saskatoon, where they beat the Soviet Union and tied with Sweden, a near full house crowd at the Saddledome was full of expectation. Sherven almost scored in the first 15 seconds. But Canada's domination of much of the three periods, and their shot tally of 29 to 17, proved unavailing. They scrambled to their victory, and in a rousing last 20 minutes were lucky not to concede a point as Poland attacked with verve.

The goal came after only four minutes. Samolej made his one mistake of the match. He blocked a loose puck behind his goal, but instead of it being picked up by a defender, Sherven pounced to slip it to Habschied and the puck was in the net. Canada were lucky to survive two two-minute penalties in the first period.

At the start of the second period they hit a post after only 10 seconds, but Poland continued to play a patient, waiting game. After five minutes of the third period Sherven, who plays professionally with Cologne, broke away through the

middle to crash the puck against the cross-bar, and Canada played out the remaining time under some anxiety.

Today Canada meet Switzerland, who on Sunday night unexpectedly defeated Finland 2-1. Channon said after the match: "We're not disappointed with the way we played and I think it's important that we stayed calm and maintained our style even though we had such a small margin."

Not the least significant aspect of a visit to the Saddledome with a crowd of 20,000 is the marvellous cleanliness of the operation. This magnificent new stadium has refreshment bars every 25 yards, yet the floors remain spotlessly clean and litter-free. During each period when the crowd has returned to their seats, cleaners are instantly at work of disposing of any litter. To buy a hamburger or a beer is little different from being in your own living room: something of a new experience for those accustomed to the grime of the British sports scene.

Jansen fall casts a pall over US team

From John Hennessey

Tragedy struck the American team on the first day of the Olympic speed-skating events. Dan Jansen, the winner of the world sprint championship two weeks ago, offered a few last words of advice on the telephone to a sister dying of leukemia.

By the evening she had gone and what happened in the 500 metres race, which he had dedicated to her memory, was so out of character that we were left to assume that he was emotionally overwhelmed.

Ordinarily a strong, dependable skater, he first caused a false start and then lost his edge at the first corner, clattered into the protective barrier, and swept his unfortunate Japanese opponent, Yasushi Kuriwara, away with him.

The tragedy and subsequent accident seemed to cast a pall over the whole American team. Nick Thomey, the holder of the world record and, like Jansen, clearly a prime candidate for the gold medal, was so out of sorts that he finished only eighth, with the other Americans languishing well down the list.

Yet, and as all this was, it would be ungenerous to regard Jansen as a lucky winner. He has a proven pedigree and topped a full length of a second off Thomey's record to win in 36.45sec.

He charged to the 100 metres mark in 5.7sec in the frenetic way speed skaters have at the start of a race, and gobbled up the remaining 400 metres in 26.6sec. Mey's average speed was 49.3 k.p.h., propelling him the fastest human being in the world on the flat without outside assistance.

In the superb covered arena of the Olympic Oval — a first in Olympic history — records fall like miniature meteors. Jansen's time was no fewer than 27 men surpassed the best previous Olympic time and only a handful of national records survived.

China's aim

China's skaters and skiers, relative novices at the Winter Olympics, have just two ambitions in Calgary — to stay on their feet and to not finish last. "We've improved a lot in some events and believe we can finish around the middle in most of our contests," Wang Yanyan, general secretary of the Chinese Skating and Skiing Association, said. "We were pretty weak in winter sports in the past."

China have made two appearances at the Winter Olympics.



Down and out: Tragedy strikes the American speed skating team as Dan Jansen, their world sprint champion, goes sprawling in the 500 metres race

Profile of a figure skater thoroughly at peace with himself

Cool Orser ready to fulfil the yearnings of a nation

From John Hennessey

Canada have left no snowflakes unturned in preparing Brian Orser, their figure-skating world champion, for his Olympic ordeal. He has a team of experts, the expression of the "perfect skater" of eight people attending to his every want and whim here in Calgary.

In addition to his trainer, Doug Leigh, he has a choreographer and compulsory-figures consultant, in common with many other skaters, but these have been supplemented by a physiotherapist, a nutrition adviser, a sports psychologist, a personal Press attaché and a financial consultant.

He presents such an agreeable face in an interview that one is reluctant to recall an unfortunate precedent one Olympiad ago.

Rosalyn Summers, of the United States, went to Sarajevo as world champion, as Orser does now, surrounded by experts on this, that and the other, but the strategy failed. She was beaten into second place by Katarina Witt, of East Germany.

The same thing clearly could happen here, and there are some who claim to see the twinkle behind the skater's eyes, but the strategy failed. She was beaten into second place by Katarina Witt, of East Germany.

Orser seems a man thoroughly at peace with himself, apparently ready to fulfil the yearnings of a nation, a sentiment amplified many times here

since the emotional opening ceremony on Saturday. Orser, like so many others here, was not at his best in his own national championship, which, he says, exerts a unique form of pressure, but with that exception he has been "in the zone" since he got a thousand pounds off my shoulder. I've made fantastic progress in training since then."

He briefly acknowledged the threat presented by Alexander Fadeyev, of the Soviet Union, but thereafter seemed to fall into the common feeling here of regarding the Olympic competition as a straight battle between himself and Brian Boitano, winner of the world championship for the United States in 1986.

Fadeyev, hidden away from the limelight in some distant

retreat, may benefit from this concentration on all things North American. But he will have to recover the form that took him to the title in 1985 and he checked him over since.

Orser and his army of advisers have been meticulous in their preparation. He has attended "simulations" — mock championships with stand-in judges, cameramen, photographers and off-stage effects to create the atmosphere of true competition. Recently they have gone to the extent of simulating a first practice session, with other Canadian skaters on the ice to represent the opposition.

As a result, he said, his first practice here in Calgary was "terrific".

He felt that he would not suffer exceptional pressure here in front of his compatriots, rather the reverse. He reminded us that he "rose to the occasion" at the world championship in Ottawa in 1984 to finish second to the Olympic champion, Scott Hamilton. "I've been so looking forward to Calgary ever since."

With the retirement of Hamilton in 1984 the world title has been won in turn by the three leading contenders here, successively Fadeyev, Boitano and Orser. Before last year the Canadian champion had finished second on four successive World and Olympic occasions and acquired the unenviable reputation of being a "choker".

RESULTS FROM CALGARY

ICE HOCKEY

POOL A (Soviet Union, Canada, 1, Poland 0; Sweden 15, Finland 2; Switzerland 2, Finland 1).

SKI JUMPING

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Zurbriggen and Bell produce race of their lives

From David Miller, Calgary



Pirmin Zurbriggen yesterday joined the legendary Franz Klammer as winner of a gruelling, memorable Olympic downhill. Before yesterday, Zurbriggen had almost everything that skiing could provide, not to say a personal fortune. The Olympic gold medal seals his reputation as one of, if not the greatest of all-time skiers.

Scare on bob run for British No. 1

From Chris Moore, Calgary

A track worker on the Olympic bobsleigh run in Calgary came close to being killed yesterday in a bizarre incident involving Tom De La Hunty, the British two-man champion.

De La Hunty was emerging from the 360° Kneisel into the eleventh bend on his second training run when he saw the worker still in the track ahead of him.

"He would have been dead, and I probably would be too if I had hit him," De La Hunty, a physical training instructor in the RAF, said.

"He just managed to get out of the way in time though his foot was still overhanging the wall as I went past him. Nothing like that has ever happened to me before and I've never felt so frightened in all my life. My heart was pounding all the way down the rest of the run."

of that 75° slope at the top of Mount Allan, had not come within 1.5sec of Mueller's 2min 0.14sec.

Yet Zurbriggen, the mostly silent and expressionless boy from the mountain village of Sams-Almagell in the next valley from Zermatt, produced the performance of a lifetime to beat Mueller by just over 0.5sec. He threw his skis in the air at the finish and cast his eyes heavenwards.

And there was to follow a wonderful run from Martin Bell to take eighth position, the best performance in the Olympic Games by a Briton and a personal best placing for him in a major downhill event. No wonder he punched the air in joy for almost a minute. There was no doubt now who was the genuine hero of the British team at these Winter Games.

After Sunday's postponement, the conditions were still imperfect. As the racers assembled at the start before-hand there was a blustery

snow fall, but the wind yesterday had dropped from 100kph to 7kph. Up at the top it was -7°C but barely freezing down at the bottom where a 20,000 crowd were pacing in expectation.

Since breakfast time they had laboured along the Kananaskis Valley in a fleet of yellow school buses from where they were obliged to park their cars 20 miles distant on the Trans-Canada Highway. It was worth the effort, even if, sadly for local enthusiasts, the Canadians had a poor day. "Boy oh Boy" proclaimed a placard at the bottom, but this was not the Canadian favourite's day.

Mueller, face tense, pale blue eyes staring down the mountainside and excluding every thought in the world beyond the next two minutes, attacked the course fearfully. There are few demands in sport, physically and mentally, such as the coordination required on a downhill course such as this and Mueller was its master yesterday.

His turns were tight and controlled, his head and shoulders crouched always forward, never a sense of hesitation as his body moulded into one curve after another. When he turned to see his time at the finish, only fractionally slower than that with which he had led the fifth training run, he looked confident.

Pie, of France, was next and over four seconds slower, Mahrer, of Switzerland three seconds behind. Mair (Italy) and Stenmark (Canada) both lost control early on and were out of the race. Heizer, Boyd and Girardelli could make no impact. Stock, of Austria, the winner in 1980, the twelfth man down, was nearest to Mueller but not close.

Now came Zurbriggen. His line was perfect his poise without tremor, his concentration absolute. With the interval time for the critical top section flashed on the electronic screen he was already ahead and the battle was over. Mueller was second and Picard, of France, had taken the bronze.

More Games news, page 43



Ready for action: Peter Shilton training yesterday for England's match tomorrow against Israel. Stuart Jones, page 42

St Helens and Hull best served by draw.

By Keith Macklin

The perversities of the draw last night ensured that yet another of the favourites must disappear when the quarter-finals of the Silk Cut Rugby League Challenge Cup take place during the weekend after next. Wigan and Widnes were drawn together at Central Park and, with one of them sure to bow out of the competition, the huddling confidence of the St Helens coach, Alex Murphy, seems even more justified.

Murphy is convinced that this will be the year for St Helens after last season's near miss against Halifax in the Wembley final and while he would have preferred a home tie in the quarter-finals Murphy is confident that his team side can dispose of the challenge of Salford at The Willows.

Halifax, the holders, travel to face Hull Kingston Rovers, who had a fright against Featherstone Rovers on Sunday. Two or three seasons ago this would have seemed an almost insurmountable hurdle for Halifax, but Rovers are struggling on and off the field.

Quarter-final draw

Salford v St Helens
Hull Kingston Rovers v Halifax
Wigan v Widnes
Hull v Featherstone
(To be played on February 27 or February 28)

and the holders must feel that they have a reasonable chance of breaking through to the semi-finals.

Hull, the other Humber-side club, received the tie the every-body wanted with a home game against the sole-surviving second division club, Doncaster. For the second consecutive round both Hull clubs have home ties, with the problem of split gates, but this will not worry the coaches and management at Craven Park and The Boulevard, who know that home advantage is a priceless asset at this stage.

There is no doubt that the Wigan v Widnes tie is another of the pairings that could have filled Wembley, with Wigan showing spectacular form in demolishing Leeds on Sunday, and Widnes leading the first division by eight points. Both clubs have Wembley traditions and are capable of taking between 20,000 and 30,000 supporters to the final, and Rugby League officials must have wrung their hands at the prospect of another Wembley filler falling by the wayside.

While Wigan proved against Leeds that they can produce brilliant attacking performances even without the injured Bell, Gill and Lydon, and particularly without the disciplined Hanley, Widnes have yet to convince their followers that they are the right material for championship and cup winning. They will obviously miss the Australian international, Dale Shearer, who has been in outstanding form, and was the key figure as Widnes struggled to an unconvincing victory against lowly Keighley on Sunday.

Nevertheless, Widnes always rise to the occasion at home.

Moseley face holders in quarter-final repeat

By David Hands, Rugby Correspondent

Bath, the holders of the John Player Special Cup, were drawn yesterday to play Moseley in the quarter-finals of this year's competition, just as they were last year. This time, however, it is Moseley who will have home advantage on February 27, allied to memories of the 12-3 defeat a year ago which, in other circumstances, could have been a win.

Metcalf, Moseley's captain and full back then, could only shake his head afterwards at his own failure to convert half a dozen penalty chances into points, but the Moseley forwards were outstanding in the Bath mud and it is in the pack that their main strength still lies. Neutrals can only hope that the ugly side of the game, which was apparent both in the cup match last year and in the league meeting between the clubs in September, will be banished at the third time of asking.

John Burgess, president of the Rugby Football Union, who made the draw, did Plymouth Albion a favour by giving them a home tie with Wasps. "We're delighted," Wally Foster, the Plymouth secretary, said. His club is the only non-first division side

left in the competition and the opportunity to impress London clubs - who pay such infrequent visits to Devon - is not to be sneezed at.

Wasps, to be fair, played at Beacon Park last Easter on a very hard playing surface, which Don Walls, their president, does not expect to be repeated. Nor can they be accused of not visiting far-flung parts of the country.

Quarter-final draw

Moseley v Bath
Sale v Bristol
Plymouth Albion v Wasps
Harlequins v Waterloo
(To be played on February 27)

their first entry into the cup was at Aspin and they were in Gloucester last weekend.

Plymouth, of the third division, have already disposed of two second division clubs, Northampton and Saracens, on their way to the quarter-finals, which they have never reached before. Wasps are optimistic that O'Leary, their Plymouth-born England B lock, will have recovered from a broken bone in the hand in time to justify selection.

The other two matches bring Waterloo to the Stoop Memorial ground to play

Harlequins, while Bristol travel to Sale. Harlequins and Waterloo are due to meet on March 12 in a first division fixture anyway and consideration is being given to making the cup game count for league points too, just as Gloucester and Wasps agreed for last Saturday's game.

Waterloo will almost certainly still be without Syddall, their captain, whose sending-off at Coventry earlier this month is due to come before the Lancashire disciplinary committee on February 25. Harlequins, for their part, will hope that Crumb, their stand-off half, will be available after injury forced him to withdraw from Scotland's side to play Wales at the weekend. He is having treatment this week for knee and ankle ligament damage sustained at Berry Hill and there is some optimism that he may have recovered in time.

Bristol will be hoping that the fates grant them a cup final in their centenary season and, so far, the draw has helped them avoid the favoured cup teams. Sale's morale will have been lifted by getting this far at the expense of London Irish and Coventry and they will have home advantage.

Chelsea dismiss Walley

By Dennis Signy

Ernie Walley, No. 2 to John Hollins since June 1985, yesterday became a casualty of Chelsea's depressing season when the board of directors reacted to a run of 15 League games without a win by dismissing his services.

Hollins, the manager, is understood not to be in agreement with the decision to dismiss Walley and is awaiting the announcement of the successor the board might have in mind before finalizing his thoughts on his own

future. While Ken Bates, the chairman, has backed Hollins through thick and thin in the face of calls for his dismissal, these past two seasons, the feeling now is that Chelsea need the support of a respected and experienced coach who can remotivate the players and help restore the club's much-maligned image. The decision to dismiss Walley is understood to have been taken by Bates and his colleagues after Saturday's 2-1 defeat by Manchester United.

Chelsea's first loss at Stamford Bridge since last April.

"Chelsea has by mutual consent dispensed with the services of first-team coach Ernie Walley. A new appointment will be announced shortly. The board would like to thank Mr Walley for his efforts during his employment and wish him every success for the future," a club statement read.

With Bates out of the country for three weeks on business and Walley unavailable, Hollins still declined to comment on the dismissal of the Caernarvon-born coach who brought a significant image to Stamford Bridge.

There have been renewed calls for Hollins's dismissal from the crowd this season and relationships between the club and the media are at a low level. While Hollins, whose contract ends this year, has always insisted he would not resign, he might feel the decision to dismiss a coach he appointed and have a appointee made by the board tests his principles.

The Hollins-Walley era has at times been turbulent, but Bates has always withstood pressure and has backed his manager and coach against dissenting players and provided the cash for newcomers. Hollins has spent £2.8 million on players such as Hazard, Durie, McNaught, Wegerle, Wicks, Clarke, Freston, Dorigo and the two Wilsons, Clive and Kevin; he has recouped £1.7 million on 18 sales, including Speedie to Coventry City for £750,000 and Spackman to Liverpool for £400,000.

Walley, aged 54, was a wing half with Tottenham Hotspur and Middlesbrough in the 1950s but was restricted to only 13 League games. He was on the coaching staff at Crystal Palace and was briefly the manager following the departure of Terry Venables to Queen's Park Rangers and the arrival of Malcolm Allison. He was unemployed when Hollins took him to Stamford Bridge. Walley's brother Tom is a coach at Watford.

Steve Walsh, the Leicester City central defender, is to have tests to sort out the cause of cramp in his calf muscles and a loss of feeling in his foot.

Graham Turner, the Wolverhampton Wanderers manager, has had talks with Steve Bull, the League's leading marksman with 35 goals this season, in the hopes of persuading him to stay at Molineux.

Mansell is back on the fast track

Jerez (Reuters) - Nigel Mansell, of Britain, returned to the motor-racing track on Monday for the first time since he crashed last October during practice for the Japanese Grand Prix, and immediately set the fastest time in the Williams team test session.

"I think it is 108 days since I was in a Formula One car and I feel reasonably OK," Mansell said. "I have just a few aches and pains. I have worked very hard on my fitness in Austria and at home on the Isle of Man and by the

first race in Rio de Janeiro at Easter I hope to be fitter than ever before."

Mansell's absence from the Japanese race cost him any chance of the world drivers' crown.

The first race of the 1988 season is in Rio on April 3.

SPORT IN BRIEF

Morgan contract

Ian Doyle, the Scottish businessman who manages Stephen Hendry, the teenage snooker player, yesterday added a fourth member to his stable - Darren Morgan, of Wales, the world amateur champion.

Morgan, aged 21, signed a two-year contract with a five-year option and joins Hendry, Mike Hallett, of England, and Jim Donnelly, of Scotland.

Platt appeal

Andy Platt, the St Helens forward, who was suspended for four Rugby League matches last week after being sent off against Leigh, yesterday had an appeal against the decision rejected at a special hearing in Leeds.

Venue change

The Benson and Hedges Cup cricket tie between Minor Counties and Worcestershire, which should have been played at Swindon on May 3, will now take place at Old Hill, near Birmingham.

Closing in

Featherstone Rovers are two short of equalling the club record of 11 successive Rugby League victories. The record was set in Featherstone's previous second division spell in 1979-80 when they won 11 successive matches.



Imran Khan: late arrival

Flying back

Sussex have been told by Imran Khan that he will be reporting for the new season on May 1 at the conclusion of Pakistan's tour of the West Indies. Imran will miss the first two of Sussex's Benson and Hedges Cup matches and the first Refuge Assurance League match.

Signing hopes

The Benson and Hedges Cup cricket tie between Minor Counties and Worcestershire, which should have been played at Swindon on May 3, will now take place at Old Hill, near Birmingham.

Closing in

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Not so Wise

Dennis Wise, the Wimbledon winger, will be suspended for two games, starting on February 27, after surpassing 21 disciplinary points.

Small profit

Leicestershire County Cricket Club made a profit of £403 last season. It is the nineteenth consecutive year they have shown a surplus.

Boyd may quit

Les Boyd, the Warrington captain, assistant coach and ex-Australian Rugby League international prop, is set to quit after breaking his arm for the second time this season in Saturday's Silk Cut Challenge Cup second round defeat by St Helens. Boyd, who sustained the same injury against Halifax in September said: "It looks likely I'll be out for the rest of the season and if that's the case I'll retire."

Signing hopes

Hull City, of the second division, have made a bid to sign the Republic of Ireland forward, Frank Stapleton, until the end of the season. Hull are to hold further talks with Dutch club, Ajax, about the former Arsenal and Manchester United player.

END COLUMN

The last hurrah of Butlin Games

From David Miller, Calgary

The XV Winter Olympics are in danger of being swamped by a deluge of show-biz trivia, says Antonio Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee (IOC), was yesterday taking urgent action to counter the downhill plunge.

It had rapidly become evident on the first day of competition that the Calgary organizing committee's idea of the Olympics as a winter adaptation of the ya-boo culture of the summer Olympics. The Greeks must be reeling with the shock.

The first medals ceremony for speed skating and Nordic events in Olympic Plaza became a cabaret time. Protocol went out of the window. Not for Calgary the quietly dignified and often emotional aura of the medal ceremonies which were a distinguished moment every evening in the main square in Sarajevo.

Instead, we now had a television spectacular. Local radio was yesterday morning repeatedly referring to Sunday night's ceremony, unwittingly, as "the highlight of the evening". It was like having *EastEnders* scripted into the *Trouping of the Colours*.

We had speeches from Frank King, chairman of the organizing committee, and Ralf Klein, the mayor. Klein, a former town hall reporter, basically has only one speech: a folksy acknowledgement of humanity. Only the date changes. There were then lasers, fireworks, the inevitable confetti and, weirdly, Korean dancing. The Koreans are notable for their elegance, but this was hardly their moment.

The medal winners belatedly staggered forward for their moment of honour after some 40 minutes. Meanwhile, James Worrall, a Canadian IOC member and head of protocol, stood smiling contemptuously on the sidelines. Samaranch was not amused.

Over to the Saddledome. Here, at the ice hockey, we now have music to indicate



Mrs Besse: suitable Muzak when we should cheer. We are, sadly, accustomed at home to television directors patronizingly supposing that we will not look at result tables or goal-scoring reviews unless they are childishly accompanied by background music. But this in Calgary is ridiculous.

I have nothing against Irene Besse, a nice lady who runs a music shop in town and for 15 years has provided the wall-to-wall prompting at National Hockey League matches in Calgary. In NHL razzmatazz, they like that sort of thing. She sits in the gallery at an electronic organ console and, whenever there is a "goal", a "penalty" or a spectacular "save", she provides suitable accompanying Muzak, like the pianist at old silent movies.

It is as though Canadian adults were not mature enough to know for themselves when to cheer. A television screen simultaneously invites them to "cheer" or "applaud". Doubtless they do. I'm not sure what de Coubergen would have said about character formation.

Mrs Besse says that she tries to be impartial between teams, which is kind of her, in her snatched readings of *When the Saints... Scotland The Broom*, and a selection of 500 other pop melodies.

All that is missing are the cheer-leaders. The commendable Corinthian gesture of all players from both teams lining up to shake hands at the finish has been rather swamped by the Beethovenians.

The Canadians have much to learn. At the ski jumping they were busy announcing over the public address system to an audience of thousands precisely which competitors were required for drug-testing. At many of the stadiums, allocated Press seats have been handed over to paying spectators. Beneath the surface, for all the goodwill, there is a profusion of mismanagement which the organizing committee might have avoided if they had studied a little more carefully the form at previous Games.

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